NEW

# CUTTING ED GE

INTERMEDIATE



WORKBOOK

jane comyns carr frances eales

NEW



### INTERMEDIATE

WORKBOOK

jane comyns carr frances eales



# CONTENTS

Introduction	PAGE	Module 4	PAGE
Grammar terms	4	Vocabulary: Word building	29
Using a dictionary	5	Present perfect simple	29
		Present perfect simple and Past simple	30
Module 1		Time words with the Present perfect Vocabulary: Describing life events	30 31
Making questions: Word order	6	for, since and ago and Present perfect continuou	
be, have and do in questions	7	Vocabulary booster: Describing people	33
Short answers	7	Pronunciation: /ɪ/, /iː/, /aɪ/ and /eɪ/	33
Question tags	8	Listen and read: Johnny Depp	34
Classroom questions	8	Wordspot: take	35
Vocabulary: How you spend your time	8	Improve your writing: Punctuation: commas	35
Vocabulary booster: Hobbies	9		
Vocabulary: People around you	9	Module 5	
Pronunciation: The letter 's'	10	77.0 0.01.0	
Listen and read: Ordinary heroes	10	Vocabulary: Prepositions	36
Present simple	11	Vocabulary: Nouns and adjectives	36
Spelling: The -ing form	11	will and won't	36
Present continuous	12	going to	37
Present simple or continuous	12	Present continuous for future arrangements	37
Wordspot: have and have got	13	Other ways of talking about the future	38
Improve your writing: Responding to news	13	Pronunciation: /ɒ/ and /əʊ/	38
		Vocabulary booster: Jobs	39
Module 2		Vocabulary: Work	40
77704410		Listen and read: Unusual lifestyles	40 41
Past simple	14	Future clauses with if, when, etc.  Punctuation: Apostrophes	42
Spelling: Past simple forms	14	Improve your writing: A letter of reference	42
Pronunciation: Syllable stress in Past simple form		Real life: A formal telephone call	43
Past continuous	15	Real file. A formal telephone call	43
Past simple or continuous	15	. 16	
Improve your writing: Using when, while, during and for in stories	16	Module 6	
Listen and read: I used to believe	18	Vocabulary: TV and radio	44
used to	19	-ed/-ing adjectives	44
Vocabulary booster: School/University subjects	20	Prepositions after adjectives	45
Vocabulary: Verb + noun combinations	21	Passives	46
Vocabulary: Remembering and forgetting	21	Active or passive	47
Real life and pronunciation: Short questions to		Pronunciation: Verbs often used in the passive	47
show interest	21	Vocabulary: Extreme adjectives	47
		Vocabulary booster: Entertainment	48
Modulo 2		Listen and read: Customer reviews	48
Module 3		Improve your writing: Checking for mistakes	50
Comparatives and superlatives	22		
Vocabulary booster: Geographical features	23	A STATE OF THE STA	
Different phrases for comparing	24		
Pronunciation: /δ/ and /θ/	24		
Vocabulary: Describing towns and cities	25		
Recommendations	25		
Punctuation: Capital letters	25		
Listen and read: Unusual holidays	26		172
Improve your writing: Postcards	28		

Module 7	PAGE	Module 10	AGE
Vocabulary: Going out	51	Vocabulary: Types of story	75
Vocabulary booster: Food and cooking	51	Listen and read: The world's funniest jokes	76
Polite requests	52	Pronunciation: Sentence stress	76
will for offers and instant decisions	53	Past perfect	77
will or going to	54	Past perfect or Past simple	77
Vocabulary: Social behaviour	55	Present perfect or Past perfect	77
Pronunciation: Lost letters	55	Vocabulary booster: Criminals and crimes	78
Listen and read: Culture clash	56	Vocabulary: Language of the law	78
Making generalisations	57	Reported speech	79
Wordspot: go	57	Reported questions	80
Improve your writing: Sending and replying to		Wordspot: say and tell	81
invitations by e-mail	58	Vocabulary: Adverbs for telling stories	81
Managara (B)		Improve your writing: Checking for mistakes	82
Module 8		Module 11	
Vocabulary: Technology	59	Wodule 11	2455
Defining relative clauses	59	Obligation and permission	83
Vocabulary: People, places, jobs, everyday object	s,	Short answers	84
machines and technology	61	Vocabulary: Rules	84
Vocabulary: How machines work	62	Obligation and permission in the past	84
Quantifiers	62	must and have to	85
Vocabulary: Describing everyday objects	64	Vocabulary: Expressing opinions	86
Listen and read: eBay	64	Vocabulary booster: Accidents, injuries and illnesse	s 86
Pronunciation: /ʒ/, /ʃ/, /dʒ/ and /tʃ/	66	Listen and read: Children sue parents	87
Improve your writing: Formal and informal styles	66	Improve your writing: Linking words	88
		Wordspot: do	88
Module 9		Pronunciation: Compound nouns	88
Vocabulary: Prepositions	67	Module 12	
Making predictions with will/won't	67	Module 12	100
likely to	67	could have	89
may well	67	should have	89
Different ways of making predictions	68	would have	89
Vocabulary: Society and change	69	could have / should have / would have	89
Hypothetical possibilities with if	70	Vocabulary: Collocations	90
Real and hypothetical possibilities with if	70	Imaginary situations in the past with if	91
If sentences in social situations	71	Vocabulary: Problems and solutions	92
Wordspot: make	71	Improve your writing: A letter to sort out a problem	
Listen and read: Stuck on a desert island?	72	Vocabulary booster: Love and relationships	93
Real life: Saying numbers	73	Pronunciation: Difficult words	93
Pronunciation: /ʌ/	73	Wordspot: think	93
Vocabulary booster: Money	73	Listen and read: The greatest romantic films of	
Improve your writing: Opening a bank account	74	all time?	94
, , ,		Real life: Starting and finishing conversations	95
		Answer key	96

# INTRODUCTION

#### Grammar terms









- a a countable noun <u>lies</u>
- b an uncountable noun \_\_\_\_\_
- c an adjective \_\_\_\_\_
- d a preposition \_\_\_\_\_
- e an adverb \_\_\_\_\_
- f the base form of the verb \_\_\_\_\_
- h an auxiliary verb \_\_\_\_\_
- i a modal auxiliary verb \_\_\_\_\_
- j a definite article \_\_\_\_\_
- k an indefinite article \_\_\_\_\_
- n a possessive adjective
- n a conjunction \_\_\_\_\_

I looked <u>under</u> the peas.

#### Using a dictionary

A dictionary can be very useful to find the grammar of a word. Look at these two extracts from the Longman Active Study Dictionary and complete the gaps below.

#### **Abbreviations**

adj adjective adverb adv (verb)

prep preposition pron pronoun n noun

enojoy /in'd301/10 [T] to get pleasure from something: Did you enjoy the movie? enjoy doing sth My wife really enjoys playing golf.

en•joy•ment n [U] We hope the bad weather didn't spoil your enjoyment.

enojoyoaoble /m'dzərəbəl/ adj giving you pleasure: We all had an enjoyable afternoon.

train2 /trem/ v [T] to teach someone how to do something, especially the practical skills they need to do a job: Staff are trained in how to deal with difficult customers.

**train•ee** / treini: / n [C] someone who is being trained for a job: a trainee teacher

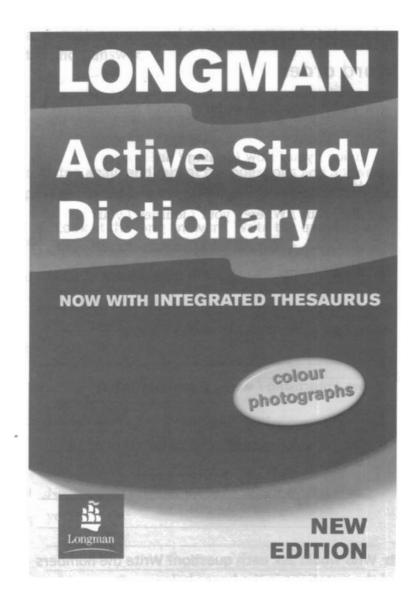
**train•er** /'tremə/ n [C] someone whose job is to train people how to do something

**train•ing** /'treinin/ n [U] when someone is taught the skills they need to do something: a training course

enjoyment is c enjoyable is \_\_\_\_\_ d train is e trainee is \_\_\_\_\_

a enjoy is <u>a verb</u>

- trainer is \_\_\_\_\_
- training is \_\_\_



Complete the sentences with the words from the dictionary extracts in exercise 2.

a	where ald Jenny _	train	to be a ski instructor?
b	My father gets a lo	ot of	from his garden.
C	I really	spending	g time on my own.
d	How much footbal	1	do you do every
	day?		1
е	The course was red	ally	. I recommend it.
f	Patricia's only a _	-	chef, but her cooking
	is fantastic!		
9	Our	wants us to	finish our project this

week.

# MODULE 1

	aking questions				
W	ord order	0			
1	a Put the words in order to make	questions.			
1	today / you / How / feeling / are How are you feeling today?		7		the / Did / antibiotics / you
2	did / start / Where / your / journey	/ / you ?	8	suitcase / y	ou / this / yourself / Did / pack
3	need / carrier bag / a / you / Do	,	9	served / is	/ time / What / breakfast
4	a / got / the / Has / balcony / room	n .	10	number / I	Have / the / got / six / you / to / answer
5	we / practising / were / yesterday /	What	11	anything /	Are / in / you / for / particular / looking
6	the / education / are / plans / gove What / for	ernment's / 🐇	12	about / did What / say	/ the / Finance Minister / tax cuts /
	Who would ask each question? Writh the questions in the boxes below.		ournalist	to a	3 a customs official to
		No. 3			C.P.
4	a shop assistant to a customer	5 1 add	octor to o	a patient	6 a guest to a hotel receptionist
1					

### be, have and do in questions b Listen to the questions and answers. Notice that the auxiliaries do/does, has/have, is/ar

_	oirlf	riend Complete	hi	iend Pietro about his new s questions with the do.				
STEFA	NO:	What (a) 's		_ your girlfriend's name?				
PIETR		Masako.						
			at	a Japanese name?				
		Yes, that's right						
STEFA	NO:	Which part of I	apo	an (c) she come				
		from?	1	,,				
PIETRO	0:	Osaka.						
STEFA	NO:	Uh-huh so (c	d) _	you speak				
	v	Japanese?	_	7				
PIETRO	o:	No. 'Hello' and	ʻth	ank you', but that's it!				
STEFA	NO:	Oh, right. (e) she doing that						
				n you last month?				
PIETRO	o:	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		much better than mine.				
				you meet her, then?				
				he lives near me.				
STEFA		_		she got her own flat				
		here?						
PIETRO	):	Well, it's her pa	ren	ts' flat.				
		_	n. (h) they living here, too?					
PIETRO		Some of the time, yes.						
Sho	ort			y bnagawer -				
5111	011	. 411544615	H.C	A bushsman				
3	a M	atch the question	ns	and short answers.				
J								
1	9	Do you like our	ne	w teacher?				
2		Have you got th	ie t	ime?				
3		Is it cold outside	e to	day?				
4		Did you have a	a good holiday?					
5		Was there a lot morning?	of	traffic on the roads this				
6		Are your neighb	oou	rs nice?				
7		Were you at the	fo	otball match on Saturday?				
8	sbn:	Has your brothe	er g	ot a girlfriend?				
9	- 19-8	Does it take lon	g to	o do this exercise?				
10		Was the film go	od?	?				
a Ye	s, th	ey are.	f	No, it isn't.				
		hasn't.	9	Yes, I do.				
	s, I d		h	No, it doesn't.				
	s, I v	was. wasn't.	i i	Yes, there was. No, I haven't.				
- 141	-,		,					

	/du/
	də/
1	Do you like our new teacher? Yes, I do.
	CDS VI
L	isten again and repeat the questions and ans
y	ing attention to the strong and weak sounds.
	Look at the long anguage White the question
	Look at the long answers. Write the question then the short answer for each one.
	No, I'm not married.
-	Are you married
	No, I'm not
	Yes, I live with my family.
1.2	7 3
	No, we don't live in an apartment.
	to, we don't live in an apartinent
	No, we didn't live in the same place when I was young.
	No, we didn't live in the same place when I was
7	
-	No, my grandparents aren't alive.
]	No, my grandparents aren't alive.
1	No, my grandparents aren't alive.
1	young.
1	No, my grandparents aren't alive.
1	No, my grandparents aren't alive.
1	No, my grandparents aren't alive.
1	No, my grandparents aren't alive.
]	No, my grandparents aren't alive.



#### Question tags

He's got her phone number, hasn't he?

+
It isn't very warm today, is it?

Notice:

1 You take sugar in your coffee, don't you?
no auxiliary auxiliary do

2 I'm really early, aren't I?

a Complete the sentences with a question tag.

1 TWO FRIENDS ARE SHOPPING.



	Oak the sold to does ign't it	2		
a	Ooh, it's cold today, isn't it	(		
b	That coat costs a lot,	?		
	They've got some nice clothes he			_
d	These jeans are too short,		?	
9	and the second s			
2	MRS HALLIDAY IS TALKING TO LIESE TO STAY FOR SIX MONTHS AND HEL	P WITH	THE CH	
2	TO STAY FOR SIX MONTHS AND HEI	P WITH	THE CH	
2	TO STAY FOR SIX MONTHS AND HEI You're from Amsterdam,	P WITH	THE CH	
)	TO STAY FOR SIX MONTHS AND HEI You're from Amsterdam, You speak French,	P WITH	THE CH	10L
0	TO STAY FOR SIX MONTHS AND HEI You're from Amsterdam,	P WITH	THE CH	10L
	TO STAY FOR SIX MONTHS AND HEI You're from Amsterdam, You speak French,	P WITH	THE CH	10L

Ooh, it's cold today,

isn't it?

#### Classroom questions as a

6	ed) alw analysup an endemod bruthing
a	How to pronounce 'b-u-s-i-n-e-s-s'?
	How do you pronounce 'b-u-s-i-n-e-s-s'
0	Can you writing 'customer' on the board, please?
2	What's English word for this?
ì	Which page we are on?
	Have anybody got a spare pen?
	Can you say again that, please?
	What are tonight's homework?
ĺ	How you spell 'journey'?
	What means 'colleague'?

#### Vocabulary How you spend your time

7	Complete the sentences with the correct preposition. In one sentence, no preposition is cessary.
	I've never been interested in football.
	My flatmate spends a lot of time the Internet.
С	My parents don't have much time relaxing and doing nothing.
d	My sister and her friends spend too much time chatting the phone.
е	I really love hanging out my friends at the weekend.
f	My colleagues spend a lot of time texting their friends at work.
0	My brother's quite good cooking.

h My grandmother doesn't know anything

computer games.

Ooh, it's cold today, ...

### Vocabulary booster

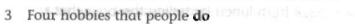
#### Hobbies

a Find the following things in the word square.

(The words go across or down.)

1	Three things that people collect
	antiques , a , c
2	Three things that people make

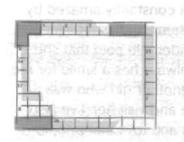
c berevos of participation of mattereve



c\_\_\_\_, g\_\_\_\_, p\_\_\_\_, s\_\_\_\_\_

4 Four hobbies with go





В	M	C	R	0	5	S	W	0	R	D	S
A	N	T	1	Q	U	E	5)	P	A	Α	L
U	S	P	G	Α	R	D	Е	N	1	N	G
T	S	W	М	N	F	Q	С	٧	1	С	G
0	F	াল	S	эH	HI.	N	G	В	T	1	P
G	R	Α	C	М	N	K	C	0	1	N	S
R	Z	G	L	R	G	W	Ε	T	K	G	A
Α	Н	М	0	D	E	L)	S	Ε	M	Q	1
P	н	0	T	0	G	R	Α	Р	Н	Υ	L
Н	В	С	Н	X	u	U	D	L	М	Α	1
5	D	1	Ε	W	Е	L	وبا	E	R	Υ	N
A	W	Р	S	Р	0	R	T	T	E	S	G









b	Complete the sentences with the correct form of collect, make, a	lo
or	go.	

- 1 My brother <u>goes</u> fishing every weekend, but he never catches anything!
- 2 Don't disturb your mother she's a crossword.
- 3 Christina \_\_\_\_\_ all her own clothes, and she always looks fantastic.
- 4 Do you want to \_\_\_\_\_ dancing tonight? There's a salsa evening at the community centre.
- 5 My uncle says he \_\_\_\_\_ antiques because it's a good way of investing money.
- 6 My friend Will's \_\_\_\_\_ a beautiful model of an old sailing boat at the moment.
- 7 Kim's really fit and healthy because she and a lot of sport every week.
- 8 I've decided to \_\_\_\_\_ famous chefs' autographs I've got two, so far!

## Vocabulary People around you

O Unjumble the letters to find ten people from the box on page 10 of the Students' Book.

1	cenie	n iece
2	reptan	P Govern
3	tvealrie	ods smme g mo
		S
5	inoscu	cdi b. en totbre
6	qacanenuciat	a end-teaup-in
7	saslecmat	C Jan Harris
8	goulelace	Character
9	pomstether	s <u>Cardida a S</u>
0	buniaoher	n

#### Pronunciation The letter 's'

The letter 's' can be pronounced /s/, /z/ or /ɪz/ in:

plural forms of nouns, e.g. flatmates, neighbours,

Isl

marriages /1Z/

Present simple, third person singular, e.g. she smokes, he learns, 181

> it increases 117/

Listen to the nouns and verbs in the box (or say them aloud) and complete the table below.

wants	nieces	spells
practises	parents	hopes
uses	classmates	pronounces
colleagues	works	spends
entertains	relatives	
acquaintand	ces	

/s/	/z/	/IZ/
wants		

#### Listen and read Ordinary heroes

a A TV station is doing some research for a programme about ordinary people who are considered 'heroes' by people around them. Listen to and/or read the e-mails and answer the questions.

Whose hero is
---------------

- 1 a stranger? \_
- 2 a relative?
- 3 a colleague? \_\_\_

My 'hero' at the moment is Ricky; we work together. I was thinking of leaving the place where I work because of our horrible new boss. He's always in a bad mood and he never has a good word to say to anyone. He also picks on young female members of staff: there's a girl called Kimberley who's terrified of him. Or a least she was. When Ricky joined us, everything changed. First he covered for me when I was late back from lunch by telling the boss that I was downstairs in the photocopying room. Then a couple of days later the boss was standing at Kimberley's desk, shouting at her, telling her she was lazy and would have to stay late to finish her work ... anyway, Ricky marched straight up to him and told him he was a pathetic coward for talking to his staff like that. Well, the boss was stunned to silence - he just walked off without saying another word and he's left us alone since then.

IN THE COLUMN THROUGH THE THROUGH

Charlotte, Bristol

I'm writing to tell you about my niece, Mary. She's only seven and she's in hospital at the moment. She was in a bad car accident two weeks ago and she broke both her legs. She's had one operation and now she's waiting for another, then she'll have to be in a wheelchair for quite a while. Anyway, I am constantly amazed by this little girl's courage: she never cries when she has an injection, and very rarely complains about the considerable pain that she must be in. When I go in to visit her she always has a smile for me, and last time I went she was comforting another girl who was upset because her parents couldn't come and visit her. I've also noticed that she shares all the chocolates and toys that people have given her with the other children in her ward. I don't know how many adults would be as generous as that! Dan, Newcastle

0

I'm hoping that by writing to you, I might be able to get in touch with my 'hero' again. I don't know him - I don't even know his name - but what he did was unbelievably kind and honest. I went shopping at my local supermarket last Friday, and I met an old friend at the checkout desk. We chatted for a while, then I loaded up the car and came home. It was only then that I realised I'd lost my purse: I thought maybe I'd dropped it in the car park. I started to panic when I also remembered that I had quite a lot of money in it. Then someone knocked at the door and it was a complete stranger, holding out my purse! He said he was in the queue behind me at the supermarket checkout and that's where he found my purse. He got my address from my driving licence. I was so grateful, but I didn't know what to say. Anyway, he just walked off, and I haven't been able to thank him properly.

Annette, Leeds

Listen and/or read again and answer the	<b>©</b>
questions.	The koala is an Australian mammal. It
Who	(a) thick fur and round ears but it
is very brave?	(b) a tail, like a teddy bear. Koalas
nearly left her job?	(c) most of the day sleeping. They
nearly lost a lot of money?	(d) water, but they (e)
was terrified of her boss?	liquids from eating eucalyptus leaves. The word
is in a lot of pain?	koala (f) from the Aborigine word
told his boss what he thought of him?	meaning 'no drink'.
is more generous than many adults?	and York half. I have at the local field of the
wants to contact his/her hero?	come get not drink have not have spend
Present simple	Spelling
1 2 a Read the three extracts. Which is from	The -ing form
o detective etc2	100
a detective story?	To make the -ing form, we usually add -ing to the baseform of the verb: sleeping, reading, studying.
an encyclopaedia?	There are three exceptions:
an e-mail to a pen friend?	One-syllable verbs with consonant + vowel +
Complete the extracts with the Present simple	consonant (e.g. put): double the final consonant:
orm of the verbs in the box under each extract.	putting. (We do not double x, y or w: boxing,
A	<ul> <li>buying, knowing.)</li> <li>Verbs which end in -e: lose the -e: make – making.</li> </ul>
1 Message DIFF	Two-syllable verbs which are stressed on the
Sony Bonne From O & 1 0 Primer 15-	second syllable (e.g. forget, begin): double the
Mo (a) live in Linhon My parents (b)	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An
We (a) live in Lisbon. My parents (b)a	
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents ? And	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a readreading b pay
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents? And	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a readreading
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents ? And what about the weather in England? (f) it really	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a read
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents ? And what about the weather in England? (f) it really all the time?	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a readreading b pay c write
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents ? And what about the weather in England? (f) it really all the time?	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a read
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents ? And what about the weather in England? (f) it really all the time?	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a readreading b pay c write d see e begin f fax
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents ? And what about the weather in England? (f) it really all the time?	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a read
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents? And what about the weather in England? (f) it really all the time?	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a read
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents ? And what about the weather in England? (f) it really all the time?  do. help live look own rain  So who (a) the gun to, Smith?'	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a read
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents ? And what about the weather in England? (f) it really all the time?  do help live look own rain  So who (a) the gun to, Smith?'  'Well, Inspector, we (b) that only three people in the village (c) a gun, but we	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a read
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents ? And what about the weather in England? (f) it really all the time?  do. help _live look own rain  'So who (a) the gun to, Smith?' 'Well, Inspector, we (b) that only three people in the village (c) a gun, but we (d) which of them had a motive for killing	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a read
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents ? And what about the weather in England? (f) it really all the time?  do help live look own rain  'So who (a) the gun to, Smith?' 'Well, Inspector, we (b) that only three people in the village (c) a gun, but we (d) which of them had a motive for killing the Professor. Let's go back to the scene of the crime — I	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a read
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents ? And what about the weather in England? (f) it really all the time?  do help _live look own rain  'So who (a) the gun to, Smith?' 'Well, Inspector, we (b) that only three people in the village (c) a gun, but we (d) which of them had a motive for killing the Professor. Let's go back to the scene of the crime — I (e) to try an experiment. (f)	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  1 3 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a readreading b pay c write d see e begin f fax g hope h plan i jog j open k copy l answer m hurry
furniture shop, and I (c) them in the shop at weekends. Please write back and tell me about you and your family. What (d) you like? (Can you send a photo?) What (e) your parents ? And what about the weather in England? (f) it really all the time?  do help live look own rain  So who (a) the gun to, Smith?' 'Well, Inspector, we (b) that only three people in the village (c) a gun, but we (d) which of them had a motive for killing the Professor. Let's go back to the scene of the crime — I	final consonant: forgetting, beginning. (An exception to this is travelling.)  13 Write the -ing form of the verbs.  a read

#### Present continuous

he and his wife (b)

famous Savoy Hotel. Today he (c) \_\_

1 4 Complete the sentences with the Present continuous form of the verbs in the boxes.

breath clean die eat get (x2) have not do not get not set spend stay suffer talk use visit watch

'This is Sandra Wise with the news headlines: the President (a) is visiting the UK this week:

a meeting with the British Prime Minister, and later

\_\_\_ at London's

in th	e week'	
' lo	ater on Ten News tonight: wh	y we as a nation
	fat: a nutr	No. of the latest the second s
	our children (e)	
	food and (f)	
	cise, and as parents we (g) _	
good	example: we (h)	more time
	ever in the car or in front of	
( 0)	nd finally, (i)you	r health
	use of indoor pollution? (j) _	
occu	in dangerous chem	
at ha		
	ome watching this programm	
	rt by the Clean Air Society, th	
probl	lem for millions of people. The	he president of the
socie	ty even claims that people (k	()
becar	use of the air they breathe in	their own homes.'
-		
KRIS:	Hi, Robin, it's Kris. (l)	you
	the news on T	
ROBIN:	No, actually I (m)	the
	kitchen! I (n)	
	Sammy's party tomorrow.	- All Marie
KRIS:	(o) you	
	with chemicals in it?	
ROBIN:	Well, yes, I suppose. Kris, w	vhat (p)
	you about?	
KRIS:	Oh, it's just that there was	an item about
	indoor pollution, and	



#### Present simple or continuous

15 Mike, a salesman, is talking to his doctor about his stress problems. Complete the conversation with the Present simple or continuous of the verbs in brackets.

DOCTOR:	How can I help you, Mr Dani	els?
MIKE:	Well, I started having bad hed	adaches a
	couple of weeks ago and they	
100 000	(a) 're getting (get) wo	orse. I can't
REFE	sleep properly, I'm tired all th	e time, and the
	worst thing is my hair (b)	BEST STABLES OF
	(go) grey and I'm only 31!	
DOCTOR:	I see. Let me ask you some qu	estions.
	(c) (you sm	oke)?
MIKE:	No, I gave up a month ago.	
DOCTOR:	Right. I see you're a salesman	. How many
	hours a week (d)	(you
	work)?	
MIKE:	Well, I normally (e)	(do)
	eight hours a day, but at the i	moment I
	(f) (work) a	t least ten
	hours and some Saturdays.	
DOCTOR:	That is a lot. How (g)	(you
	relax)?	
MIKE:	Well, I usually (h)	(sit) in
	front of the TV with a pizza ar	nd a few beers.
DOCTOR:	Hmm. (i) (y	ou do) any
	exercise at the moment?	
MIKE:	Not really, but I'm losing a lot	
		low) why.
DOCTOR:	I think you (k)	(suffer)
	from stress. I (l)	(want) you
	to eat a more varied diet and	
	exercise. Come back and see r	ne in four

weeks and I'll check you again.

#### Wordspot

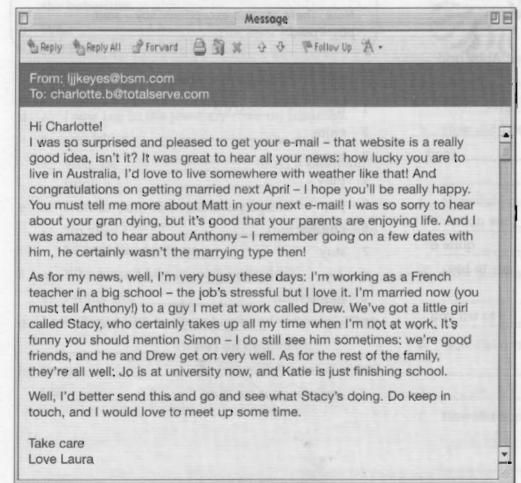
#### have and have got

16 Complete the sentences with a phrase from the box and the correct form of have.

	break cold drink	a walk a shower	blue eyes a bad back breakfast a sense of humour
a	It's so hot! L	et's stop in thi	s café and have a cold drink .
b	All the peop	ole in my famil	ly and black hair.
c	Can we stop	and	soon? I'm getting tired.
d	You need to wrong!	010	in this job – things are always going
e	Marc's just_		– he'll be down in a few minutes.
f		at you always e housework?	when I need you to
9	I think I'll _		before dinner – I need some fresh air.
h	I like toall the pape		in a café on Sunday mornings, and read

#### Improve your writing Responding to news

1 7 a Read Laura's reply to Charlotte's e-mail on page 14 of the Students' Book. What does she write about first; her own news or her response to Charlotte's news?



e-	Write the phrases from the mail that Laura uses to respond the following.
1	getting Charlotte's e-mail
1	
	1 was so surprised and pleased
	to get your e-mail.
2	hearing Charlotte's news
3	the news that Charlotte lives in
9	Australia
4	the news about Charlotte's wedding
5	the news about Charlotte's gran's death
6	the news about Anthony
7	Charlotte's question about Simon
c th	Write a phrase to respond to e following things.
1	Your friend sent you some photos of her new baby.
2	Your friend's new house has a swimming pool.
3	Your friend passed his driving test.
4	Your friend's brother lost his job and you were shocked.

# MODULE 2

#### Past simple

Complete the dialogues with the Past simple form of the verbs in the box.

cook	forget	get (x2)	go	happen
hear	introduce	rain	ring	stay
not see	not tell	not want		



A:	Oh sorry, I (a)dia	dn't see	you there.
	(b) you	in front of	_ the bell?
в:	No, I (c)	to dis	sturb you.
A:	(d) you _	Short V	out last night?
в:	No, actually we (e) _	WIP SHIPS	in and Gary
	(f)	a fantastic	meal.
A:	(g) you _ Rob's disastrous holid	day?	about Abby and
B:	No, what (h)	PROPERTY 7	
A:	Well, the weather wa	s terrible –	it (i)
	every day, and they b	ooth (j)	food
	poisoning from the h	otel food!	
A:	Why (k)	you	me about
	Marc's engagement?	I (l)	quite a
	shock when he (m) _		me to his
	fiancée.		
в:	Oh, I'm so sorry. I (n)	The state of the s	to tell you.

## Spelling Past simple forms

2 a Look again at the rules for spelling the -ing form on page 11 of the Workbook. The rules are the same for spelling the Past simple form (ending in -ed not -ing). Complete the table.

		-ing form	Past simple
1	stop	stopping	stopped
2	train	all to	tor
3	plan	stress problems	Postplets the
4	look	II UK PRESENCES	de la contamion
5	fax	TOWN THE PERSON NAMED IN	
6	phone	and help was hir l	mieni
7	offer	Market Halvish tell	Beatle tre o
8	travel	ut weeks ago non	
9	allow	peliting to	seems Count
10	change		one throughout and a

Verbs ending in consonant + y, change y to i and add -ed: cry - cried.

Verbs ending in a vowel + y, don't change the y: pray – prayed.

Note: There are two exceptions: say – said, pay – paid.

b Write the past form of these verbs.

1	try	tried
2	enjoy	
3	hurry	
4	play	os Bair suls
5	pay	
6	employ	
7	stay	
8	dry	Sier ward may
9	apply	
10	say	

She's nice, isn't she?

#### Pronunciation Syllable stress in Past simple forms

3 a How many syllables do these -ed forms have?

Mark the stressed syllables • and the unstressed syllables o.

1	2 happened	8	changed
2	stopped	9	practised
3	travelled	10	opened
4	looked	11	improved
5	reminded	12	received
6	visited	13	repeated
7	phoned	14	answered

b Listen to the verbs in phrases and repeat

#### Past continuous

them.

Complete the sentences with the Present

4	continuous fo	rm of the verbs in brackets.
a	I'm sorry I'm lo the babysitter.	ite, I <u>was waiting</u> (wait) for
	Who just now?	(you talk) to on the phor
С	Sorry, I you explain the	(not concentrate) – car at again, please?
d	A: I saw Lee in	the jewellery store on Saturday.
	B: Oh! What _	(he do)?
	A: Well, he ring!	(buy) a diamond
e	A: How do you	work this thing again?
	B: No idea! I _ he explaine	d it to us. (not listen) when
f	A: Why wasn't	Mia at work yesterday?
	B: I think she	(move) house.
9	I saw Renée wit	h her new boyfriend yesterday: They
	d is the and	(have) an argument.
h	Sorry,	(we make) a lot of noise
	W	(must) um some chaluse

#### Past simple or continuous

Choose a phrase from each box to make a complete answer for the questions below.



I was peeling some onions and

She was travelling home from work and she

We were sunbathing at the weekend and we

They were staying in Florida when

He was walking in the rain and he

He was playing football and he

got very wet. stayed out too long. the knife slipped. left it on the bus. fell over. there was a terrible storm.



a	How did you cut your finger?	
	I was peeling some onions and the knife slipped.	

How did you all get so sunburnt?	

How did a tree fall	on the Simpson's car?
7 tare	( On so, bow!
A Secret Secret Property	s of front o shirt, and the p

C	5 0	erbs in brackets.
A:	II	phoned you last night at 8.00 but you didn't
	ar	nswer. What (a) were you doing (you do)?
B:	1 (	b) (work) on my computer and
	Ι (	c) (not hear) the phone ring.
A:	G	ood Morning. ICI. May I help you?
3:	He	ello, yes. I (d) (talk) to the
	Fin	nancial Director a minute ago and the line
		(go) dead.
1:	Ol	n, I'm sorry, Madam. I'll reconnect you.
۱:	W	hen did you meet your husband?
:		hen I (f) (be) in Canada four
		ars ago.
١:		ere you on holiday?
:		o, I (g) (train) to be a ski
		structor, but I (h) (break) my
		g. I (i) (spend) eight weeks in
		spital and he was my doctor!
/	a	bout accidents.  Penny told me you / have / accident yesterday.
		What / happen? (1) Penny told me you had an accident
		yesterday. What happened?
	B:	400000
		We / drive / home and another car / stop /
		We / drive / home and another car / stop / suddenly and we / crash / into the back of it.
		We / drive / home and another car / stop /
	A:	We / drive / home and another car / stop / suddenly and we / crash / into the back of it.  (2)  Be / the other car all right?
	A:	We / drive / home and another car / stop / suddenly and we / crash / into the back of it.  (2)  Be / the other car all right?  (3)
	A: B:	We / drive / home and another car / stop / suddenly and we / crash / into the back of it.  (2)  Be / the other car all right?  (3)  Yes, luckily we / not go / very fast.
		We / drive / home and another car / stop / suddenly and we / crash / into the back of it.  (2)  Be / the other car all right?  (3)
	в:	We / drive / home and another car / stop / suddenly and we / crash / into the back of it.  (2)  Be / the other car all right?  (3)  Yes, luckily we / not go / very fast.
	в:	We / drive / home and another car / stop / suddenly and we / crash / into the back of it.  (2)  Be / the other car all right?  (3)  Yes, luckily we / not go / very fast.  (4)
	в:	We / drive / home and another car / stop / suddenly and we / crash / into the back of it.  (2)  Be / the other car all right?  (3)  Yes, luckily we / not go / very fast.  (4)  What / you / do to your hand?
	в:	We / drive / home and another car / stop / suddenly and we / crash / into the back of it.  (2)  Be / the other car all right?  (3)  Yes, luckily we / not go / very fast.  (4)  What / you / do to your hand?  (1)
	B: A: B:	We / drive / home and another car / stop / suddenly and we / crash / into the back of it.  (2)  Be / the other car all right?  (3)  Yes, luckily we / not go / very fast.  (4)  What / you / do to your hand?  (1)  I / burn / it.
	B: A: B:	We / drive / home and another car / stop / suddenly and we / crash / into the back of it.  (2)  Be / the other car all right?  (3)  Yes, luckily we / not go / very fast.  (4)  What / you / do to your hand?  (1)  I / burn / it.  (2)
3	B: A: B:	We / drive / home and another car / stop / suddenly and we / crash / into the back of it.  (2)  Be / the other car all right?  (3)  Yes, luckily we / not go / very fast.  (4)  What / you / do to your hand?  (1)  I / burn / it.  (2)  Oh no, how?

# Improve your writing Using when, while, during and for in stories

When we talk about actions or situations that take place at the same time, we can use when or while.

- Maggie hurt her leg when/while she was jogging.
- I was talking to Penny when/while you were playing tennis.

If we are talking about a single event at a particular time, we can only use when.

· Jane was sixteen when she first met David.

Look at these examples using during and for:

- I'm staying with my cousin during the holidays.
   (= part of the holidays)
- I'm staying with my cousin for the holidays.
   (= the whole of the holidays)

Note: We use during/for with nouns.

8 a Below is part of a letter Jenny wrote to her brother, describing her terrible week. Complete the letter with when, while, during or for.

and then on Thursday, I took a new client
out to lunch at that French restaurant in the
centre of town What a disaster! Everything was
fine at first - we got a nice table, but
(1) when they started playing music, we
found we were next to the speakers. We
changed tables and ordered our meal. We waited
(2) half an hour before the waiter
brought the wine, and then (3) he
was pouring it he spilt it all over my
client's suit.
She said, 'Don't worry', but I could see she
was very angry, so (4) we were
having the first course, the atmosphere was quite
tense. Then (5) we were waiting for
the main course, the couple on the next table
started having a loud argument!
The worst thing was (6) the bill
came, I realised I'd left my credit cared at
home. I felt really embarrassed and in the end
she had to pay And that wasn't all - I said
goodbye to her and went to the car park and
found that someone had stolen my car radio
(7) the meal.

b Use the pictures and prompts to write the story. Use the Past simple and continuous and when, while, during or for. Also remember to use and and so to join parts of a sentence.

Alan is talking about his weekend. On Saturday he went to his friend Kyra's party. Another friend, Guy, offered to take him to the party in his car.



Pictures 1 and 2: I / get dressed / Guy / phone - say / he / be / ill - I / decide / go by train (1) I was getting dressed when Guy phoned and said he was ill, so I decided to go by train.

Picture 3: Unfortunately / I / talk to Guy on phone / cat / walk over my shirt - I / have to /

iron another one	e test
(2)	5.1
Picture 4: I / walk / station start / snowing – I / ge (3)	
Picture 5: I / have to / wait / half an hour on the frozen	
(4)	
Picture 6: I / fall asleep / journey – miss / station (5)	
Picture 7: I / get off / next station – decide / walk	/ Kyra's house – I / walk / half an hour / I /
Picture 8: I / not have / my mobile – I / look for /	phone box / call / taxi
Picture 9: I / arrive / Kyra's house / it / be / nearly	

c T2.2 Listen to the recording and compare the story with your version.

### Listen and read I used to believe

Parents Listen to and/or read these extracts from a website where people write in about their childhood beliefs. Which stories are shown in the pictures below?









b Match the stories to the topics below.

3	time
	language
	animals
	transport
	countries
	politics
_	drink
	food
	teachers

kitchen appliances

#### I used to believe

- 1 'I used to believe that countries really had their names written across them and that when you reached a border there would be red dotted lines on the ground.'
- 2 'I used to think that the trails that aeroplanes leave across the sky are created by the pilots leaning out of the windows holding a piece of chalk, so they know where they've been. That's what I was told, anyway.'
- 3 'I used to have problems when I was trying to learn how to read a real clock. My theory was that if an hour is longer than a minute, then the long hand was the hour and the short hand was for minutes. I was always late coming home ... or really early.'
- 4 'I remember I used to be very scared of swallowing seeds when I was small. Once when I swallowed a lemon pip, I refused to open my mouth in the morning because I thought that the branches of the lemon tree that had grown in the night would come out.'
- When I was about six or seven years old I used to believe that a little penguin lived in my refrigerator and his job was to turn the interior light on and off. I used to sit and open the fridge repeatedly, trying to catch him doing it.'
- 6 'For some reason, I used to think that there was a big red button in the middle of the President's desk, and if he pressed it the whole world would explode. I also thought that it wasn't very well guarded, and I always worried that he would accidentally lean on it.'
- 7 'One time when I was about to pour a drink from a bottle of diet coke, my sister said "You know, diet coke turns you into a skeleton if you're not fat." I was terrified. Unfortunately for me, her lie worked and I didn't drink any diet drinks until I was in my teens.'
- 8 'When I was a child, I couldn't understand how a radio made in Japan could play songs in Spanish and English. If they are made in Japan, they should just be able to play Japanese songs.'
- 'During my first few years at school I kept hearing that "teachers have eyes in the back of their heads" so I thought that when someone became a teacher, they had to have an operation to get an extra set of eyes! I also wondered why a lot of lady teachers had long hair. What's the point of having eyes in the back of your head if you keep covering them up?'
- 10 'I used to believe (and still do actually!) that animals could watch TV and understand what they were seeing. I had a rabbit that just sat near the screen, staring at it while the show was on, but would look away or do something else when the ads came on. Now my two dogs act in the same way they sit with me and watch TV, but then start to yawn and stretch during the ads except dog food commercials, of course!

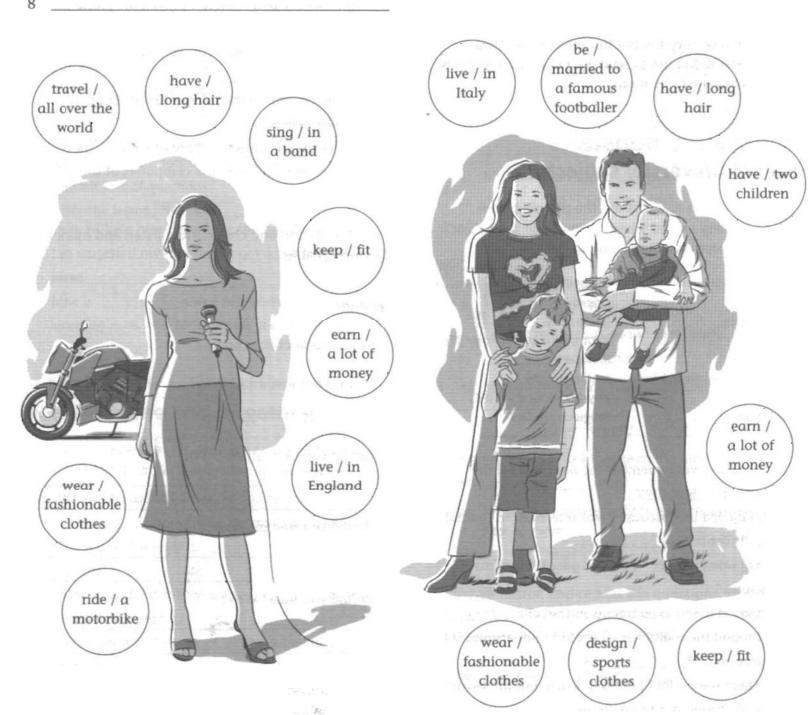
#### used to

10 a Look at the pictures and notes about Virginia's life ten years ago and now. Write eight sentences about how her life has changed, using used to and didn't use to.

	F-(3) (3) (4)			
and a second second			100	
	 1-1-			
	93139	-		5
*				

b Now write eight sentences using still and not ... any more I any longer.

She	doesn't live in England any more.
	i prati fore things god of base) bases god o
	even produce information of all the con-
	iffice serial cost the
	case to the extraction of weathwested at the letters.



1	1	Cross out any unnecessary words in the
1	ı	sentences below. Where necessary, replace
the	ma	in verb with the auxiliary do.

- a I used to have long hair but I don't have long hair any more.
- b My friends and I didn't use to go to the gym every week, but now we go to the gym every week.
- c My boyfriend used to be a terrible cook, but he isn't a terrible cook any more.
- d There used to be a lot of traffic in my city, and there still is a lot of traffic.
- e I didn't use to know how to send text messages, but now I know how to send text messages.
- f My younger brother used to be shorter than me, but now he isn't shorter than me.
- g I didn't use to like spiders and I still don't like spiders!
- h My family didn't use to go overseas for our holidays, but now we go overseas for our holidays.
- i I used to be very shy but I'm not shy any longer.
- j My sister didn't use to send a lot of e-mails, but now she sends a lot of e-mails.

#### Vocabulary booster School/University subjects

12 a Which subjects are the people below talking about? Write the name of the subject next to the appropriate comment.

biology

drama

geography

information technology (IT)

		media studies physical education (PE) religious studies
1	'I could never remen authors.' <u>literature</u>	nber the names of all the
2	'I enjoyed this becau and plants.'	se I was interested in animals
3	'My worst subject – I wrong.'	always got all my sums
4	'I loved doing experi	ments in the lab.'
5	'I found them difficu grammar.'	lt – I couldn't understand the
6	There were a lot of a really brought it to li	dates to learn, but the teacher

7	'I found it interesting to see how biased the
	different newspapers are.'
8	'I liked finding places in the atlas, but I was no
	good at remembering the names of the capital
	cities,
9	'One of my favourite subjects – I loved dressing up and learning lines.'
10	
11	'I wasn't very good at it but I found painting really
	relaxing and liked experimenting with
	different colours.'
12	It was a difficult subject, but very interesting to
	find out how the mind works.'
13	'This was my best subject. I played the piano and
	sang in the school choir,'
14	'I found it boring and I still do: just ask my bank
	manager!'
15	'I think it's important to learn about different
*	people's beliefs.'
16	'A very useful subject to study at school, especially
	when most people will use computers at some
	point in their lives.'
	T2.4 Listen and check. Then listen and mark the ressed syllable.
lite	erature
_	Which subject at school
C	Which subject at school
1	is/was your favourite? Why?
2	do/did you find difficult? Why?
	With the second second second second
3	do/did you find interesting? Why?
4	do/did you hate? Why?

art

chemistry

economics

history

#### Vocabulary Verb + noun combinations

improve

reduce

da

ask

organise

6 Do you family?

13 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in the box. The verb + noun combinations are from pages 20 and 21 of the Students' Book.

invent

take (x2)

lose

make (x2)

a	I didn'tmake many notes during the lesson.
b	Doing exercise is a good way to stress.
С	I hope I don't my memory as quickly
	as you did, grandad!
d	I've tried to get Tilly to an interest in
	sport, but she says it's boring.
e	Why don't you try to your ideas before
	you start writing the essay - then it'll be easier.
f	Come on Ali, you're not an effort – I'm
	sure you know the answer.
9	Max decided to his memory by
	repeating things lots of times and by
	himself lots of questions.
h	After the lesson, Narinder a funny
	story to help him remember the new English words.
i	I'm surprised my dad hasn't got a better memory: he
	loves puzzles.
Í	Jake is more responsibility for his
	learning now, and his progress is excellent.
V	ocabulary
	HONE 가입니다 (14.0 m) 이 이 아니라 (17.0 m)
K	emembering and forgetting
1	a Complete the questions with remember,
1	remind, forget, recognise, learn or lose.
1	When you argue with a friend, do you
	<u>forget</u> about it quickly and stay friends?
2	Do you find it easy to people's
	names?
3	
	use a computer?
4	When did you last someone's
	birthday?
5	Is it easy to your handwriting?

\_ people of anyone in your

8 9 110 Rec	he Ho W	an you your first day at school?  ave you ever had to a poem by eart?  ow often do you your keys?  hat sort of things do people have to
8 9 110 Rec	he Ho W	ove you ever had to a poem by eart?  ow often do you your keys?  hat sort of things do people have to
gues Re Sho	Ho	ow often do you your keys? hat sort of things do people have to
Reshort	W	hat sort of things do people have to
Reshort		
Reshiration 1	yo	u to do?
Reshiration 1		u to do?
1 ! 1		Listen and check. Then answer the ons about yourself.
1 1 2	al	life and pronunciation
1	or	t questions to show interest
2	5	a Complete the questions with the correct auxiliary verb.
	A:	My cousin lives next door to Brad Pitt.
	в:	_Does he? Wow!
	A:	My grandfather's learning Italian.
3	в:	he?
	A:	We don't have to go to school this week.
	в:	we? Great!
4	A:	My dad wasn't in a very good mood last night.
	B:	he? I wonder why?
5	A:	My parents want to meet you.
	в:	they? Oh!
6	A:	Our neighbours have got a cow in their garden
	в:	they? How strange!
7	A:	I didn't really understand that lesson.
	B:	you? It was easy!
8	A:	My best friend and her family are moving to Canada.
	В;	they? When?
9	A:	We lost all our luggage at the airport.
	в:	Oh no! you?
0	A:	My little sister was only two when she learnt how to swim.
	B:	she?
hat the p		

#### Comparatives and superlatives

Correct the mistakes.

- Nowadays flying is sometimes more cheap than going by train. cheaper
- The easyest way to book your holiday is on the Internet.
- c I'd like to hire a car I know it's more expensive the train or bus, but it's more convenient.
- d The worse thing about camping is all the insects that you find in your tent!
- e Phuket was our more popular destination last year, so you need to book early.
- f We went to London last August, and it was hoter than I expected.
- g I think we should go to Indonesia in March - that's when you get best deals.
- h Most places are busy during the school holidays than at other times of the year.
- i We always go to the same place - I want to go somewhere more far away this year.
- It says in the brochure that New Zealand has the cleanest beaches of the world.

 a Sean wants to celebrate his birthday at a nightclub. He's got information from three clubs in the city. Complete the conversation with the comparative or superlative form of the adjectives in the box.

crowded expensive far friendly central cheap successful quiet

SEAN:	I think All Nite Long l	ooks good: my fi	riends haven't got much
	money and it's (1)	the cheapest	_ of the three places. It's
			in take 250 people, and it's
	(3)	_ so people cou	ild get there easily.
MEERA:			music than All Nite
	Long - they haven't	got real bands th	nere.
JUSTIN:	Actually, I think you	should go to Lia	m's Place: I know it's
	(5)	_ away than th	ne other two, but because it's
	small, it's got a (6) _	OLIVE AND A	_ atmosphere: the big clubs
TO THE	are too impersonal. A	dso, it's much (7	)
	people want to talk.		
MEERA:	Well, Paradiso isn't n	oisy at all. I kno	w it's (8)
	nightclub in town, bu	it for €10 you ca	n get live music and a great
	atmosphere.		
IUSTIN:	But you know it's mu	ch (9)	than Liam's Place:

you often can't get a table.

Well, that's because it's (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_ club in the north-MEERA: west at the moment - everyone wants to go there.

Hold on! It's my birthday, remember, and I want ...

DJ Max plays your

€7 entrance Maximum 250 people IN THE CITY CENTRE

favourite rock & pop

Paradiso Dance to Gitanos' €10 entrance Maximum 150 people ss: no jeans please

10 minutes from the centre

LIAM'S PLACE Smokey Joe's Jazz Band €8.50 entrance Maximum 75 people Dress: jacket and tie Only 15 minutes from the city train station LIAM'S PLACE

> b 13.1 Listen to some phrases from the conversation and repeat them.

# 3 Look at the information from a review of digital cameras and circle the correct alternative in each sentence.



And her it.	F104	Coolshot	Quikpix
size	8cm x 6cm x 2cm	10cm x 7cm x 2cm	12cm x 9cm x 2cm
weight	85g	90g	95g
appearance	9/10	3/10	7/10
reliability	3/10	10/10	9/10
picture quality	5/10	9/10	10/10
easy to use	8/10	10/10	10/10
value for money	2/10	5/10	10/10
popularity rating	*	**	***

- a The Coolshot is much heavier slightly heavier than the F104.
- b The Coolshot is the second most popular / the most popular in the range.
- c The F104 is far better looking / slightly better looking than the Coolshot.
- d The F104 is the most reliable / the least reliable of the three.
- e The Quikpix is the easiest / one of the easiest digital cameras to use.
- f The Coolshot is a little bit lighter / a lot lighter than the Quikpix.
- g The Quikpix is slightly bigger / a lot bigger than the F104.
- h The Quikpix has got much better / slightly better picture quality than the F104.
- i The Coolshot is a lot more reliable / a little more reliable than the Quikpix.
- The Quikpix is the second best / by far the best value for money on the market.

#### Vocabulary booster Geographical features

A a Answer the questions.

1	a river, a canal, a stream
	Which is the narrowest?
	Which is man-made?
2	a canyon, a valley, a cliff
	Which can you see in the picture?
	A Description
	ASSESSED OF THE RESIDENCE OF THE RESIDEN
	Which is deeper: a canyon or a valley?
3	a sea, an ocean
	Which is bigger?Which can be inland?
. 1	
4	a mountain, a hill, a volcano
	Which has got a hole in the top? Which is smaller: a mountain or a hill?
5	a waterfall, a spring
	Which can you see in the picture?
	The standard of the standard o
	The state of the s
	W. W
	Which way does the water come from a spring:
	up or down?
6	a field, a meadow, a desert
	Which has got flowers and grass in it, but not for
	cows and sheep to eat? Which is made of sand?
7	0
1	an island, a reef Which is under the sea?
0	and the second of the second o
8	Which can you see in the picture?
	which can you see in the picture.
	the fact of the fa
9	a harbour, a bay
- 1	Which is an area of deep water where ships are
	safe? Proper less all arms all
10	a lake, a lagoon
	Which has got sea water in it?

b T3.2 Listen and practise the pronunciation of the words.

# Different phrases for comparing

5 Complete the sentences comparing the UK and Australia with the words in the box.

as (x2) completely different from less more similar slightly the to

	K and Australia: e same or different?
а	The climate in Australia is different <u>from</u> the climate in the UK.
b	Australian coins look similar British coins.
С	
	different from the wild animals that you find in England.
d	Supermarkets in Australia are exactly the same supermarkets in the UK.
е	The cost of living in Sydney is very to the cost of living in London.
f	Houses in the British countryside look very from houses in the Australian countryside.
g	Australian TV programmes are or the same as British TV programmes.
h	Australian road signs are different from road signs in the UK.
i	Daily life in Australia is about same

6 Look at the following sentences and make one complete sentence, using the word in bold.

- a A meal in the Four Seasons restaurant costs €15. A meal in the Pizza Parlour costs €11. less A meal in the Pizza Parlour costs less than a meal in the Four Seasons restaurant.
- b The Manor Hotel is €50 a night. The Park Hotel is €75. expensive
  The Manor Hotel isn't
- C Savewell supermarket has 2,000 customers a day.
  Pricerite supermarket has 1,500. more
  Savewell supermarket

There are five trains an hour in the morning. fewe
There are
The furniture in my sister's flat is more or less the same as Tim's. similar
The furniture in my sister's flat
The Guggenheim Museum in Bilbao is made mostly of metal. The Guggenheim Museum in New York looks like a concrete multi-storey car park. differen
The Guggenheim Museum in New York
Phil's flat has four rooms and a balcony. My flat's opposite his, and it's got four rooms and a balcony, too. same
My flat's

d. There are three trains an hour in the afternoon.

#### Pronunciation

/ð/ and /0/

Table Listen to the words in the box (or say them aloud) and complete the table.

the north than this theatre there both fourth further south through that thing third other weather

/ð/	/θ/
the	north
	4Ph S S S
	A STATE OF THE STA
	Control of the Contro

- b Listen and repeat the sentences.
- 1 The theatre's just over there.
- 2 That was my fourth visit to the city.
- 3 It's further south than that.
- 4 This is the third time we've been here.
- 5 We both came here the other day.
- 6 The best thing about this country is the weather.

#### Vocabulary Describing towns and cities

- Use the clues to complete the grid. All the words can be found in Vocabulary and writing on page 31 of the Students' Book.
- a quiet and calm
- important in history
- connected with industry
- d makes you think about love or adventure
- e full of people, buildings, etc.
- f impressive and dramatic to 1 a beach without stones look at
- g not modern
  - dangerously dirty (to describe air and water)
  - the opposite of quiet
  - the opposite of dull and uninteresting
  - k liked by lots of people

*		a P	E	A	C	E	F	u	L			
	b		100		0		1					
	c	100	e : :		S							
			d		M		1.					
			e		0	1	E-4.					
				f	P						198	
8	10.0	er r	ber t	1	0	L	16-					
		h			L							
			1		I							
	1	1	N.	12	T		05	0				
k			y By	190	A	d. Ra	e la constant	i-m				
		-	1	43	N	53						

#### Recommendations

- Rearrange the words to make recommendations.
- a I'd / for / Personally, / a / stay / week Personally, I'd stay for a week.
- are / crowded / The / far / northern / too / beaches
- definitely / the / You / try / seafood / should
- its / for / wine / It's / famous / festival
- the / I / recommend / campsite / wouldn't
- really / cathedral / worth / The / seeing / is
- wouldn't / taxis / I / use / Personally, / the

#### Punctuation Capital letters

We use a capital letter for:

- · people's initials and names, their marital status and job title: Ms F. Green, Personnel Manager.
- the names or initials of companies: International Chemicals, IBM.
- the names of places: New Zealand, Park Road.
- languages, nationalities and religions: Tom speaks Chinese, a Greek statue, Sue's a Buddhist.
- · days, months, and public holidays: Christmas Day is on Wednesday the 25th of December.
- the most important words in titles of books, magazines, films, etc.: Empire of the Sun.
- Find and correct any mistakes in the sentences.
- a I'm meeting professor Allinton on Tuesday Afternoon, aren't I?
- Do you know any good japanese restaurants? Our Managing director, Mr Hashimoto, is coming over next week.
- Twenty thousand leagues under the sea was written by jules verne.
- d What are you doing at easter?
- We went on holiday to turkey and stayed for a few days in istanbul.
- Who directed sleepless in seattle?
- jack's birthday's on february 22nd - that's next wednesday.

## Unusual holidays

1 1 a T3.5 Listen to and/or read the texts about holidays and answer the questions.

- In which holiday do you stay ...
   a underground? The Legendary Ghan Opal Safari
  - b under the water? \_\_\_\_\_
    c on a boat? \_\_\_\_\_
  - d in ice?
- 2 Which holidays involve diving?
- 3 Which holiday uses a lot of technology?
- 4 In which holiday can you drive two types of transport?
- b Listen and/or read again and answer these questions.
- 1 How many different types of transport are mentioned in the six holidays?
- 2 In which holiday do you travel the fastest and the furthest?
- 3 Which holidays are only at certain times in the year?
- 4 Why are the houses built underground in Coober Pedy?
- 5 What can you see from the plane on the 'Final Frontier' holiday?
- 6 Do you know your route in advance on the 'Storm Chasing' holiday?
- 7 How can you relax on the 'Lapland Adventure Weekend'?
- 8 Can you stay at the Jules' Undersea Lodge for more than one night?
- 9 Do you need to be able to dive to go on the 'White Shark Heaven' holiday?

### The Legendary Ghan Opal Safari

This is an extraordinary five-day journey from Adelaide on the south coast to Alice Springs, with an overnight tour to Coober Pedy, where seventy percent of the world's opals are mined. The Ghan is one of Australia's most luxurious trains: you will be travelling across a hostile landscape of desert, salt lakes, mountains and hot springs, but in true comfort whether you travel first class or not. At Coober Pedy, the temperatures are so extreme (up to 50°C during the day and 0°C at night) that all the houses are built underground as well as the mines. You stay at the Desert Cave Hotel, where the rooms have been cut out of the rock.

Tours are throughout the year and cost \$890.

#### The Final Frontier: 3,400 Kph

Journey to the edge of space in a Russian Foxbat jetfighter.

Travel at more than twice the speed of sound, to over 24,000 metres above the Earth. Join those few free spirits that have already experienced this journey to the edge of space. At about thirty-two kilometres above the ground, the curve of the Earth comes dramatically into view.

In the cockpit of a Russian MiG–25 military fighter plane you're aboard the fastest combat aircraft in the world.

Limited dates.

Contact us direct for details and cost.



### unusualholidays.com

#### Storm Chasing

Witness spectacular explosive thunderstorms, lightning and tornadoes. Come with us as we follow the storm and get as close as we can, to give you the most exciting experience. Our vans are equipped with the latest storm chasing technology, like our Weather Radar System, In-Motion Satellite Tracking System, and Lightning Display System that shows storms and lightning up to 500 kilometres away. We travel as far as necessary to see the tornadoes: the chase could take you anywhere in Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas or Eastern Colorado.

Dates between May and July.
Ten days for \$1,700.

#### Lapland Adventure Weekend

Head up to the frozen north and experience the thrill of a husky sledging expedition. Drive your own team of huskies and stay overnight in a wooden lodge, where you can relax and enjoy a traditional sauna. Also stay in the famous ice hotel, drive a snowmobile, and with



luck see the famous northern lights (aurora borealis), a wonderful natural display of green, red and purple lights in the sky. This is a really unforgettable and unique short break.

Three nights for \$2,500.

January to April.

#### Luxury Under Water

Jules' Undersea Lodge in Key Largo, Florida was originally built as La Chalupa mobile undersea laboratory, the largest and most technically advanced in the world. The Lodge has been completely remodelled to provide guests with luxury living space for up to six people. The interior has two living chambers, with bedrooms and dining and entertainment facilities. Earn an Aquanaut certificate while enjoying unlimited diving for certified divers, a gourmet dinner prepared by a 'mer-chef', and a gourmet breakfast. If desired, quests may spend several days underwater without surfacing.

All year round. \$295 per night.

#### White Shark Heaven, Mexico

The world's ultimate shark dive and fishing adventure is closer than you think.

For divers, non-divers and tuna fishermen, discover Isla Guadalupe, one of the world's most exciting new Great White dive sites.

Your cage dive and world-class tuna fishing expedition takes you on a five-day live-aboard adventure to the newly discovered and beautiful Isla Guadalupe site off the coast of Mexico. You will have the opportunity to dive by day with Great White Sharks and fish for huge tuna in the hunting grounds of Great Whites and Mako sharks.

Five-Day Live-Aboard Expeditions: October to November for \$2,250.

#### Improve your writing **Postcards**

When writing postcards, we often leave out a lot of words to save space:

- · We're having a great time ...
- The food is wonderful ...

a Read the postcard from New York and decide where the words in the box should go. What types of words are usually left out?

The there We're We'll The

b Read the postcard from Rome and circle the words which can be left out.



Dear Pete and Sarah,

having a great time here in the Big Apple. Weather brilliant – hot and sunny. Spent most of today shopping - fantastic department stores here: credit card's not looking too healthyl Hoping to do some sightseeing tomorrow - Fifth Avenue, Times Square, etc. Nightlife also incredible ... nobody seems to go to bed!

Back in a couple of weeks, love Sue and Joe



Mr and Mrs Hall, 3 Park Grove, Leicester,

England.

XXXX

Dear Sam and Julie,

We arrived here a couple of days ago - the hotel is small but. comfortable, but the food is not great. We're going on a tour of the whole city tomorrow, then we're planning to try some typical pasta dishes for dinner. We hope your family are all well, we'll see you in September.

Love Mark and Tim



sam and Julie Foster, School Cottage, Broadwood Gloucester, England.

c imagine that you are on holiday. Write a postcard to an English-speaking friend.

	767 C. 427 C.
	E1 31 01
	- Laurence
	1. 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
F	
	4
	अस्टिक्ट स्थानकारीहरीहरी
	In the second second second second

# MODULE 4

#### Vocabulary Word building

Complete the sentences by changing the word in capitals to the correct form. The words all come from Reading on pages 36 and 37 of the Students' Book.

a	How manypolitical parties are there in your country? POLITICS
b	My sister has a very strong – she always says what she thinks. PERSON
С	You must be! How did you know I was going to say that? TELEPATHY
d	Can we pay, please? SEPARATE
e	Did you know that you have exactly the same expressions as your mother? FACE
f	You're going to Paris this weekend, too? What a! COINCIDE
9	Some people pay prices for designer clothes. BELIEVE
h	There are some between the two paintings, but I don't think it's the same artist. SIMILAR
i	After all the discussion, the council still hasn't come to aabout the building work. CONCLUDE
j	My grandmother was a woman: she brought up six children by herself. REMARK
k	I had quite a strict: my parents had quite old-fashioned ideas about how children should behave. BRING

#### Present perfect simple

2 a Circle the irregular verbs in the 'snake' and write the past participles below. The last letter of one verb is the first letter of the next.

(3	eal	69
non		
36		
Dre		

outearingeles de la contra dela contra de la contra del la contra de la contra de la contra del la contra del la contra de la contra del la contra del la contra de la contra de la contra de la contra del la co

1	broken	7	13
2	known	8	14
3		9	15
4		10	16
5		11	17
6		12	18

b Complete the gaps with the correct Present perfect form of the verbs in part a.

1	A.	fou ve got a for of books.
		Have you read them all
	B:	No! A lot of them are books
		from
		when I was at school.
	A:	Oh – I
		out all my old books from
		school.
2	A:	Oh, no! This is the first time
		I this
		T-shirt and I
		it already.
	B:	
		only a small hole; no one
92		will see it.
3	A:	Mum! Ben
		his head on the corner of the
	n.	table! He's crying! Jonathan! How many times
	в.	TAKEN STORY
		I
		you not to play in here? OK, don't worry, I'm sure he
		hamasi any
4		bones! Sorry, I can't pick you up
4	Α.	from the train station. I
		the
		car to Alex.
		Are you sure that was a
		good idea? She
		never an
- 1		automatic before!
5		Look - I
		your photo on our website.
		That's great! How long
		you
A 1958		how to build websites?
6	A:	Who
		all the biscuits that were in
	D.	this tin? I don't know, Mum.
		Hmm, and someone
	A.	
		Coke, too.
		Maybe it was a burglar!
	D.	may be it was a burgian

#### Present perfect simple and Past simple

Read this interview with Zoe, a singer in a pop group, and choose the best verb form.

I = Interviewer Z = Zoe

- i: Well, it's nearly the end of December and your single (a) was has been number 1 all month. You must be very pleased.
- z: Oh yes, of course. (b) it was / it's been an incredible year for us – we (c) already had / 've already had two number 1 songs this year and we (d) did / 've done a tour of the UK.
- 1: OK, tell us how it all (e) started / has started.
- z: We only (f) formed / have formed the group in January, and since then we (g) spent / 've spent almost every day together. At first, we only (h) played / have played other people's songs and we (i) didn't start / haven't started writing our own songs until we (j) found / 've found our manager, Brian.
- I: Uh huh ... so when (k) was / 's been your first big concert?
- z: Well, that was two months ago, and around the same time Brian (l) got / 's got us a recording contract with Sony.
- Yes, and your album (m) went / 's gone to number 3 in the charts the week it was released. So, what's next?
- z: Well, we're working on some new songs and we (n) just agreed / 've just agreed to do a US tour next summer.
- I: Great! Well, we all wish you the best of luck and thank you for coming on the programme.
- 4 Six of the sentences below are wrong. Find the mistakes and correct them.
- a Have you seen the news last night? Did you see
- b Carrie's a really close friend we knew each other for ages.
- c Hello, er ... sorry, I forgot your name.
- d Jeff's never broken a promise before.
- e Oh, that's a nice watch. How long did you have it?
- f My boss was late for work every day last month.
- g Look! It's stopped raining!
- h I see your team's in the final. Did they ever win the cup?
- i We didn't play tennis together since the summer.
- j I can't find my keys has anyone seen them?

5 a Read this extract from an article called Famous Mums and Dads and complete the gaps with the Present perfect simple or Past simple of the verbs in brackets.

It (1) was (be) my birthday	Coloredina
yesterday: I'm fourteen years old. Some	D. Carrie
people say I'm lucky but I	5 3
don't think so. Imagine, in my life I	201
(2)(go) to eight different	
schools and I (3) (never stay)	
enough to make a best friend. We (4)	
many different houses that I can't remember	
fact, last year we (5) (move) I	
t's true, there are some good things: I (6)	(meet)
some really famous people and we (7)	(have)
some great holidays – I (8)(§	
east four times, but never with mum and d	lad. When I
9) (be) young, I always (10)	(have)
a nanny, and she (11) (take)	
staying with my aunt and uncle at the mon	nent because my
dad's making a film in France and my mun	1 (12)
go) to Los Angeles."	
	Togstellun. 146

b Listen and check.

#### Time words with the Present perfect

6	Rearrange	the	words	to	make	sentences
O						

- a haven't / my / yet / homework / I / done
  I haven't done my homework yet.
- b film / I / started / the / already / has / think
- c Mariel / of / come / hospital / yet / Has / out ?
- d many / week / have / shopping / you / this / How / been / times ?
- e my / lived / all / here / I've / life
- f has / friend / got / My / just / engaged / best
- g on / ever / television / you / appeared / Have ?

7 a Match a sentence in column A with a response in column B. Then put the time words in brackets in the right place in the responses.

h Have you seen Ed this afternoon?
You look great.
Do you want some lunch?
What did you think of the DVD I lent you?
Do you know Susie?
Have you ever tried chilli prawns?
Why haven't you got any money?
Is Dina on holiday?
Yes, we've met. (already)
Well, I've had to pay a lot of bills. (this month)
No, I've been able to eat chilli. (never)
Thanks, I've come back from holiday. (just)
No thanks, I've had a sandwich. (already)
I haven't had time to watch it. (yet)
No, she's been off sick. (all week)
No, he hasn't come back from lunch. (yet)
No, he hasn't come back from lunch yet.

b T4.2 Listen and check.



# Vocabulary Describing life events

8 Complete the phrases in the article with the correct verbs.

#### From Bottom of the Class to Businesswoman of the Year

At the age of sixty, Tessa Daley, director of Newsgro	up
Publishing, has it all: she has (a) b_ecome so	
successful that she seems to be on TV or in the pape	rs
every week, and she has (b) m more more	ey
than most of us could dream of. But this is the wom	
who (c) f all her exams and (d) l	
school with no qualifications.	
'I hated school and couldn't wait to get away and (e)	r
s work. I (f) g a job at a local	
newsagent's. I loved working there because I could re	
all the magazines, but unfortunately I was asked to	, ce ca
leave two weeks later – for reading magazines and	
forgetting to serve the customers!'	
One of the customers was Simon, a good-looking	
journalist, who she (g) f in love with. The	У
(h) gengaged six weeks after the first	
meeting, then (i) g married at the end of	
that year. Tessa devoted the next sixteen years of her	
life to being a wife and (j) b up her	
children. Simon (k) c jobs a lot during the	ose
years, and the family (l) m house several	
times. The disruption had a disastrous effect on the	
marriage and they (m) s up when the old	est
child was fifteen.	
After I (n) g divorced there was a big gap	>
in my life and I didn't know what to do. My daughte	er
persuaded me to go to university to (o) d	
media studies.' Tessa worked hard and (p)	
her exams with the best grades in her	
year. 'The day I (q) g my degree was the	
proudest day of my life.'	
Tessa has just launched a new magazine and is busier	
than ever: she has no plans to retire yet!	

# for, since and ago and Present perfect continuous

Complete the sentences with the Present perfect continuous of the verbs in the box.

r	ry go phone not ead talk use	
a	You <u>'ve been reading</u> you finished it yet?	that book for ages - haven't
b		a lot recently about t I don't know if he will.
С		the same recipe for our scuits for the last fifty years,

- d Joseph \_\_\_\_\_\_ to evening classes since the summer, but he still can't say 'What's your name?' in Russian!
- e \_\_\_\_\_ Kerry \_\_\_\_\_ ? Do you know what's wrong?

  f I \_\_\_\_\_ here very long do you know
- where the stationery cupboard is?

  g Excuse me, Marcia, a reporter from Vanity Fair

  all morning could you speak to
- her now?

  h How long \_\_\_\_\_ it \_\_\_\_ ? I haven't got an umbrella with me.
- 10 Finish the sentences with the words in brackets and for, since or ago.
- a Jo's had toothache <u>for three days</u>. (three days)
  b Frankie last went to the dentist
- (six months)
  c I started going jogging \_\_\_\_\_\_. (a year)
- d Jane's been feeling sick \_\_\_\_\_\_. (last night)
- e Pete's been on a diet \_\_\_\_\_\_ . (two weeks)
- f I haven't done any exercise \_\_\_\_\_.
  (months)
- g I've been doing aerobics \_\_\_\_\_\_. (this time last year)
- h She hasn't been feeling well \_\_\_\_\_. (her operation)

- Choose the best verb form in the sentences.
- a I've been knowing / ve known Susan for about five years.
- b Mum had to take Tim to the dentist because he's been breaking / 's broken his tooth.
- c My husband's been having / 's had his mobile phone for a week and it's already broken.

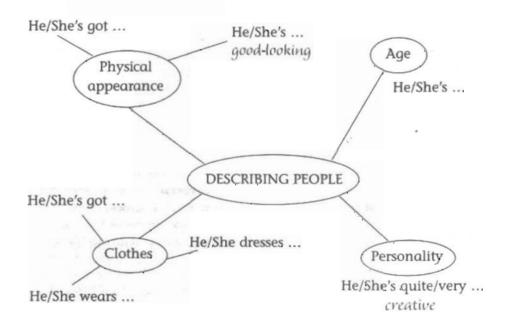


- d I hope Karen rings soon because Rick's been waiting / 's waited by the phone for hours.
- e We've been going / 've gone to the new sports centre since June. Why don't you come and try it?
- f Giuseppina's English is getting much better. She's been practising / 's practised a lot recently.
- g You look much slimmer. Have you been dieting / dieted?
- h John's boss has been deciding / has decided to have a holiday next month.
- Goodbye and thanks. We've really been enjoying /
  've really enjoyed this evening.

# Vocabulary booster Describing people

1 2 a Put the phrases from the box into the correct category.

good-looking	creative	glasses
stubborn	smartly	a lot of jewellery
stunning	over sixty	a good figure
casually	attractive	witty
a lot of style	middle-aged	in his teens
a lovely smile	good dress sense	chatty
serious	scruffily	in her late thirties
good fun	a friendly face	the same age as me
in his mid forties	a few wrinkles	in her early twenties



- b T4.3 Listen and repeat the phrases.
- c Put the phrases about age in the box in order from the youngest to the oldest.

d	Complete these sentences about yourself.
1	I'm quite
2	I dress
3	I haven't got any
4	I'm very
.5	I wear
6	I don't wear
7	I'm not very
8	I've got

#### Pronunciation

/1/, /i:/, /aɪ/ and /eɪ/

	A THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE	three sounds:	7
11/	sixty	script	
	/1/	/1/	
/i:/	me	screen	
	/i:/	/i:/	
/aɪ/	quite	signed	
	/aɪ/	/aɪ/	
/e1/	face	break	
	/eɪ/	/eɪ/	

13 a T4.4 Listen to the words in the box (or say them aloud) and complete the table.

teen recent acclaim idol highlights guitar relationship style media image blame smile witty critic feature middle-aged

122

- b T4.5 Listen to these phrases and repeat them, or say them aloud.
- 1 He's a teen idol.
- There was a lot of media attention.
- She's very witty and she's got a lovely smile.
- 4 The relationship ended suddenly.
- 5 She's got a lot of style.
- 6 They're both middle-aged.
- 7 His first feature film won critical acclaim
- 8 In his recent work he has a different image.

#### Listen and read Johnny Depp

a 14.6 Listen to and/or read the biography of film star Johnny Depp and put the following life events in order. He became a teen idol. He directed a film. He got married for the second time. He had a job selling pens over the phone. He met an actor who persuaded him to try acting. He played a part in a horror film. He played the guitar in a band. He was voted one of the 'beautiful people'.

Rare among American actors, Depp has made a name for himself effortlessly between mainstream switching Hollywood movies and more 'out of the ordinary' projects. Talking about his choice of roles, he once said: 'With any part you play, there is a certain amount of yourself in it. There has to be, otherwise it's not acting. It's lying.' Highlights of a richly diverse career include Edward Scissorhands, Sleepy Hollow and Pirates of the Caribbean.

Depp dropped out of school at sixteen to concentrate on a career in music, playing the guitar (he played with more than twenty bands). However, his musical career failed to take off, and he found himself selling pens over the phone to pay the bills. His lucky break came when makeup artist Lori Allison, to whom he was briefly married, introduced him to Nicolas Cage. Although at first they did not like each other, they later became good friends and Cage persuaded him to

5 What was strange about his first film role?

agent, and made his feature film debut in thriller From Hell, about Jack the Ripper. Wes Craven's horror film Nightmare on Elm Street, in which the character he played was eaten by his bed. After that he had his first screen leading role in Private Resort.

Depp went on to achieve teen idol status in the TV series 21 Jump Street, but after four seasons, he wanted out, with the hope of making the transition to the big screen. He starred in Cry-Baby, followed by Tim Burton's Edward Scissorhands, after which he went on to win considerable critical acclaim in Ed Wood, a reunion with Burton. Depp made his feature directorial debut with The Brave in 1997, a film he also co-wrote and starred in. Premiering at the Cannes Film Festival, the film also featured Marlon Brando, but earned mostly negative reviews, with most critics blaming its weak script. Sleepy Hollow teamed him with director Burton yet again, before he starred in Ted

#### Johnny Depp

Born: June 9, 1963 Where: Owensboro, Kentucky



try acting. Depp signed on with Cage's Demme's Blow, and appeared in the

Off screen, his good looks and 'bad boy' image (he was once arrested for attacking intrusive paparazzi with a wooden plank) have earned him a lot of media attention. He was voted one of the fifty most beautiful people in the world by People magazine in 1996. He has also had his fair share of celebrity romances; when his engagement to Edward Scissorhands costar Winona Ryder ended, he had a tattoo (one of at least eight), which said 'Winona Forever', altered by laser to get rid of the last two letters of her name. His relationship with model Kate Moss also ended abruptly in 1998, when he started dating French singer-actress Vanessa Paradis. They are now married and have two children, Lily-Rose Melody and Jack More recent work has included Pirates of the Caribbean with Geoffrey Rush and Once Upon a Time in Mexico.

	Listen and/or read again and answer the questions.	6	Who was he popular with in 21 Jump Street?	
1	Why is Johnny Depp a 'rare' actor?	7	What was his involvement in The Brave?	
2	What does he describe as 'lying'?		How many films has he made with director Tim	
3.	Why did he get a job selling pens over the phone?  Why has Nicholas Cage been important in his career?		Burton?	
4			Has he still got the tattoo of Winona Ryder's name	
			Who was his co-star in Pirates of the Caribbean?	

#### Wordspot take

1 5 Match a sentence beginning in A with an ending in B.

A		
а	9	Come in and take
b		Could you take care
С	Щ	The photographer took
d	200	You really take
е		Dario's taking me
f		This is the third time Yuki's taken her
9		Do you want me to take
h		It's OK, I can take a later
i		I've lost lots of weight since I took
j		How can you afford to take
k		We've been asked to take
1		Do you always take a lot of

- В
- 1 up cycling.
- 2 out for a romantic meal tonight.
- 3 driving test.
- 4 part in a national health survey.
- 5 of my goldfish while I'm away?
- 6 train if I miss this one.
- 7 some fantastic pictures at the wedding.
- 8 over the driving now? You look tired.
- 9 off those wet shoes.
- 10 notes during the lesson?
- 11 after your father you've got his smile.
- 12 three holidays a year?

#### Improve your writing Punctuation: commas

We put a comma (,) in a sentence to show a short pause.

In a list, we use a comma instead of and or or:

· He lived in France, Italy, Belgium and Spain.

When we join two short sentences with a conjunction, e.g. and, but or so, we often use a comma before the conjunction:

 He moved to France, but he never forgot his friends in England.

If the sentence is short, a comma is not always necessary:

· He loved Paris but I didn't.

Notice where we put the commas in direct speech:

- 'I'll buy the tickets,' he said.
- She said, 'It's okay, I've got lots of money.'

#### 16 a Insert commas where necessary.

- 1 I'm not very keen on jazz blues or rock music.
- 2 Steve practises his guitar every day and has guitar lessons twice a week.
- 3 I don't know much about the Beatles but I like their music a lot.
- 4 I like going to rock concerts but the tickets can be really expensive so I don't go often.
- 5 Jorge said 'You can borrow my guitar.'
- 6 'Come on' Paddy said 'or we'll be late.'
- 7 I can get tickets for the 12th 13th or 15th January.
- 8 The music was very loud but quite good.

b In the following extract Bob Geldof, a famous rock star, talks about his meeting with Mother Teresa of Calcutta. Read the text and insert commas where necessary.

We sat in the airport till Mother Teresa came in. I felt hoto tired and a bit nervous. I wanted to kiss her when I met her but she didn't let me. She told me about her work in Ethiopia. She and her sisters took care of sick people and homeless children. I wanted to help them and I told her about my music.



Then I said 'I'll give a concert in India for you.'
'No. God will give us what we need.' She turned to
one of the important people nearby.

I saw two big old palaces in the city' she said. 'Will you give me them for my homeless children?'

'I'm not sure about palaces but we can find you a house.'

'Two houses' said Mother Teresa.

'Two houses.'

I understood that Mother Teresa could ask for anything and she would get it. She was all goodness. She wanted nothing for herself. Then she took my hand and said 'I can do something you can't do and you can do something I can't do but we both have to do it.

# MODULE 5

#### Vocabulary Prepositions

1 Choose the correct alternative in each sentence.
The phrases come from the psychometric test on pages 48 and 49 of the Students' Book.

### Office Survival Skills

Boring job? Here are ten tips on how to get through the week.

- 1 Put your boss in a good mood on Monday morning: find about /out what his/her favourite chocolates are and leave some on his/her desk.
- 2 Always look as if you're concentrating on / in your work when the boss walks past.
- 3 Distract your colleagues off / from their work by sending them funny e-mails.
- 4 Make sure that you always leave the office at lunchtime so that you can switch out / off from work for a while.
- 5 If your boss asks you to work late, tell him / her you have important plans for / at the evening which you can't possibly cancel.
- 6 Find an interesting course and persuade your boss to pay for / to you to do it as part of your professional development.
- 7 If your boss asks you to do some extra photocopying, say that you have to get on at / with some work for an important client.
- 8 Don't waste time looking back / behind at your mistakes just hope that no one notices them.
- 9 Always remember that this job may lead to / on something better in the future.
- 10 If you've really had enough by Friday lunchtime, tell your boss that something urgent has come on / up at home and you've got to leave early.

#### Vocabulary Nouns and adjectives

2	Complete the gaps with a noun or adjective from the table on page 49 of the Students' Book.	
α	The advertising campaign was a great <u>success</u> : sales figures are looking very good.	
b	She's really good at her job but she doesn't have much in herself.	
С	Sophie didn't get that promotion she wanted, but she's not to get upset about it.	
d	This is a very project: do you really think we can complete it in time?	
e	Jon's ideas for the website are practical, but they're not very – I'd like to try a more creative designer.	
f	I want the team to understand the of	
	this agreement for the future of the company.	
9	Please don't insult my I know why	
	we lost the contract, and I know who was to blame.	
h	I'm afraid we all have to accept the of redundancies if things don't start to improve.	
_	verb from the box.  gree be be ready come get like need	
p	ass send take	
а	I need these shoes on Saturday. Will they be ready (they) by then?	
b	We to order the flowers at least	
	two weeks before the wedding.	
C	(you) late tonight?	
d		
	them.	
e	So, the exam's in June. When(they) us the results?	
f	Don't forget to take a sweater: I expect it	
	cold later.	
g	Stop worrying about the exam - you	
	easily.	
h	Why do you want to leave so early? It	

#### going to see that a cyaw ment o

4 Complete the conversations with the correct form of *going to* and a suitable verb where necessary. (Short answers may be possible.)

- a A: It's my eighteenth birthday in June.
  - B: Are you going to have a party?
  - A: I haven't decided yet.
- b A: My brother's just heard that he's lost his job.
  - B: Oh, no! What \_\_\_\_ ?
  - A: I think he's planning to travel for a while.
- c A: Are you really going to give up smoking?
  - B: Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ I threw my last packet of cigarettes away yesterday.



- d A: Have you got any plans for the weekend?
  - B: Well, David and I \_\_\_\_\_ a film on Sunday night.
  - A: Oh, which one?
- e A: Are you nervous about making a speech at the wedding?
  - wedding? B: Yes, but I

about it any more.

A: No – thinking about it will only make you more nervous.

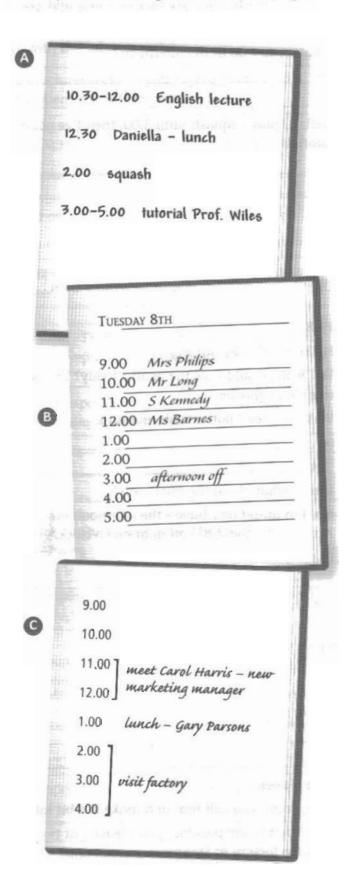


Aci

- f A: Lisa's really in love with Alain, isn't she?
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_ him?
  - A: I hope so. He'd be the perfect husband for her.
- g A: I heard that the council have bought that land behind the cinema to build on.
  - B: Oh, really? What \_\_\_\_\_ there?
  - A: A new shopping mall, I think.
- h A: Are you and Annie going to have a holiday this year?
  - B: No, \_\_\_\_\_\_. We haven't got any money.

# Present continuous for future arrangements

5 Look at the diaries and use the prompts to complete the dialogues on the next page.



-			•
1 10	$\alpha$	7.7	Δ.
	141		~
-			

- A: Hi Josh. Can we meet some time today to talk about the English assignment?
- B: Well, I'm quite busy. I / go / to a lecture this morning and I / meet / Daniella for lunch.
  - (a) I'm going to a lecture this morning and I'm meeting Daniella for lunch.
- A: What / you / do in the afternoon?

(b) \_\_\_\_

B: Well, I / play / squash until 3.00, then I've got a tutorial.

(c) \_\_\_\_

you / do / anything in the evening? I'm free then.

(d) \_\_\_\_\_

A: OK. That's great. See you this evening, then.

#### Diary B

- A: Hello, Mr Haines' surgery.
- B: Yes, hello. Could I see the dentist today? I've got terrible toothache.
- A: Well, he / see / patients all morning.

(e)

- B: Um ... what about the afternoon?
- A: No, I'm afraid he / have / the afternoon off. Actually, he could fit you in at one o'clock.

(6)

B: Oh, thank you very much.

#### Diary C

- A: Yes, Mr Riley?
- B: Ah, Celia, what time / I / have / lunch with Gary Parsons?

(0)

- A: One o'clock.
- B: Well, could you call him and make it a bit later?
- A: That's not really possible, you / leave / at two to visit the factory in Stanmore.

(h) \_\_\_\_\_

B: Oh yes, of course.

### Other ways of talking about the future

6 Use the prompts to make complete sentences in the dialogues.

- a A: My nephew Justin's leaving school in July.
  - B: Oh, what / he / want / do / after that?
    Oh, what does he want to do after that?
- b A: What time are your grandparents coming?
  - B: They / due / arrive / at about six.
- c A: I'm going to spend the summer in Turkey.
  - B: Really? Where / you / planning / stay?
- d A: I hear you've bought a new house.
  - B: Yes, we / hoping / move / next month.
- e A: Jeannie looks a bit worried.
  - B: I know, she / about / take / her driving test.
- f A: What are you going to do with the money you won in the lottery?
  - B: Well, I / thinking / buy / a new car with some of it.

#### Pronunciation

lucl and laul

Compare these sounds:

/p/ dog, lot

/au/ note, wrote

7 a Listen to the words in the box (or say them aloud) and complete the table.

don't go got home hope job know lost phone want wasn't watch what won won't

/0/	/20/
	don't

b	T5.2 Listen and write the	7	fitness 11 beauty
	ssing words. Then repeat the	8	flight12 press
ser	itences.	9	television 13 office
1	I hope hope you won't	10	sales a work and a legal of opinion of
	won't get lost .		regal vocabulary infestyles Listen to end o
2	I to	b	15.3 Listen and check. Then practise saying the jobs.
	now.		Complete the adverts with the jobs in part a.
3	Do you why Petra		Complete the adverts with the jobs in part at the shoot mean
	her?	1	Leading window manufacturer seeks <u>sales representative</u> for
4	ThatI	-	Central Coast area. Excellent commission rates.
	said.		The said Telegosi Estrena
5	We the	2	NEW CITY CENTRE GYM SEEKS FLEXIBLE HOURS, VERY
3			GOOD RATES OF PAY.
	reșults until tomorrow.		
6	We too	3	City Parks require for major development project in Botanical Gardens.
	late to you.		Botanicai Gardens.
7	Can you the baby		
	for a minute? Ibe	4	
	long.		in facial/body treatments.
8	I who	- 18	The same of the sa
	the competition.	5	Train to be a TV Pro has trained and placed many
0	I the hotel		household names. Excellent reputation in the industry.
-	Transfer of the control of the contr	ar. J	A COLUMN TO STATE OF THE STATE
	too expensive.	6	Leading law firm is seeking an experienced to work with
10	me before		the selifor partiter. Word processing skins essential.
	nine – I to		the est develope to be a committee top.
	the news.	W. 1776	Small design firm requires . Expert in Quark, Photoshop and Illustrator.
			Photositop drid musicator.
Vr	cabulary booster	8	required for furniture warehouse. Must have own
	and the second s	0	transport. Hours: 10 p.m7 a.m.
Jol	0S		The state of the s
_	a Choose a word from the	9	Large pharmaceutical company seeks to assist with
8	box to complete the name of		testing of new medicines.
eac	h job below.		De of SAG Life Constitution of Sagnature and
	1	10	Interested in travel? Good people skills? Qualify as ain six
	ministrator agent		months on our intensive course. Call now for an application form.
	endant designer		
-	rdener guard	11	required for busy video store. Small, friendly staff.
	tructor manager presenter		Excellent conditions.
	presentative secretary		
	hnician therapist	12	YOUNG AIRLINE IS NOW RECRUITING FOR NEW ROUTES
-	SAME SAME AND SAME	- 100	ACROSS ASIA.
1	assistant manager		
	THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T	13	required for large tobacco company. Must have good
2	travel		communication skills and experience of dealing with the media.
3	landscape		AND MARKET TO THE STREET OF TH
4	laboratory	14	needed for expanding construction company. Duties include admin
5	security	19:	and accounts. Good telephone manner essential.
6	graphic		

#### Vocabulary Work

- Replace the definition in bold with a phrase from Vocabulary on page 51 of the Students' Book.
- a Anna has passed a lot of examinations but she doesn't have any practical experience.
  a lot of qualifications
- b Scott didn't get the security guard job – they said he wasn't strong and healthy enough.
- The job sounds interesting, but I don't want to start very early and finish late.
- d I left the company because the work was boring and they didn't pay much.
- e You're so good at producing new or interesting ideas – have you ever thought of going into the fashion industry?
- f My parents want me to be a teacher because it's a job which I'm not likely to lose.
- g I thought there would be going to different places in journalism, but I was wrong.
- h Wouldn't you like to do something more difficult in an interesting or enjoyable way than working in a café?
- i The problem with my boss is he has no ability to deal with people.
- Your job sounds as if it makes you worry a lot.
- k. Keira wants the promotion, but she doesn't really want the duty to be in charge and make decisions that goes with it.

## Unusual lifestyles

1 0 a 15.4 Four people are talking about their lifestyles. Listen to and/or read the texts. What are their jobs?

- 1 Gemma is a/an
- 2 Raoul is a/an
- 3 Frank is a/an
- 4 Megan a/an

#### Gemma

I absolutely love music and listen to it all the time, even when I go jogging. Of course I have to look after my voice. I do exercises for three hours every day

and I take lots of vitamin C. If I get a sore
throat I go straight to bed and rest. I usually try to get at least
eight hours sleep a night anyway. ... As for my job — you really
can't be shy in this kind of work, and you have to be very patient
because sometimes we practise for hours before we get it right.
When we're on tour, we work for several weeks with no breaks and
you can get really tired. For relaxation, whenever I get a holiday, I
go straight to a sunny beach, but the thing I enjoy the most is the
great feeling you get from a live audience.'



Raoul

'Well, my work's really quite stressful. Most people think you spend your day chopping vegetables and stirring soup, but it's not that simple. You have to be really careful with the food and keep everything very clean. The big problem is my boss – he shouts at me all the time – even, for example, if I forget to wash up one plate – I just can't do anything right

new job soon because I don't get much time off. I'd like to have more

weekends free, to see friends and to spend more time with my two little boys. You know it's strange spending all day with food when I go home I just want to eat a sandwich or a bag of chips and I'm terribly critical when I eat in a restaurant.

#### Frank

'Well, I first got interested because I loved doing them so much myself — I used to do at least one every day. I suppose I've got the right kind of mind really — I enjoy playing around with puzzles, especially word puzzles. So I sent a couple in to a local newspaper and was really surprised when they asked me for more. I suppose it is a strange way to spend your day — surrounded by dictionaries and books, but it's great that I can organise my own time, so I try to finish by two and then I can take my dog for a walk. It's very satisfying though

- I love the feeling after I've thought of the final clue, and it all fits together. It's also really nice when people write to me and thank me.
Funny really, because I'm just doing what I like.'



#### Megan

People sometimes ask me if I forget which country I'm in or what time of day it is, but I guess I've got used to it. Last week I was in London and tomorrow I'm going to Hong Kong. I'm based in Bahrain, and I have a small apartment there, although I sometimes don't spend more than seven or eight days a month there. The thing I like most about my job is the contact with the people from different cultures: the idea that it's a glamorous job is a bit of a cliché — you spend a lot of your time handing out food and drinks and clearing up people's rubbish. I certainly don't feel very glamorous at two in

the morning! Actually,
there are a lot of
things that we're
trained to do
that people
don't realise
— like fight
fires, deliver
babies, survive
in the desert or
ocean.



1	Gemma has to keep fitT
2	The most tiring part of Gemma's job is when she's
	on tour.
3	Gemma hates performing live
4	Raoul's boss is quite easy going.
5	Raoul works a lot at weekends.
6	Raoul doesn't spend much time cooking at home.
7	Frank started writing crossword puzzles for a newspaper.
	Frank uses a lot of reference material for his job.
9	Frank has to work long hours.
0	Megan spends more time in Bahrain than overseas.
1	Megan thinks her job is glamorous.
2	Megan's training was quite varied
	ture clauses with if, when,
1 orr	Match a question from A with answer from B. Then complete the answers with the correct n of a verb from the box.

-	When can I expect to get the results?
i	Have you finished writing those invitations?
	Is Gary coming to the party?
	Have you go the new Dido CD?
3	
	He'll try to come if he free.
2	Not yet. I'll finish them once I my pen.
3	OK, I'll call her as soon as I home.
Ł	I'll be on the six o'clock train unless the meeting _finisheslate.
,	Yes, it's great. I'll play it for you when you over on Saturday.
,	I don't know exactly - we'll post them to you when
	we them.

1	2 Look at the sentences and make one complete sentence, using the word in bold.	13 Insert an apostrophe where necessary in these sentences.
а	You'll be in Madrid again. Phone me then, when	a I read your pen friends letter - she sounds really
	Phone me when you're in Madrid again.	nice.
b	It's going to get dark soon. Let's stop now. before	b This is the boys bedroom. Theyre both at school at
	Let's stop	the moment.
С	I'm moving house next week. Then I'll give you my phone number. after I'll give	c Its a nice day, isnt it? d Whose is this? I think its hers. e Whos that in reception? f The companys lost all its best designers.
d	That film will come out soon. I'd like to see it then.  as soon as  I'd like	<ul> <li>g Hes leaving in a years time.</li> <li>h Shes got five years experience in advertising.</li> <li>i Have α seat – I wont be a minute.</li> <li>j Well be back by nine, so therell be time to have</li> </ul>
е	Maurizio'll finish university soon. He hopes to get a job then. once  Maurizio hopes	some supper.  k I cant come with you – Ive got all my students exams to mark – thats 25 papers!
f	The taxi'll come in a few minutes. I'll wait with you.  until I'll wait	Improve your writing A letter of reference
9	You could take the 9.00 a.m. flight. Then you'll be here by lunchtime. if You'll	1 4 a When Louisa Barry applied for a job through Horizons Unlimited, she asked two people to write her a letter of reference. Look at the
h	Come out of the station. You'll see the bus stop on your right. when You'll	two letters. Which is:  1 an employment reference? 2 a character reference?
í	You may want to go somewhere else. If not, I'll book a table at the Wharf Bistro. unless	20 April 2004
	I'll	9
P	unctuation	To whom it may concern,  I confirm that Louisa Barry has been (1) _employed_ as a personal assistant with this organisation for the last three years, and is (2)€35,000 per annum.
A	postrophes	The job of personal assistant carries the following
	We use apostrophes:  • to show a missing letter or letters: I am – I'm, He has – He's.  • to show possession with nouns: Robin's pen.  Notice:  • the girl's mother = one girl.  the girls' mother = more than one girl.  • With irregular plurals, the apostrophe goes before the -s: the children's game.	(3): dealing with all correspondence and telephone calls, organising meetings, conferences and business trips, preparing presentations and reports.  Louisa has excellent computer (4) and a very good telephone manner. Her knowledge of French was a real (5) when dealing with our Paris office. She is also extremely reliable and hard working.  I would certainly re-employ Louisa as I consider her to have been a valuable member of the company, who consistently (6) good results.
	<ul> <li>We don't use apostrophes with possessive</li> </ul>	consistently (6) good results.

pronouns and adjectives: hers, its, ours, theirs.

- Insert an apostrophe where necessary in these sentences.
- I read your pen friends letter she sounds really
- This is the boys bedroom. Theyre both at school at the moment.
- Its a nice day, isnt it?
- Whose is this? I think its hers.
- Whos that in reception?
- The companys lost all its best designers.
- Hes leaving in a years time.
- Shes got five years experience in advertising.
- Have a seat I wont be a minute.
- Well be back by nine, so therell be time to have some supper.
- I cant come with you Ive got all my students exams to mark - thats 25 papers!

#### Improve your writing A letter of reference

two letters, which is:	
an employment reference?	
a character reference?	
A the state of the second second second second	
20 April 2004	
To whom it may concern,	
I confirm that Louisa Barry has been (1) _employed as a personal assistant with this organisation for the three years, and is (2) €35,000 per annual entire three years.	last
The job of personal assistant carries the following  (3): dealing with all correspondence a telephone calls, organising meetings, conferences and business trips, preparing presentations and reports.	
Louisa has excellent computer (4) and	
very good telephone manner. Her knowledge of Fren was a real (5) when dealing with our P office. She is also extremely reliable and hard working	aris g.
I would certainly re-employ Louisa as I consider her	to
have been a valuable member of the company, who	
consistently (6) good results.	
Yours faithfully,	

Jason Holmes

Jason Holmes

#### B

15 April 200	4. January	
To whom it i	nay concern,	was freed inclosed with
for six years. Spanish cour	. We first met rse that I was	have known Louisa Barry when she attended a teaching, and she has a family friend.
excelled: she classroom, a has an exten pronunciation Louisa has a helped me pa	took every opp nd learnt quic sive Spanish u n is very good lways been kin tiently with co occasion	nt of Spanish, Louisa portunity to practise in the kly from her mistakes. She vocabulary, and her . As a friend of the family, and and thoughtful: she has computer problems on and has offered to look en their nanny was not
	40	to contact me.
Yours faithfu	lly,	
M. Cortes		TO THE PROPERTY OF

b Complete the gaps in the letters with the words in the box.

achieved As asset confirm employed further hesitate numerous paid responsibilities since skills

#### Real life

### A formal telephone call

15 a You are phoning Mrs Leeson, at Henderson Insurance. If you can't speak to her personally, you need her to phone you back. Complete the dialogue with suitable questions and responses.

- A: Good afternoon, Henderson Insurance, Pam speaking. How can I help?
- B: Good afternoon, could (1) I speak to Mrs Leeson , please?
- A: Just a moment, I'll put you through.
- c: Hello, Mrs Leeson's office, Sandy speaking.

B: Hello, could (2)	her
<ul> <li>B: (3)</li></ul>	her
<ul> <li>C: One moment, please (pause). Hello, I'm afraid s not in the office at the moment. Would you like to call you back?</li> <li>B: (4)</li></ul>	her
not in the office at the moment. Would you like to call you back?  B: (4)	her
B: (4) C: Can I take your number? B: (5) C: Right, I'll get her to call you back as soon as she comes in. B: (6) C: Goodbye.  b You are phoning International School to find on	-
C: Can I take your number?  B: (5)	-
B: (5)	-
B: (5)	-
comes in.  B: (6)	
B: (6)	
c: Goodbye.  b You are phoning International School to find or	_
b You are phoning International School to find or	
[1] - 1 이 (역) 1일	
Answering machine message: This is the International School answering service. We're sorry there's no one available to take your cal Please leave your message after the tone. If you wou like information about courses, please leave your na and address and we'll send you our brochure. Thank you. (tone)	ıld ime
description of the property of the state of	
c T5.5 Listen to some possible answers for pa and b.  d T5.6 Now try to respond in the spaces on the recording, without looking at your book.	
and b.  d 15.6 Now try to respond in the spaces on the recording, without looking at your book.	
and b.  d 15.6 Now try to respond in the spaces on th	
and b.  d 15.6 Now try to respond in the spaces on the recording, without looking at your book.	

# MODULE 6

### Vocabulary

Vocabulary	I'm rather (4) about ABC's policy on not
TV and radio	showing violence before 9 p.m. I watched The Precinct at
Answer the questions using a word from page 60 of the Students' Book.	8.30 p.m. last Thursday and was (5) at the amount of violence shown. My ten-year-old daughter, who was
a Which A is used to tell people about a product or a service?advert	watching with me, found it quite (6)
b Which C is a short film where the characters and places are drawings?	A great and with the house as the first
c Which CM keeps you guessing until the last scene?	I was really (7) when I saw that  Celebrity Spot was back on SBS. I always look
d Which D contains factual information about something?	forward to the programme because it has such
e Which TN gives you up-to-date information on the traffic conditions?	(8) guests. However, last Friday's show was very (9) the interviewer asked
f On which GS do people compete for prizes?	such stupid questions and hardly gave Mel B a
g Which LN tells you what's been happening in your area of the country?	chance to speak!
h On which P-I can people give opinions or ask for advice?	b T6.1 Listen and check.
i Which RS is about ordinary people in unusual or challenging situations?  Which S-C is a series of amusing stories about the	3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjectives in the box.
k Which SO is a continuing story about the daily lives of a group of people?  Which SC lets you watch highlights of games, races	amusing / amused annoying / annoyed depressing / depressed surprising / surprised frustrating / frustrated tiring / tired
Which SC lets you watch highlights of games, races and matches?	worrying / worried embarrassing / embarrassed
-ed/-ing adjectives	a We're very <u>surprised</u> to hear that Ann and Tom are getting married. We didn't think she liked him!
2 a Complete these letters to a TV magazine with the adjectives in the box.	b It was so Kim's brother came up to talk to me at the party and I didn't recognise him!
boring confused convincing shocked pleased disappointing upsetting disappointed interesting	c Sandra got very with Geri for being late for another meeting. d My gran's cat died last week. She's really e I've had such a day - I need to sit
Well done Channel 10 for the brilliant series  City Mysteries. The characters were really  (1) and the stories were certainly never  (2) I was so  (3) when it	down and put my feet up.  f Don't look so your flight's not until 6.30, you've got plenty of time.  g I don't find Bob's jokes at all h I've had a very shopping trip: I
finished. Are there plans for a new series?	couldn't find anything I liked.

### Prepositions after adjectives

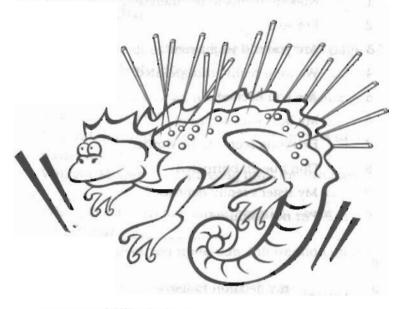
a Look at the extracts from the Longman 4 Dictionary of Contemporary English to find the

Dictionary of Contemporary English to find the prepositions which follow the adjectives below.	1 © Nobody seems to be interested 2 I'm so bored
bored /bo:d/ adj tired and impatient because you do not think something is interesting, or because you have nothing to do: Children easily get bored.	Are you still frightened  We were really disappointed
[+ with] I'm bored with the same old routine day after day.  con-fused /kənˈfjuːzd/ adj unable to understand clearly what someone is saying or what is happening:  I am totally confused. Could you explain that again?!  [+ about] If you are confused about anything, phone my office.  de-pressed /drprest/ adj a) feeling very unhappy:  She felt lonely and depressed.! [+ about] Carter seemed depressed about the situation.  dis-ap-point-ed /disə'pəintid/ adj sad because something you hoped for did not happen, or because someone or something was not as good as expected:	Are you excited  My boss was surprised  Everyone seems to be worried  Don't be embarrassed  My sister's really depressed  I'm not confused   my decision to leave.
Dad seemed more disappointed than angry. [+ about]  Nathan's really disappointed about not being able to go.  em-bar-rassed /m'bærəst/ adj ashamed, nervous, or uncomfortable in a social situation: I managed to spill	b saying what you really think. c money at the moment.
water on one of the guests – I was so embarrassed! [+ about] At about the age of twelve, girls start feeling embarrassed about changing their clothes in front of other people.	ein what I'm saying.  f my job.
ex-cit-ed /ikisaitid/ adj happy, interested or hopeful because something good has happened or will happen: Steve's flying home tomorrow – we're all very excited. I excited crowds of shoppers. I [+ about] The kids are so excited about Christmas.	g missing your party.  h her weight.  i English grammar any more.  j your wedding?
fright-ened /frastnd/ adj feeling afraid: a frightened animal [+ of] I was frightened of being left by myself in the house.	5 Complete the following sentences so that they are true for you.
in-terest-ed /mtrestid/ adj giving a lot of attention to something because you want to find out more about it: [+ in] I'm not really interested in politics.	a I'm always pleased when
sur-prised /sapraizd/ adj 'having a feeling of surprise:  Mr Benson looked surprised when I told him I was leaving. I [+ at/by] We were all surprised at Sue's outburst.	b I'm a bit worried about at the moment.
wor-ried /warid/ adj unhappy because you keep thinking about a problem or are anxious about something: Don't look so worried – we'll find him.	c I get very annoyed when
[about] She's so worried about her exams.	d When I feel depressed I usually
bored with 6 excited 7 frightened	e I've never been frightened of
2 confused         7 frightened           3 depressed         8 interested           4 disappointed         9 surprised           5 embarrassed         10 worried	f I find really boring.
embarrassed 10 worried	g I've always been interested in

b Match a beginning from A with an ending from B. Then complete the sentences with a preposition.

### Passives na ritiw A mort grantiged a noteM of

6 Complete the gaps in these true news stories with the correct form of be or have.



- a A house in Brazil which \_\_\_is \_\_ made of plastic bottles has won a prize.
- b Pizza-scented bathroom products \_\_\_\_\_\_ been created by an Italian cosmetics manufacturer.
- c Stars of the new extreme sport 'free running' will \_\_\_\_\_ shown on tv jumping between buildings and across rooftops.
- d A dog \_\_\_\_\_ been offered a gold credit card with a \$10,000 limit.
- e A mother and daughter who hadn't seen each other for 17 years met when they \_\_\_\_\_ put in the same prison cell in Brazil.
- f A Mexican man who \_\_\_\_\_ shot in the back and neck says his dog did it.
- g French bus drivers who \_\_\_\_\_\_ banned from wearing shorts and sunglasses in summer are going on strike.
- h An eight foot long dragon lizard who has a nerve disorder \_\_\_\_\_ being treated with Chinese acupuncture.
- i Five tourists were rescued by helicopter after they \_\_\_\_\_ been chased round a field by a bull for three hours.
- j A Romanian man's neighbours say they \_\_\_\_\_ being kept awake at night by the noise of his dog snoring.

1	questions using the passive form.
а	George was taken to hospital because he had a heart attack. (ask why)
	Why was George taken to hospital?
b	The car was stolen between 10 p.m. and midnight. (ask when)
С	Tickets for the concert are sold at all large music stores. (ask where)
d	The new hospital will be built next to the old one. (ask where)
e	The article was written by Urma Mackintyre. (ask who by)
f	The open air concert has been cancelled. (ask why)
9	Portuguese is spoken in Portugal and Brazil. (ask where)
h	Napoleon was known as Boney. (ask what)
i	The film was directed by Zeffirelli. (ask who by)
j	Forty people have been injured. (ask how many)
8	Complete the sentences with the correct passive form of the verb in brackets.
а	In the UK, psychology <u>is taught</u> (teach) in universities but not usually in schools.
b	The body of a young man (find) in the river yesterday.  Thirty-five cars (steal) from the
С	city centre since Ionuary
d	Where the next Olympics (hold)?
e	Alcoholic drinks (not sell) to children under the age of sixteen.
f	the bridge (build) a
9	I'm sorry, but dinner (not include) in the price of an overnight stay.
h	the vegetables (freeze) immediately after you pick them?

Look at the following sentences and write

#### Active or passive

Read these texts and complete the gaps with the best form (active or passive) of the verbs in boxes below each text.

<b>A</b>	
' and this is the last sta production process. As yo trainers are very expensive	u know, Swift
reason they (1)cost	so much
is that they (2)	of the
highest quality leather. W	
trainers to countries all roworld and our shoes (4)	
by all types of people, fro	m top athletes to children at

wear	make	cost	export

В			
and that (	1)	_ a track	-
from the lates	t CD by Didi Bro	wn. The	100
songs on the	album (2)		- NEW I
by Didi hersel	f when she		A. C.
(3)	in Ireland	last	17
year. The CD	goes on sale nex	t week	
and half the r	money from the s	sales (4)	
to the 'Childre	en In Need' fund	.'	

write	give	stay	be

come

open

check

G		
This is the new	Primera Consul, Sir. As	you can see, it
(1)	. The seats are mor	e comfortable
and there's a su	unroof which (2)	when
you press this b	outton. This	
model also (3)		
with all the late	est safety	C.
features, which		
(4)	very	0
carefully by ou	r technicians before they	y leave
the factory.	and out start of	

redesign

### Pronunciation Verbs often used in the passive

10 a Complete the table with the past particples, according to their stress pattern.

awarded based composed created directed discovered invented manufactured painted produced released translated used written

1 •	2 0.	3 ••	4	5
a Aroun	1. mil.		invented	
				4.034

b 16.2 Listen and check.

#### Vocabulary Extreme adjectives

11	a Complete the dialogues with an extreme
	adjective from page 65 of the Students' Book

	- 7	dajective from page of or the stadents book
1	A:	I bet Tessa was happy about her exam results.
	B:	Oh yes, she was absolutely <u>delighted</u> .
2	A:	I'm not going in – the water's!

3 A: You're not frightened of spiders, are you?

B: Oh come on, it's not that cold.

В:	Oh yes I am – absolutely	, in fact.

4 A: Have you seen the \_\_\_\_\_ outfit that Roberta's wearing?

B: Oh yes, she does look a bit silly, doesn't she?

5 A: I thought there were some really \_\_\_\_\_ moments in that film.

B: Did you? I didn't think it was that funny.

6 A: And now to the sad news about Ernie Hope.

B: Yes, his death will be a \_\_\_\_\_ loss for the entertainment industry.

7 A: I was \_\_\_\_\_ when Will told me about his divorce.

B: I know, it was a surprise, wasn't it?

8 A: You look hot - do you want a cold drink?

B: Yes, please, it's absolutely \_\_\_\_\_ outside.

b T6.3 Listen and check.

### Vocabulary booster the baumon? Entertainment of the base needs a draw

1 2 a Complete the table with the words in bold. (Some words can go in more than one category.)

The	first	two	or	three	chapters	are a	bit	boring.'
-----	-------	-----	----	-------	----------	-------	-----	----------

'It has a really memorable soundtrack.'

'The plot is very difficult to follow.'

'The lead singer has a very unusual voice.'

'The artwork is very detailed.'

'I thought the acting was a bit wooden.'

'It's a compilation of modern jazz.'

'The orchestra will be playing symphony no. 2 in G major.'

'I'm waiting until it comes out in paperback.'

'This is the author's third novel, and by far her best.'

'There were some amazing special effects.'

'It's a modern day version of a classic.'

'The first two tracks are the best.'

'The script is really well written.'

'This is his first album for three years.'

'The photography is absolutely superb.'

Movies	Music	Books
		chapters
		1000000

- b Replace the words in bold with a word from part a.
- 1 My mother bought me a collection of 20th-century poetry. compilation
- 2 I don't like novels with a complicated story.
- 3 I'm looking for the film music of Love Story. \_\_
- 4 It sounds OK, but I prefer the original way of playing it.
- 5 This is a special edition of the CD with three bonus pieces of music.
- 6 I was a bit disappointed by the words of the film.
- 7 What did you think of the actors' performance?
- 8 This is an early edition of the book, with the original pictures.

### Listen and read Customer reviews

13 a 16.4 Listen to and/ or read the customer reviews on the opposite page. Which person is reviewing:

1	a film?	
2	a book?	
2	a CD2	

b Listen and/or read again. Are these statements true (T) or false (F)?

The reviewer of the Elvis Presley CD thinks that ...

1	Presley's music is	very	popular
	at the moment.	T	

2	Bossa Nova	Baby	has	been
	remixed.			

3	Moody	Blue	was	a	smash	hit

The reviewer of Terminator 3 thinks that ...

4	it has more action than the
	previous two movies, although
	it is shorter

5	the funny	scene	in the
	nightclub	was a	good idea.

6	Linda	Hamilton	should	have
	heen i	n the mov	rie	

The reviewer of the Harry Potter book ...

7	used to think that Harry Potter
	books were only for children.

8	doesn't understand why Harry
	Potter is angry a lot.

9	admires Rowling's ability to
	create sympathetic character

10	thinks that the book is	too
	long,	

Reviewer: George from London

More of the King's top tunes and a follow-up to last year's smash hit album *Elvis Number Ones*, released at a time when the King's popularity is at an all time high. Two tracks stand out from the norm: a curious remix of *Rubberneckin*', and an unreleased version of *I'm a Routabout*. Both songs are enjoyable to listen to, but not strong enough to be hits.

The rest of the album sounds like many an Elvis compilation of the last two and a half decades, with plenty of old classics and fans' favourites. Some of the highlights which non-fans as well as fans may enjoy are: Loving You, I Need Your Love Tonight, Bossa Nova Baby (potential remix material here?), Always On My Mind and Moody Blue. Moody Blue is a very good song, although recorded at a time when Elvis was not in great health. I believe this could have been a big smash hit for Elvis if it had come along in 1970–73 when he may have had more energy to put into the song, rather than 1976–77.

If you don't already have a lot of the songs on this CD then this is for you, especially as the technical sound quality of the songs will be better than on previous releases.



Reviewer: Frankie from Wales

This movie is far too short when you compare it to its predecessors, but in its 109 minutes you get more action than the first two movies combined, and you also get a great story.

The effects are second to none, which you expect with a Terminator movie and the pace starts at a blinding speed and never slows. There are some great moments of continuity from the first two movies and one or two cameos and returns of past characters. The movie is also not afraid to have its funny moments, such as Arnie walking into a nightclub naked on ladies night in search of clothing. The scene also gives some light relief from the movie's otherwise somewhat negative feel as humanity rolls closer to impending disaster.

While I may sound a little unpopular, I rate this instalment higher than its predecessors: the director does a better job than Cameron could ever hope to do. This is a fantastic chase movie, even more so than T2 ever was, and with T4 already written, I am eager to see what will happen next in the saga.

And no, I didn't miss Linda Hamilton as much as I thought I would: this movie has proved that it can do just as well, if not better without her presence.



Reviewer: Jed Barker from the USA

Until this summer, I have been guilty of writing off the Harry Potter books as 'mere children's books'. But after finally taking the time to read them, I realised what I have been missing all this time. Sure, they are kid-friendly, but they are witty, clever, and can be enjoyed by even a college student like myself. And I am very pleased to say that they get better and better with each instalment.

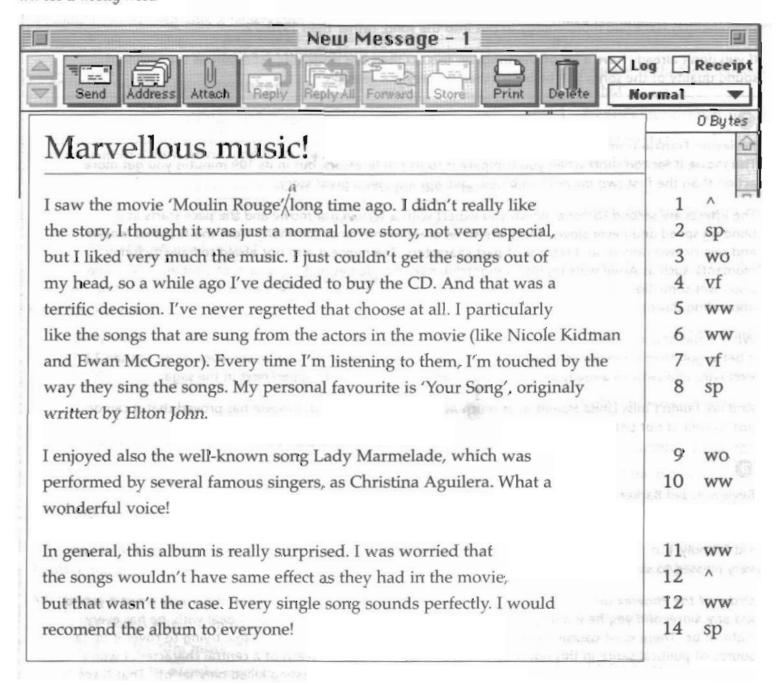
Order of the Phoenix takes a distinctly dark tone that was hinted at in Goblet of Fire. Harry is not a young kid any more, and yes, he is angry a lot, but with everything that he has had to deal with, he has every right to be. There is, of course, Voldemort on the loose and the Ministry of Magic trying to cover it up (a source of political satire in this novel). There is also a much-hyped 'death of a central character'. I won't reveal who the unfortunate person is, but I was quite upset when Rowling killed him/her off. That is yet another testament to her genius, the fact that she makes you care so much about her characters.

I thoroughly enjoyed this book. Anyone with a sense of fun and imagination should. It may not be a literary masterpiece, but it doesn't need to be. It's just fun. And yes, it's long, but it moves so fast that you can hardly believe that there are nearly 800 pages!

#### Improve your writing Checking for mistakes

A student has written a customer review to post on the website on page 49. The teacher has used a correction code to help him find and correct his mistakes. Look at the code and then correct his mistakes.

for a missing word sp for spelling wo for word order vf for verb form ww for a wrong word



# MODULE 7

## Vocabulary Going out

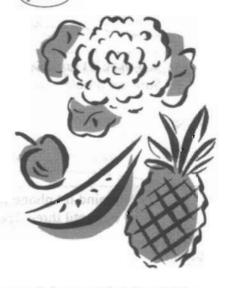
Complete the reviews with words from Reading on pages 70 and 71 of the Students' Book.

### CityLife

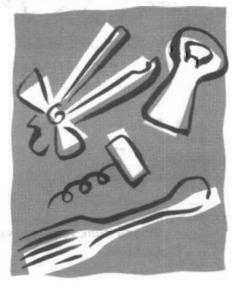
City III C	The many particularly and the second
The best pizzas: Terracotta	
(b) c of restaurants is made from high quality (c) the South Kensington restaurants home-made pasta dishes and traditional (e) o in comfortable and the service from	
Terracotta is at South Kensing Tel: 0203 555 38712.	
12 noon-2.30 p.m.	6 p.mmidnight
The best Latin American of	lancing: Salsa Studio
South America. This year Salsa business. Downstairs the well- salsa, samba and Rio funk and beat until the early hours. Ups	this (f) d c from Studio is celebrating five years in the loved (g) D, Nando de Novas mixes keeps people dancing to the Brazilian stairs on Friday and Saturday nights there and this week sees the welcome return of
Salsa Studio: 424 High Street,	Islington. 10 p.m3 a.m. €10.
Lessons also available: Beginne 9 p.m., Advanced 9 p.m.–10 p.	ers 7 p.m.–8 p.m., Intermediate 8 p.m.– m.
The best (i) K	_: King Disco House
this bar in the centre of town like to sing with a state-of-the (k) I I party-goers are a truly (I) i night we went there were per Germany, Spain and Russia. His	We couldn't, but the friendly crowd at still (j) a us! If you eart sound system and colourful, this is the place for you. The crowd: the ople from Japan, China, the UK, ghly recommended for a great
night out!	
	DAC NS
Open 9.00 p.m1.00 a.m.	Euras sandun

# Vocabulary booster Food and cooking

- 2 Circle the word which does not belong in each group.
- a cabbage spinach carrot (peach)



- b plum melon cauliflower pineapple
- c prawn lamb pork beef
- d mayonnaise garlic soya sauce ketchup
- e saucepan spoon mixing bowl frying pan
- f boil chop roast bake
- g tough overdone delicious burnt



- h fork corkscrew tin opener bottle opener
- i fresh frozen spicy tinned

#### Polite requests

In the following dialogues is B saying 'yes, it's ok,' or 'no, it's not okay' to A's request? Circle Yes or No.

- A: Can I pay by visa?
- B: I'm afraid we only accept cash.
- a Yes/(No)
  - A: Is it okay if I bring Susanna to the party?
  - B: Sure, no problem. It'll be nice to see her.
- b Yes/No
  - A: Do you mind if I phone you back later?
  - B: I'll be out until three. Try after that.
- c Yes/No
  - A: Could you possibly have a look at my computer?
  - B: Of course.
- d Yes/No
  - A: I'm going to be late home. Would you mind feeding the cat for me?
  - B: Of course not.
- e Yes/No
  - A: Do you mind waiting for a few minutes? The doctor's busy at the moment.
  - B: Sorry, but I have to catch a train.
- f Yes/No
  - A: Do you think you could come back later?
  - B: Certainly.
- g Yes/No

Put the words in the correct order to make polite requests.

- a me / you / Can / a / lend / pencil Can you lend me a pencil?
- b here / I / mind / if / you / sit / Do
- c speak / please / more / you / Could / slowly
- d bag / minute / you / after / mind / a / Would / for / looking / my
- e possibly / €20 / borrow / I / Could
- f mind / your / down / turning / Would / you / music

#### a Correct the mistakes in the polite requests.

- 1 A: Is/all right if I close the window?
- B: Yes, go ahead.
- 2 A: Would you helping me with my suitcase?
  - B: I'm sorry but I've got a bad back.
- 3 A: Could I pass the salt, please?
  - B: Yes, here you are.
- 4 A: Would you to bring us the bill, please?
  - B: Certainly, Sir.
- 5 A: Do you mind I go now?
  - B: No, that's fine. I think we've finished.
- 6 A: Do you mind getting me some milk?
  - B: Of course not. How much do you need?
- 7 A: Could I possible have a look at your newspaper?
  - B: Of course.
- 8 A: Would you mind to answer my phone while I'm out?
  - B: I'm afraid I can't, I'm just going to a meeting.
- b Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the dialogues, paying attention to sounding polite.

1	You want to pay by credit card.					
	Can I pay by credit card					
2	You want to borrow your friend's camera.					
	Do you think					
3	You didn't hear what your classmate said. You we her to say it again.					
	Could					
4	You've written a letter in English. You want your teacher to check it.					
	Would you mind					
5	You can't hear what your flatmate is saying because of the radio. You want him to turn it down.					
	Would					
6	You need ten euros. You want your colleague to le it to you.					
6	You need ten euros. You want your colleague to le					
	You need ten euros. You want your colleague to le it to you.					
	You need ten euros. You want your colleague to le it to you.  Do you think  You haven't finished your essay. You want to give					
7	You need ten euros. You want your colleague to le it to you.  Do you think  You haven't finished your essay. You want to give to your teacher a day late.					
7	You need ten euros. You want your colleague to le it to you.  Do you think  You haven't finished your essay. You want to give to your teacher a day late.  Do you mind if					
7	You need ten euros. You want your colleague to le it to you.  Do you think					
7	You need ten euros. You want your colleague to le it to you.  Do you think					
6 7 8 9	You need ten euros. You want your colleague to le it to you.  Do you think  You haven't finished your essay. You want to give to your teacher a day late.  Do you mind if  You need to use your colleague's computer.  Could I possibly  Your friend asks you to go to the cinema with her. You can't tell her until tomorrow.					
7 8 9 que	You need ten euros. You want your colleague to led it to you.  Do you think					

## will for offers and instant decisions

- Write full answers using I'll for offering and adding any necessary extra words.
- 1 A: I forgot to tell Jack about the meeting.
  - B: I / phone / him / you like
  - I'll phone him if you like.
- 2 A: I'm really thirsty.
  - B: I / get / you / drink
- 3 A: Hello, IT Support? My printer isn't working.
  - B: OK / I / come over / have / look
- 4 A: I think I'm going to miss my train.
  - B: I / take you / station / you like
- 5 A: This CD is great!
  - B: I / lend / it / you / you want

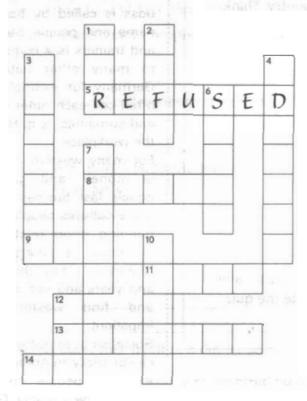


- 6 A: Have you got the e-mail address for ACE?
  - B: No, but I / find / it and e-mail / it / you
- 7 A: Can you give me some information about holidays in Greece?
  - B: Certainly. I / get you / brochure
- 8 A: This is a very interesting article.
  - B: I / photocopy it / you
- b 17.3 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the offers.

Choose a sentence from each box to make a dialogue for the situations below.	5 In a restaurant fleufie gniwelfol and the vest to a
A manufacture of the second control of the s	B: Short art year of hinw not
The black ones look really nice, Madam. Are they comfortable? Could you possibly change my flight to the evening? Is there anything good on TV tonight? Hi! Nice to see you. Come in and have a coffee. Are you ready to order? Could I speak to Mrs Williams in the Accounts Department? I've got a problem with my shower. It isn't working.	6 Phoning someone's office
В	A
Okay, but I won't stay long, I can see you're busy. Yes, I'll have the fish. I'll just check the computer. Yes, very – I'll take them. I don't know – I'll have a look in the newspaper. I'll just see if she's available. Hold on please. I'll send someone up straightaway. Which room is it?	7 At home in the evening, relaxing A: B: will or going to
In a shoe shop  A: The black ones look really nice, Madam.  Are they comfortable?	9 Is the response instant or has the speaker already planned to do something? Complete the sentences with the correct form of will or going to and a verb from the box.
B: In a hotel A: B:	go go see spend visit walk  1 A: It's Paul's birthday today.  B: Is it? I <u>'ll go</u> and get him a card.  2 A: Do you want to take a taxi home?  B: No, I think I It's not far.
In a travel agent's:	3 A: Would you like to go out for a meal tonight?  B: Thanks, but I can't. Sue and I the evening with my parents.
B:	4 A: I've just seen Mark go into the café next door.  B: Really? I haven't seen him for ages. I in and say hello.
B:	5 A: What are you doing this weekend? 8: I my brother and his girlfriend. They're having a barbecue. 6 A: What are you doing this weekend?
	B: I'm not sure. Maybe I a film.

#### Vocabulary Social behaviour

Use the clues to complete the crossword. All the words can be found in Vocabulary and speaking on page 74 of the Students' Book.



-				-	-
Α.	r	m	$^{\circ}$	e	•

5 Have you ever \_\_\_\_ food that someone has cooked for you? Waiter: Are you ready to \_\_\_\_\_, Madam? up when they go to the opera. My mother always People usually \_\_\_ wears her best jewellery. \_\_\_ you up at six. The show starts at seven so I'll Have you been \_\_\_\_\_ to Jenny's birthday dinner?

14	That was delicious. Can I wash ? No, sit down and relax.
	wn + - Over
1	I'll pay the tickets
2.	
3	Carrie to help Paolo cook dinner.
4	'Fifteen' is a very popular restaurant. You need to book two months in
	and the state of t
6	'You're looking very !' 'Yes, I'm taking Suzy to a posh
	restaurant.
7	Yoko said goodbye and to Mr Mori.
10	Let's the bill. There are ten of us, so that's €15 each.
12	What about a for the waiter? It's about 10% of the bill isn't it?

a netzgandara a new

#### Pronunciation Lost letters

- 1 1 a In these words from module 7 one or more of the letters is not pronounced. Cross out the 'lost' letter(s). Say the words aloud to see what is missing and also use the phonemic script.
  - 1 average /'ævrīd3/
  - 2 restaurant /restront/
  - vegetable /'ved3təbəl/
- 4 international /mtəˈnæʃnəl/
- different /difrant/
- traditional /trəˈdɪ[nəl/
- business /biznis/
- favourite

/feivrit/

- several /sevrəl/
- 10 fashionable /fæ[nəbəl/
- b Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words, paying attention to the stress.

### Listen and read Culture clash

12 a You are going to listen to and/or read an article about problems that happen when people do business in other countries. Write down three things that you think could be a problem for British or American people doing business in your country. Think about such things as:

 out such things as.
dress
time-keeping
translation problems
getting to know people personally
advertising and marketing a produc
calling people by their first names
business entertaining
giving gifts

b 17.5 Listen to and/or read the article. Put the items in part a in the order they are mentioned in the article. (Do not include the quiz questions.)

### **CULTURE CLASH**

In Africa a famous food company tried to sell its baby food by advertising it with the picture of a baby on the label. They did not know that this particular country used labels only to show a picture of the food inside! When Pepsico used the slogan 'Come Alive With Pepsi' in Taiwan, they had no idea that it would be translated into Chinese as 'Pepsi brings your ancestors back from the dead'.

Misunderstandings such as these about language or about culture are sometimes comical but can also cause genuine hurt or anger. Business styles and customs vary widely in different countries and what is normal in one culture can be completely unacceptable in another. How well is your company prepared? Try this short test. Look at the following situations. What mistakes have been made?

- 1 You are in Paris on business. In a meeting it is very hot and you suggest to everyone that they take off their ties and roll up their sleeves.
- 2 A Japanese businessman asks, 'When do you want the report?' 'Yesterday!' answers the American businesswoman.
- 3 In an Arabic country, a group from a British company are invited to a dinner party. They all bring gifts and during the evening they continue to talk about their work.
- 4 A sales manager in Hong Kong is angry because his workers are always fifteen minutes late for work. He makes a new rule that they all must come on time.
- 5 A Spanish secretary receives an urgent request to e-mail a report to the New York office before 2/3. She sends it on 1st March.
- 6 You are having a meal with Chinese colleagues in Nanjing. After the meal you use the hot towel to wipe your hands and your face.

How did you do? Did you spot the 'cultural clashes'? Well, in the first situation, French businessmen rarely take off their ties even if the weather is very hot. The idea of the American 'casual Friday' where the boss is called by his or her first name and people can wear jeans and trainers is a complete mystery to many other nationalities. In Germany for example, colleagues often call each other by their titles and surnames, (e.g. Herr Doktor) in the workplace.

For many western countries, 'time is money' and good business equals fast business. However, in some cultures people consider that building good relationships with business partners is more important. They think in months and years and not days and hours and find western executives impatient.

Socialising in different countries can be tricky. In Arabic countries, for example, people do not discuss business over meals. Giving gifts is another potential problem: in the UK most people take presents to a dinner party, but in many countries this is not polite because it suggests you think the host is poor.

The Hong Kong story is true. The workers started coming on time but they also stopped exactly on time instead of working into the night as they used to do and left a great deal of work unfinished.

The Spanish secretary was a monthlate. She didn't realise that in America the month is written before the day whereas in Europe the day comes first.

Finally, in the Chinese restaurant it is bad manners to wipe your face with a towel. Chinese people use it only for their hands.

So how did you do? Are you culturally aware or do you need a course in cross-cultural relationships? Whatever you do, remember that your way is not the only way and it is important to respect other people's customs.

#### Making generalisations

13 Use the prompts to make sentences about the advice in the Culture Clash article in exercise 11.

- a French businessmen / tend / keep their ties on.
  French businessmen tend to keep their ties on.
- b In the USA / perfectly normal / people / wear casual clothes on Fridays.
- c Germans / tend not / call colleagues by their first names.
- d In Japan / more important / build relationships than / finish business quickly.
- In many Arabic countries / not acceptable / talk about business during meals.
- f In the UK / important / take a gift to a dinner party.
- g In Spain / normal / write 2nd July as 2/7.
- h In China / not usual / use a hot towel to wipe your face.

### Wordspot on the way every

go

14 a Complete the chant with the phrases in the box. Use the Present simple form in the first verse and the Past simple form in the second verse.

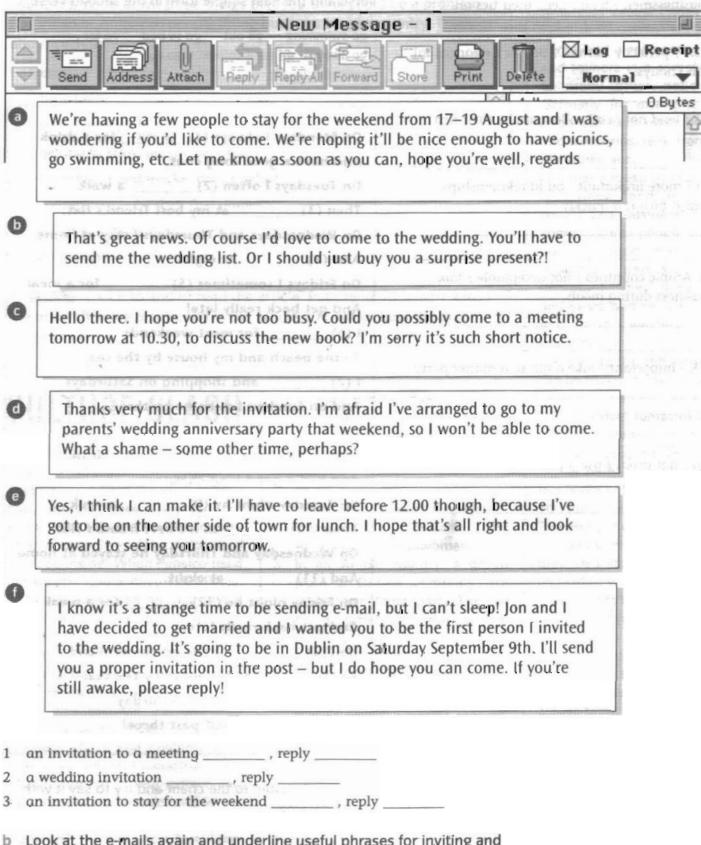
go swimming go out go to bed go for go away go for a coffee go out

	and the novilled at temperature to and
On Mondays	l always (1) go out for a drink
And have a	ood long chat. In Alliana wa us 1
On Tuesdays	l often (2) a walk
Then (3)	at my best friend's flat.
On Wednesd	ys and Thursdays I stay at home
And (4)	at eight.
On Fridays I	ometimes (5) for a meal
And get bac	really late!
1 (6)	for most weekends
To the beach	and my house by the sea.
I (7)	and shopping on Saturdays
And on Sund	ays I'm home by three.
On Monday J	ohn (8) went out for a drink
And had a g	od long chat.
On Tuesday	ight he (9) a walk
Then (10)	at his best friend's flat.
On Wednesd	y and Thursday he stayed at home
And (11)	at eight.
	ht he (12)for a meal
	really late.
_	for the whole weekend
MS 1 E-221 - Table	and his house by the sea.
	late on Saturday
	by half past three!

b 17.6 Listen to the chant and try to say it with the recording.

#### Improve your writing Sending and replying to invitations by e-mail

a Read these e-mails and match the three invitations with their replies.



0 Bytes

b Look at the e-mails again and underline useful phrases for inviting and for accepting or refusing an invitation.

 Write an invitation (using e-mail if you have it at home/work/school) and show it to your teacher.

# MODULE 8

### Vocabulary

#### Technology

Use the clues to complete the grid. All the words can be found in Reading on pages 80 and 81 of the Students' Book.

		S	0	F	T	W	A	R	E	
b	-39		No.	1	E					
C				-	C			1	Line	
		The same		d	Н		4			
			е		N					
	Serie de la	f	14.1	i.K	O	e in				
	g				L					
	h			E THE	0					
I Sheke		ed)re	81.	alre	G	er 2()	9 6			
		1			Ι		u iti	7		
					<sup>k</sup> C					
					A					
		m			L				77.7	

a	The problem seems to be with the software and not the computer itself.
b	If you are still experiencing problems, please phone our h d on 0254 7395.
C	Greg used to work at a cc, but it was very stressful because all the people phoning were frustrated and angry.
d	My t really hurts because I've been doing so much texting.
е	The combined DVD/video player comes with a complete instruction
	m
f	The information in last year's guidebook is already o
	od
9	The receptionist put me o h for ten minutes and then told me to call back!
h	I take my l on the train with me so that I can answer all my e-mails before I arrive at the office.
i	How many text m can your mobile store?
j	If you've got a d camera, you can e-mail me a photo.
k	I'm going to phone the customer c department and ask them how to reset my palmtop.
1	We will have to contact BMW in Germany for the necessary s
	p for your car.
m	You get a better picture q with LCD TV screens.

# Defining relative clauses

2 a Match the sentence beginnings in A with the endings in B. All the information comes from Modules 1–7. Then complete the gaps with who, which, whose or where.

C A leisure time activity is
something
A determined person is
someone
The Jim twins were
brothers
An archaeological site is a place
A brilliant film is one
A confident person is someone
Kobe is the town in Japan
A disappointing book is one
1 1 2 2
people have
found important historical buildings or objects.
believes in their
own ability to do something.
which you enjoy doing
in your free time.
Karaoke probably
started.
knows what they
want and works hard to get it.
we expect to be
better than it is.
lives were
remarkably similar.
people think is
very good.
T8.1 Listen and check.

Pete is talking to Les about his holiday plans.

Look at the relative pronouns in bold and bracket the ones which can be omitted.

Pete: We're thinking of going to Spain this year. You went there last year, didn't you?

Les: Yes, that's right. Actually I've got some photos (which) I can show you of where we went. It was Mohacar on the south coast. A friend whose daughter went there last year recommended it.

Pete: Oh, someone who I work with has been to Mohacar. It's a very quiet area, isn't it?

Les: Yes, the thing that I liked most about it was the relaxing atmosphere. It's a place where you can forget all your problems.

PETE: How do you get there?

Les: Well you can fly to Almeria, but that's quite expensive, or you can take any flight which goes to Malagar and drive east along the coast. I know several people who have done that. Anyway, do you want to see the photos?

4 a Here are the photos from Les's holiday last year. Les is talking about the photos. Join his two sentences to make one, using a relative pronoun.





- This is the apartment. We rented it ...

  This is the apartment which / that we rented
- b ... and these are the people. They were staying in the apartment next door.
  and these are the people who were staying in the apartment next door.

2



- a This is the balcony. We had breakfast there every morning ...
- b ... and this is the beach. It was right in front of our apartment.

3

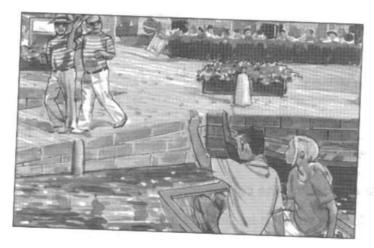


- a This is a bar. It stayed open till three in the morning ...
- b ... and this is the man. He owned it.



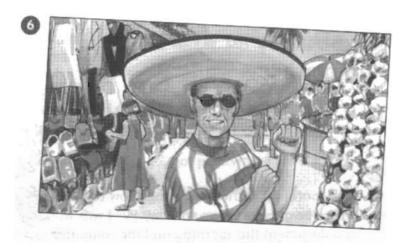
- a This is a fish restaurant. We had excellent meals there ...
- and this is a local woman. I can't remember her name.





- a This is one day. We went on a boat trip ...
- b ... and these are the men. We borrowed their boat

3



- a This is a market. It was open every Wednesday ...
- b ... and this is me wearing a hat. I bought it there.
- b Look again at the sentences you have made and bracket the relative pronoun if it can be omitted.

#### Vocabulary

noonlo

## People, places, jobs, everyday objects, machines and technology

Complete the table with the words in the box.

alarm clock bodyguard call centre
computer nerd cook cooker
customer care department kettle dishwasher
help desk laptop launderette make-up palm
pilot palm top pencil sharpener plumber
saucepan stationers techie technophobe
voice mail

Albert

everyday objects

machines and technology

### Vocabulary How machines work

6 a Complete these conversations to Helpdesks using vocabulary from page 83 of the Students' Book.

e.	
	Good morning, Patricia speaking. How can I help? Hello. I've got a problem with my PC. I was working on a document this morning and the computer
	(a) crashed three times
A:	Okay, can I just check. Did you (b) s it
	d properly last night?
в:	
A:	OK, well I think the best thing to do now is to
	(c) r it and see if that works.
2	
A: B: A:	Good morning, Meccaphone, George speaking. Hi! I hope you can help. My mobile's gone dead. How long have you had it? A week.
A:	It probably needs (a) r
B:	
A:	
	u_od or the volume. What you have to do is
_	
3	
۸:	
3:	
	m Three people have told me that they
	left a (b) m on it but I can't hear
	anything when I try to (c) r them.
	Does it use a cassette?
3:	Yes.
<b>\</b> :	Well, I think you may need to (d) r the cassette. It sounds as if it is full.
3:	I've tried that.
١:	OK. Well I suggest that first of all you (e) s
	o the machine and then (f) s it o again.
3:	OK. I've done that.
:	Can you see a red (g) b at the back?
:	Yes.
:	well, (h) p that and it will clear the display and you can start again.
	morror with you will other unuits

#### Quantifiers

a Are the words in the box countable or uncountable? If they are countable, are they singular or plural? Write them in the correct category.

banana chair children fruit information jewellery milk money news people person petrol pollution potatoes price rice ring storm sugar traffic vegetable weather

Countable singular banana	
Countable plural	numerow herei w seedt bezag en en
Uncountable	

- b Underline the correct form of the verb be.
- 1 The children is /(are)upstairs.
- 2 The fruit isn't / aren't ready to eat yet.
- 3 The weather was / were very bad.
- 4 Who is / are the people behind you in the photo?
- 5 Petrol is / are getting more and more expensive.
- 6 How much money is / are there in my bank account?
- 7 Is / Are the jewellery real?
- 8 The traffic was / were terrible.
- 9 I'm afraid there is / are no news yet.
- 10 The information you were given was / were wrong.
- 11 Pollution is / are getting worse each year.

b T8.2 Listen and check.

a Sandra is trying to persuade Aileen to go to a party but Aileen and the about 18.3 Listen and check. doesn't want to go. Match Aileen's comments with a response from Sandra. Then complete the gaps with the words in the box.



anything many	couple much	enough no	few isn't	got	have -	lots of
Aileen:			Sai	ndra:		

You've got a I haven't got of hours tomorrow when you anything to wear. could finish it. 2 I've got There's b friends. time - we don't need to be 3 there until nine! I haven't much money. Don't be silly. You've you could talk about. There'll be too people. Come on ... you've got 5 friends. I never anything to say. But you've got \_\_some 6 really nice clothes. I've got too . homework to do. You only need for a taxi. enough Oh, but only a time to get ready.

people are coming.

- Correct the mistake in each sentence.
- a Now my father is retired he's got plenty/time for his hobby: surfing the Internet.
- b I think the soup needs a few salt. It doesn't have much taste.
- c There were too many people and too many noise, so Jan couldn't see or hear the Prime Minister.
- d I don't think there's enough of food for 100 people.
- Lisbon has got loads of good shops but there's not much of parking space in the city centre.
- There are plenty of tickets left for the afternoon performance, but no many for the evening.
- g I want to thank everyone who has given me a lot support.
- h There's plenty things to eat, so please help yourself.
- i We've got lot of friends who live nearby.
- j We haven't got some milk in the fridge.
- k There were loads things to do before the party started; fortunately David helped.
- Sorry, but I can't go on holiday with you. I've got none money.

1	O true for you.	so that they are
a	I've got too many	
b	There are a lot of	in my bedroom.
C	I haven't got enough	of the Rivident Aug
d	I don't drink much	L.
e	I eat plenty of	
f	I don't know any	12
	I read loads of	otal

#### Vocabulary Describing everyday objects

1 1 Each of these two items often have something in common. What is it? Think about the material, the shape, the size, what they are used for, etc. Use words and expressions from page 85 of the Students' Book



shoes and handbags
They're both made of leather.
a window and a wine bottle
a knife and scissors
a camera and a torch
sellotape and glue
a briefcase and a basket
DA NA SALES
a diamond ring and a painting by Picasso
a jumper and a scarf
a glass ornament and a vase
77

# Listen and read eBay

12 a T8.4 Listen and/or read the text about eBay. Choose the best answers to the questions.

qı	uestions.
1	eBay is a a shop b a website c an office
2	The writer things on eBay.
	a bought b found c sold
3	You can buy and sell things on eBay
	a lots of different b unusual c expensive
4	People can use eBay.
	a in Europe b in the USA c all over the world
	Listen and/or read again and answer the lestions.
1	You want to sell something on eBay. What three things do you have to do?
2	You want to buy the following things. Which category would you look in?
	a a ticket for the 2002 Football World Cup final
	b a motorcycle
	c an apartment in Chicago
	d a pretty ornament of a cat

- How did people find out about the company before
   1996?

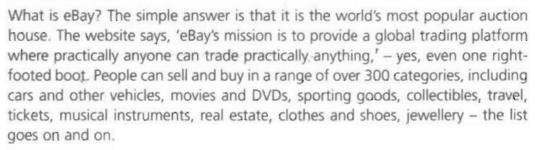
   When did a lot of Internet companies have
- 4 When did a lot of Internet companies have problems?
- 5 Has eBay ever had any serious problems?
- 6 Who is the Chief Executive Officer of eBay?
- 7 How does eBay make a profit?
- 8 Did the writer manage to sell everthing?



Yesterday I cleared up my house and I mean really cleared up my house.

The room that gave the most results was my husband's 'office.' There I found: one right-footed walking boot, size 10 (he lost the other one somewhere), a garden badminton set, complete with rackets and a net (we decided to get fit last summer and played with it once),

a set of Star Wars videos and two small china cats someone gave me last birthday. I collected these and other 'finds', took them downstairs and logged on to www.eBay.com: the answer to all our rubbish – or 'one person's junk is another person's treasure.'



The idea came from Peter Omidyar. Born in Paris, Omidyar, moved to Washington when he was still a child. At High School he became very interested in computer programming and after graduating from Tuft University in 1988, he worked for the next few years as a computer engineer. In his free time he started eBay as a kind of hobby, originally offering the service free by word of mouth. By 1996 there was so much traffic on the site that he had to upgrade and he began charging a fee to members. Joined by a friend, Peter Skoll, and in 1998 by his dynamic CEO, Meg Whitman, he has never looked back. Even in the great dot com crashes of the late 1990s eBay went from strength to strength. It is now one of the ten most visited online shopping sites on the Internet.

If you think about it, it's a perfect Internet idea. It sells connections not goods, putting buyer and seller into contact with each other. All you have to do is take an e-photo, write a description, fill out a sales form and you're in business; the world is your market place. Oh, and of course for each item sold eBay gets a percentage and that is a great deal of money: Everyday there are more than sixteen million items listed on eBay and eighty percent of items are sold.

Some of the more bizarre items up for offer have been a piece of French toast, partially eaten by Justin Timberlake, advertising space on a man's head, a pair of used false teeth, and 'Nothing' (the seller said he would give the profits to a local university).

One week later I am the proud possessor of a clean and tidy home and €110 in cash. Someone even bought the boot.

### Pronunciation

/3/, /ʃ/, /dʒ/ and /tʃ/

Compare these sounds: television shop journey teacher /3/ /5/ /d3/ /tf/

13 Listen to the words in the box (or say them aloud) and complete the table.

anti-social channel digital feature instruction machine manufactured tissues messaging passion. picture switch possession re-charge revision stationers sharp technology washing machine television old-fashioned

/3/	/ʃ/	/d3/	/t <u>[</u> /
	anti-social	( 1977 / 27 19	
		8	
		30.00	
		hegas h	

b Listen again and repeat the words.

### Improve your writing Formal and informal styles

1 4 a Look at the two letters about things which have been lost. The first is informal and the second is more formal. Complete the gaps with the phrases.

I don't suppose you've found it / I do hope it has been found

could you post it / I would be grateful if you could send it let me know how much the postage is / I will of course pay for postage

....

I am writing to enquire whether / Just writing to say

46 Broom Way	
23rd February	The state of the s
Dear Andy,	
(1) Just writing to say last weekend. We both had a rea	
The only thing is, I've lost one of wearing it on Sunday and when it. Perhaps it fell off while I was the garden.	we got home, I couldn't find playing with the children in
(2)	fundo (1981) com el
I don't know if you remember it.	
with a blue stone set in it. The ea me because they were a birthday	
If you do happen to find it, (3)_	CONTRACT DEBUTE
to me? Obviously, (4)	Leadel Sex Lands
Anyway, I'll keep my fingers cros	ssed!
Lots of love,	
Ingrid	

	245 No. 34 19W - 27 27
	22 Prince Avenue, Horbury
The Manager,	
Sherbon Hotel,	
Vermont	
27th March	
Dear Sir/Madam,	
(5)	you have found a camera
	room last weekend. I was staying 23rd. I am almost certain that I edside cabinet.
(6)	since it is a very expensive
	mpact, in a black leather case with
(7)	by registered post to the
77.7	model of a characters of the second
Yours faithfully,	
Ian Crompton	

b Imagine that you have just finished a language course in the UK, and you realise that you have left something in a classroom. Write to the school to ask about it. The address is: Success Language School, Dewbury Road, Brighton.

# MODULE 9

#### Vocabulary Prepositions

Complete the sentences with a word from each box. The phrases all come from Reading and vocabulary on pages 92 of the Students' book.

	amounted glued idea launched linked turned value way			
(	down from of of on to to			
а	During the first moon landing in 1969, millions of people wereglued to their televisions.			
b	In the nineteenth century most people thought the flight was nonsense.			
С	None of Schiller's early experiments before he was thirty anything.			
d	By the end of the 1970s vinyl records were their out.			
e	Several publishers his book before			
	it was eventually accepted.			
f	My computer is the network via a			
	modem.			
9	The discovery of penicillin wasenormous			
	in the Second World War.			
h				
	Making predictions with vill/won't  Put will ('ll) or won't in the best place in the			
1	sentences.			
a	Don't worry. I/forget!			
0	Why don't you buy Meg this bag? She love it!			
	I know I win but I buy a lottery ticket every week.			
d	Let me make a photocopy. It take long.			
e	There be lots of food at the party.			
F	The flight takes hours so you arrive at ten o'clock.			

Don't panic. The coach go without you!

h I'm going to the conference in Lisbon. You be there?

li	kely to
(1)	Complete the sentences with is/are/isn't/aren't likely to and the verb in brackets.
a	You <u>'re likely to find</u> (find) the food strange at first.
b	The weather (get) worse, so bring an umbrella.
C	
d	The news (be) bad. They think of lot of people were hurt.
e	You (not improve) if you don't practise.
f	We (sleep) much tonight. They're having a party next door.
9 m	Passengers (experience) long delays at the airport.
4	a Complete the answers using may well and a verb from the box.
c	ancel fail find get married leave snow
1	A: I've never done any Salsa dancing before.  B: In that case, youmay well find it best to take some lessons.
2	A: Melanie seems unhappy in her job.  B: Yes. She the company soon.

A: I am phoning to check my flight. It's BA 2517.
 B: Conditions are very poor at the moment and

3 A: How long have Jon and Sylvie been going out

в: Almost a year now and they \_\_\_\_\_

B: In two days' time. I feel okay about the practical but I \_\_\_\_\_ the written exam.

6 A: It's very cold, isn't it? Have you seen the weather forecast today?

B: Yes. It \_\_\_\_\_ later.

b 19.1 Listen and check.

with each other?

next year.

### Different ways of making predictions

Reorder the words in these sentences. The first word is underlined.



tonight / see / <u>I'll</u> / definitely / Ray I'll definitely see Ray tonight.
probably / pass / <u>Carlos</u> / his / exam / won't
stay / New York / decide / in / <u>Teresa</u> / may / to
get / isn't / to / <u>Sandy</u> / job / likely / the
next / almost / <u>I'll</u> / computing / year / do / certainly / a / course
so / could / us / late / don't / We / for / wait / be
weekend / away / probably / <u>We</u> / this / go / won's
loads / are / on / There / the / likely / beach / be /

6	a Rewrite these sentences so that they mean the same, using the words in brackets.
1	Brazil are likely to win the World Cup.
	Brazil _may well win the World Cup. (may well)
2	I'm sure we won't have time to do any sightseeing. We
	We (definitely)
3	It'll probably rain before the end of the day.  It
	(likely)
4	Perhaps my friend Mari will be a famous actress one day.
	My friend Mari
	(could)
5	My boss is very unlikely to agree to the pay rise.  My boss
	. (almost certainly)
6	I think you'll recognise my sister when you see her.
	You (probably)
7	We probably won't get back from the theatre before midnight.
	We
8	I'm sure that our teacher will give us a lot of homework for the weekend.
	Our teacher
	(almost certainly)
b usi	19.2 Listen to the sentences and change them, ng the prompts given.
You	i hear: You say:
1	Brazil are likely

to win the World Cup.

(may well)

Brazil may well win

the World Cup.

# Vocabulary Society and change

7	a Write ↑ or ↓.
1	become more (+ adjective)
2	decrease
3	go up
4	get better
5	fall
6	become less (+ adjective)
7	increase
8	deteriorate
9	get worse
10	go down
11	improve
12	rise

b Complete the newspaper articles using different phrases from part a. (More than one phrase is possible in each case.)

#### UK divorce rate improves

The number of people who get divorced has

(1) <u>decreased / fallen / gone down</u> to a tenyear low according to the Office for National Statistics. There were 144,600 divorces last year compared with 158,000 ten years ago. It is the third year that the number of divorces has

(2) \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Unfortunately, however, getting divorced is becoming a habit. The number of people divorcing for the second or third time has

(3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ sharply. It is now almost double the number of ten years ago.

Equality at work?
The number of working women
dramatically in the last fifty
years. In 1960 one in four married women went out to work. Today, nearly three
out of four do so.
However, most employees in the lowest-paid
professions are women.  Their conditions of work
have not (5) much, and
it is normal to work long hours for minimum
pay. In some cases, in fact, the conditions have
since the 1960s, with employers demanding longer hours at difficult
times. To balance this, it has
(7) easier for women to
climb to the top of their profession and the
number of female
managers, directors,
top lawyers and
doctors is
significantly greater.

#### Geniuses should not get married

Geniuses should not get married, according to Dr Satoshi Kanazawa of New Zealand. Male scientists tend to have their biggest successes before their mid-thirties and after that their ability to invent or discover something important rapidly (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Just like male birds and animals, young men are competitive and want to attract females; their creativity (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_ during their twenties and thirties, but as soon as they get married and have families, it begins to disappear.

# Hypothetical possibilities with if

br	ackets.			
1	If you won a lot of money, what would			
	you do with it? (win, do)			
2	What you if someone			
	to rob you in the street? (do, try)			
3	If you on the motorway,			
	you of the car ? (break down, get out			
4	you what to do if			
	someone their arm badly? (know, cut			
5	If you a friend of yours was stealing			
	money from his company,you			
	anyone? (know, tell)			
6	you safe walking home			
	alone at night in your town? (feel)			
7	If someone you a free bungee jump,			
	what you? (offer, do) you ever raw meat?			
8.				
	(eat)			
b	Match these answers to the questions above.			
a	If I was hungry enough, yes, I would.			
b	I think I'd probably tie something round it.			
С	No, I wouldn't. I'd lock the doors and stay inside.			
d	I might do it for the experience if I was feeling brave!			
е	I might tell another friend so that we could decide what to do.			
f	I'd probably just give him all my money and run.			
	No, I definitely wouldn't. It's too dangerous			
9	after dark here.			



c W	nat would you do in the situations in part a.
	your answers using I'd, I wouldn't, I might, I
could.	The section and the site of the section of
1	Land Television
2	A SHEET AND A SHEE
3	1 towitasho a state and
4	3/01
5	Oly all
6	reflect ten
7	
8	a perium les centreles assistantes a
Rea	l and hypothetical
pos	sibilities with if
	Complete the gaps in these conversations with e best form of the verb in brackets.
-	ARE'S GOING TO HAVE A BABY. SHE'S TALKING TO HER RIEND JACKIE ABOUT IT.
Clare:	I can't decide whether to have the baby in hospital or not.
VCKIE.	Well, I (a) 'd go (go) into hospital, especially a
	it's your first baby.
CLARE:	Yes, you're probably right.
	Have you decided on a name yet?
	Yes - if it (b) (be) a boy, we
- 1	(c) (call) him Tom, and if it
	(d) (be) a girl, Sara.
LE	M'S MOTHER IS VERY WORRIED BECAUSE SHE'S HAD A TTER FROM HIS SCHOOL, SAYING THAT HE HAS MISSED LOT OF LESSONS.
	: Why aren't you going to your classes?
IM:	Because they're so boring: I (a)
	(go) if they (b) (be) more
	interesting. And I always get bad marks.
MOTHER	: Well, that's not surprising: if you
	(c) (spend) less time playing
	computer games and (d) (work)
	harder, you (e) (not have) so
	many problems.

b 19.3 Listen and check.

# If sentences in social situations

We often use if sentences in the following ways:

- Asking for permission:
   Would you mind if I opened the window?
   Would you mind if I left early today?
- Giving advice:
   If I were you, I'd go home.
   You'll feel much better if you have a rest.
- Making offers:
   I'll phone her if you like.
   I'll fetch your car if you give me the keys.
- Accepting invitations: Thank you, that would be very nice.

1	0	a Use the prompts to write complete
1	U	sentences or questions for these situations.

- 1 Your friend has a letter to post. You are going out and offer to post it. What do you say?

  I / post it / if / want

  I'll post it if you want.

  2 It's your first evening with a host family in England
- 2 It's your first evening with a host family in England and you want to telephone home. How do you ask your landlady? all right / if / I / use / phone?
- 3 Your friend is expecting a call from John, but she has to go out. What do you say?
  I / take / message / if / he / phone
- 4 You're on a crowded train and you want to open a window. How do you ask the other passengers? anyone mind / if / I / open a window?
- 5 Your car's broken down and a friend offers to take you home. What does he say?
  I / give / you / lift / if / like
- 6 A friend invites you to eat in a new restaurant. What do you say? That / be / great!
- 7 It's snowing heavily and your friend wants to drive home. How do you advise her?
  I / not / drive in this weather / if / I / be / you

b 19.4 Listen to the situations and respond, using the prompts.

You hear:

You say:

Your friend has a letter to post. You are going out and offer to post it.

I'll post it if you want.

I'll ...

#### Wordspot

#### make

1 1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *make* and the phrases in the box.

of leather a decision a drink a mistake a noise a suggestion an appointment sure

a	Can I <u>make a suggestio</u>	? Why don't	we have		
	lunch now and discuss this later?				
b	I'm sorry, I think I've	SUOV 26 70	The		

answer should be 40,000 not 4,000!

c I'll \_\_\_\_\_ everyone \_\_\_\_\_ . What would you like, coffee or tea?

d Our company's handbags used to be
\_\_\_\_\_\_ but nowadays we use some
plastic as well.

e Before you go on a long car journey you need to

f The computer is \_\_\_\_\_\_ terrible \_\_\_\_\_\_. What should I do?

g Doctor Maynard is free at four o'clock. Would you like to \_\_\_\_\_ ?

h It has taken a long time to \_\_\_\_\_but we have decided to go to New York for our holiday.



# Stuck on a desert island?

12 a If you were stuck on a desert island, what three things would you miss most and what three things would you miss least about your life?

most		
	Siel O	230125-553
east	~	
	A 11-1-	

b 19.5 Listen to and/or read the discussion on a website. Did any of the people choose the same things as you?

- c Who ...
- 1 would be lonely?
- 2 would not enjoy the silence?
- 3 would miss food or drink?
- 4 would hate being on a desert island?

### d Are these statements true (T) or false (F)?

- Steve would be bored by too much sunny weather.
- 2 Tomas would probably hate being alone.
- 3 Nobody would miss living in a city.
- 4 Paola hates getting letters.
- 5 Three people would miss technology.
- 6 Jaime enjoys school.

### TALKINGPOINTS.com

### Stuck on a desert island?

Started on 23rd August by Steve B

Posts 1-7 of 42

### Post 1

Steve, USA

Hi everyone,
What would you miss most and
least if you were stuck on a
desert island? For me it would
be the changing seasons,
especially the fall in New
England. Sure, it would be
fantastic to have non-stop sun,
but I'd miss the colours of the
seasons. I guess this will sound
stupid but I'd probably miss the
rain too! I wouldn't miss getting
up at six every day to go to
work, though! What about you?

### Post 2 Tomas, Germany

Good question, Steve. I think I'd miss the pastries and different types of bread, and shopping at the local markets, and sausages, although I suppose I could try and make my own. So, yeah, the food. I'd miss the food most. What would I miss least? My mobile – I'd like to be completely un-contactable – at least for a little while.

### Post 3

Paola, Italy

I would miss the company of people because I know I'd like to have someone to share experiences with. For instance, if there was a fantastic sunrise I'd want someone to be there to enjoy it with me. I'm a sociable sort of person and i'd go mad on my own. And I definitely wouldn't miss junk mail – I hate coming home every evening and finding a pile of junk mail in my post box.

#### Post 4

Miko, Japan

Hi

I would miss Manga cartoons, the Internet and Japanese food, like nori, sushi and Japanese beef. I'd also miss TV shows and shopping for clothes ... and my two dogs. In fact, I'd miss everything.

#### Post 5

Roger, UK

I would miss my daily newspaper and listening to the news on the TV and radio. I'd feel very cut off if I didn't know what was happening in the world. If you gave me a radio, then I'd be perfectly happy to live on a desert island for the rest of my life. What I'd miss least would be traffic jams in the city, particularly my journey to work.

### Post 6

Jayne, Canada

Why hasn't anyone mentioned their family? I'd be lost without my husband and two kids. They're the most important things for me. Maybe coffee too. I can't get started in the morning without a cup of black coffee. I wouldn't miss doing the housework. Just think, no more cleaning or washing up! And it'd be good to be able to relax as much as I wanted.

#### Post 7

Jaime, Mexico

It would have to be music. I couldn't live without my music! I wouldn't miss going to school at all or doing homework!

### Real life Saying numbers

a 19.6 Listen and circle the number you 5 hear. Then listen again and repeat the numbers.

**	1 (0/ /	1001
	16% /	DI PWo

- 2 15,025 / 50,025
- 3 1.5 million / 1.5 billion
- 4 13°C / 30°C
- 5 1,045 km<sup>2</sup> / 1,450 km<sup>2</sup>
- 6 a profit of 20% / a profit of 21%

h	Mirita	tha	numbers	in	£, .11
IJ.	AALIFE	uie	numbers	111	Tull.

- 1 47% forty-seven per cent
- 2 \$12,265
- 3 15 m<sup>2</sup>
- 4 €305,000
- 5 30°C
- 70 km / hr \_\_\_\_\_
- 10,000,000
- 4.3

### Pronunciation

11/

The sound /A/ can be spelt in different ways: lunch tough INI INI

a Underline nine words in the box which 4 contain /s/.

public	stomach	burn	luxury	cough	rough
through	money	woman	push	enough	1
budget	tongue	encourag	ge hug	ge	

- b 197 Listen to the words and repeat them.
- Complete the sentences with the words in the box.
- There's a \_\_public \_\_telephone over there.
- Have you had \_\_\_\_\_ cake?
- 3 Ow! I've bitten my \_\_\_\_
- 4 She tried to \_\_\_\_\_ me to apply for the job.
- Don't go swimming today the sea's too \_
- 6 Ian hit me in the \_\_\_\_\_.

- 7 Could you lend me some \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 8 Many years ago, chocolate used to be a \_\_\_\_
- 9 Has your department planned its \_\_\_\_\_ for next year?

### Vocabulary booster

### Money

5 a Put the expressions with money in the columns below. Which two words don't belong in either column?

£	\$ € £	\$ €	2\$€£	\$ € 8
4	borrow	earn	give away	inherit to
69	invest	lend	lose	money 69
	save	spend	steal	take
CY	waste	win		3
€	\$ € £	\$ €	2\$€£	\$ € &

m	oney comes to you	money goes from you
	borrow	

- b Choose the best answer: a, b or c.
- 1 Why do you buy lottery tickets? You're \_\_\_\_\_ your money.
  - a spending b giving away (c wasting)
- 2 Could you me €20 until tomorrow? a borrow b lend
- 3 Bill Gates \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money to charity.
  - a gives away b saves
- 4 Christine Onassis \_\_\_\_\_ a fortune from her father. a earned b took c inherited
- 5 I \_\_\_\_\_ my wallet on the train.
- b stole c wasted
- 6 Could I possibly \_\_\_\_\_ \$3,000 from the bank?
  - a lend
- b invest
- c borrow
- 7 She used to be wealthy but she \_\_\_\_\_ most of her money in dot com companies in the 1990s. a invested b lost c wasted
- 8 The thief \_\_\_\_\_ a diamond ring worth €8,000. b stole a spent c gave away
- 9 The Director \_\_\_\_\_ twenty times as much as the teachers.
  - a wins
- b takes c earns

## Improve your writing Opening a bank account

If you go to stay in an English-speaking country for more than a few months you may want to open a bank account.

Application to open a current acco	PLEASE COMPLETE IN BLOCK CAPITALS
Title:	What type of other bank or building society accounts do you hold?  Current Savings/Deposit Other  How many of each of the following payment cards do you have?  Credit card Store cards Debit cards  Employment status (e.g. full-time / part-time / student):  Job title (e.g. Sales assistant):  Employer's name and address / Place of study:  When did you start working for your current employer / start your course of studies? Month Year  Mother's maiden name:  (This personal information may be required as identification for security measures only.)
When did you move to your current address?  Month	Signature

16 a Look at the vocabulary from the application form and match each word or phrase (1–9) with a definition/example (a–i).

- 1 title -
- 2 marital status
- 3 mother's maiden name
- 4 current account
- 5 deposit account
- 6 postcode
- 7 store card
- 8 credit card
- 9 debit card

- a single married divorced
- b You can use this card to buy something and pay at the end of the month.
- c You use this account for saving.
- d Your mother's surname before she was married.
- e Mrs Mr Ms Miss
- f You can use this card to buy things at a particular shop, e.g. a department store.
- g You can take money from this account whenever you like.
- h You can use this card in the same way as a cheque. The money is taken directly from your bank account.
- SE4 2NP (this shows the area that you live in).

- b You have come to the UK for a year. Decide whether you have come to:
- work for FBT Inc. as a trainee manager. The company's office is at: 7 Grosvenor Place, London WC1 2RP.
- take an English course. The address of the school is: International English, 40 Baker Street, London NW1.

You have rented a flat at this address: Flat 3, 2 Croxted Road, London SE14 2PQ. Phone number: 0208 629 4731. Complete the bank application form and ask your teacher to check it.

# MODULE 10

### Vocabulary Types of story

People were asked 'What book are you going to take on holiday this year?' Complete what they said. The words are from Vocabulary and speaking on page 102 of the Students' Book.



by Michael Crichton. I know the plots are

u <u>n r e a l i s t i c</u>, but who cares?

An Agatha Christie book.

Ten people in an old house, one gets killed.

Great! There's nothing better than an old-fashioned c \_ \_ \_ story.

I like Patricia Cornwell. I know
her books are quite violent, but the plots are
very c\_\_\_\_\_

I'm going to Romania and
there's an old l \_ \_ \_ \_ that Count Dracula
lived in a castle nearby, so I'm going to
re-read Dracula.

e

I'm going to try War and Peace.

I started it once but I found all the different characters very c \_ \_ \_ and I couldn't follow the story.

Gabriel García Márquez. I love the characters and the h \_ \_ \_ e \_ \_ .

h Anything by Terry Pratchett.

His Diskworld series is set in a whole new world and I think he's one of the best f\_\_\_\_ writers ever.

Nelson Mandela's autobiography,

Long Walk to Freedom. I've read it several times

and I find it very m \_\_\_\_\_.

A good d \_\_\_\_\_ story, maybe

a Sherlock Holmes story. You know, something
with a murder or two and an interesting
main character.

I like poetry. I've just bought Ted Hughes'

Tales from Ovid, which are poems about the old

Greek m \_ \_ \_ .

I'm taking my little daughter and so I think a book of f \_ \_ \_ t \_ \_ , you know, Sleeping Beauty, Snow White and the Seven Dwarves, something traditional, with pictures.

m I'd like something that makes me think, something with a m \_ \_ \_ .

n A good old r\_\_\_\_\_, you know
the sort of thing: beautiful young girl,
good looking, powerful man and it takes them
the 400 pages to get together. Just the sort
of thing for a holiday read!

### Listen and read The world's funniest jokes

The University of Hertfordshire conducted research to find the funniest jokes in the world. 350,000 people visited a special site to submit jokes and to vote for their favourite. Here are some of the results of the year-long experiment.

T10.1 Listen to and/or read the jokes and match them with the pictures.



A woman gets on a bus with her baby. The bus driver says, 'That's the ugliest baby I've ever seen!' The woman is furious. She says to a man sitting next to her, 'The driver was extremely rude to me.' The man says, 'Go and speak to him. Go ahead, I'll hold your monkey for you.'





### The top joke in Northern Ireland

A doctor says to his patient, 'I have bad news and worse news.' 'Oh dear, what's the bad news?' asks the patient. The doctor replies, 'You only have twenty-four hours to live.' 'That's terrible,' says the patient. 'How can the news possibly be worse?' The doctor replies, 'I've been trying to contact you since yesterday.'

### The top joke in Canada

When the space organisation NASA first started sending up astronauts they discovered ballpoint pens would not work in zero gravity. To solve the problem, NASA scientists spent ten years and \$12 billion to develop a pen that would write in zero gravity, upside down, under water, on all types of surface, and at temperatures ranging from below freezing to 300°C. The Russians used a pencil.

### The top joke in Germany

A general noticed one of his soldiers behaving strangely. The soldier used to pick up every piece of paper that he saw, look at it, and say, 'That's not it.' This went on for some time until the general arranged for a psychologist to see the man. The psychologist decided that the man was crazy and wrote a letter to say he should leave the army. The soldier picked it up, smiled and said, 'That's it!'

### Pronunciation

### Sentence stress

3 a T10.2 Listen again to the first joke in exercise 2. Underline the stressed words.

A <u>woman</u> gets on a <u>bus</u> with her <u>baby</u>. The bus driver says, 'That's the ugliest baby I've ever seen!' The woman is furious. She says to a man sitting next to her, 'The driver was extremely rude to me.' The man says, 'Go and speak to him. Go ahead, I'll hold your monkey for you.'

b Practise telling the joke, paying attention to the stress.

### The top joke in the World

Two New Jersey hunters are out in the woods when one of them falls down. He doesn't seem to be breathing and he looks very white. The other man takes out his phone and calls the emergency services. 'My friend is dead! What can I do?' The operator says, 'Calm down. I can help. First go and make sure he is dead.' There is a silence, then a shot is heard. Back on the phone, the man says, 'OK, what next?'

_				
D -	200	P 10/20 /	erf	~~4
100	3 5 1	E 21	⊷r ii	<b>⊢</b> ε 1
	400	- l-	O1 11	

4 Complete the sentence with the correct Past perfect form of the verbs in the box.

				have travel		
2	Не а	sked why	I <u>hadn't</u>	finished t	he reports.	
0		e was no iy any.	coffee bec	ause Mark	(	
		n knew h nglish ex		q	lot of mista	kes in
d				for sale bu	it the owner t.	
9		children v		nungry be	cause they	
		certain I hey were		the	e keys on my	y desk
3	Dian	a was sui	e she		Tony befo	ore.
1			excited.	by p	lane before	so
	Mrs I	Dunn was	-	cause mos	st of the stud	lents
	Unite		THE RESERVE	ed becaus	e the team	

### Past perfect or Past simple

5 Complete the sentences with the best form of the verb in brackets. (In each sentence one verb should be in the Past perfect and the other(s) in the Past simple.)

a	As soon as th	e filmstarted (start) Beth
	realised she	'd seen (see) it before.
b	I	(be) surprised to find that Mr
	Cole	(leave) the day before.
C	Helen	(feel) much better after she
	-	(have) a good sleep.
d	The rain	(stop) by the time we
		(get) to the beach.
e	Melissa	(be) angry because her
	brother	(eat) all the chocolates.
f	When Julia _	(married) Scott she
		(not realise) he
	(be married)	pefore.

(feel) rather(sing) an old blues(never hear) before. rite) the letter I raightaway(know) Alan for a few ask) her out to dinner.  or Past perfect g for the sentences.
(sing) an old blues _ (never hear) before. rite) the letter I raightaway (know) Alan for a few ask) her out to dinner.  or Past perfect g for the sentences.
(never hear) before.  rite) the letter I raightaway.  (know) Alan for a few ask) her out to dinner.  IT Past perfect It for the sentences.
rite) the letter I raightaway (know) Alan for a few ask) her out to dinner.  or Past perfect g for the sentences.
rite) the letter I raightaway (know) Alan for a few ask) her out to dinner.  or Past perfect g for the sentences.
raightaway (know) Alan for a few ask) her out to dinner.  or Past perfect g for the sentences.
_ (know) Alan for a few ask) her out to dinner.  or Past perfect g for the sentences.
osk) her out to dinner.  Or Past perfect g for the sentences.
or Past perfect g for the sentences.
g for the sentences.
· z
1
ges.
es, aking up and
aking up and ner for three months.
er for three months.
use
from Florida.
from Florida.
est restaurant
hock because
15
5
ll week.
week.
he Past perfect.
he Past perfect.
he Past perfect.
ith your own ideas. Use he Past perfect.

5 Sue played really badly because \_\_\_

### Vocabulary booster Criminals and crimes

7 a Match the criminals in the box to the definitions.

	sonist ugger	burglar murderer	fraudster robber		kidnapper <del>thief</del>
1	the ge	eneral word	for a perso	on who stea	ls_thief
2	a pers	son who ste	eals from pe	eople or pla	ces
3	a pers	son who bro	eaks into a	house and	steals
4	a pers		als from sh	nops when t	hey are
5	550	son who att		one in the st	reet and
5	a pers	on who sto	rts fires	Contract Con-	
,	a pers	son who kil	ls someone	(not by acc	ident)
3	_	on who tak		e and asks i	for money
9		on who take or ship ill		of an aerop	lane,
)	a pers	on who dec	ceives peop	le to get mo	nev

b Complete the table.

	Person	Verb	Crime
1	burglar	to burgle	burglary
2	murderer		S 1 40 8 7 1
3	shoplifter	Segrada by	
4	kidnapper		
5	fraudster		ng reason o
6	robber		entre in a
7	mugger		and agent of the Rich
8	thief		Y30
9	arsonist		====
10	hijacker	- 7	

c T10.3 Listen and check. Then practise saying the words. Mark the main stress on all the words in the table in exercise 6.

## Vocabulary Language of the law

Replace the definitions in bold with a phrase from Reading and vocabulary on page 104 of the Students' Book. The phrase is the number of words in brackets.

a	Yesterday Malcolm Jan	mes appeared in	front of a
	judge in central Londo	on. (2 words)	in court

- b Two robbers in Buenos Airies **tried** to rob the same bank four times. (1 word)
- c She was sure someone had **walked behind** her from the station. (1 word)
- d When Toby Caine was murdered, the police **thought** it was his wife. (1 word) \_\_\_\_\_
- e Two young boys have been **stopped and taken to the police station** for stealing a car. (1 word)

f	After the accident Christine was asked	questions	by
	detectives for three hours. (1 word)	11.13	

- g In court Maria Delgada said she had done the crime. (2 words) \_\_\_\_\_
- h Joseph Lewis was taken to the police station and was formally told by the police that he had done the crime. (1 word) \_\_\_\_\_
- i At the end of a nine-month court case, the judge decided that the company had not done anything wrong. (2 words)



### Reported speech

9 a Stacy, a single woman from London, first met Sam on the Internet.

Here is some of the information he wrote about himself on the website.

Name Sam Boyd I live in Los Angeles. Location Occupation I'm an actor. Do you have a girlfriend? I'm not seeing anyone at the moment. Previous relationships Nothing serious. I've never been married. In 2004 I was engaged to a girl from Florida but we broke up. Next visit I'll be in the UK on business next March.

Unfortunately, 'Sam Boyd' didn't exist. He was a criminal who already had three 'wives' in different parts of the world. Later Stacy sold her story to a magazine. Complete the gaps in the article.

e told me (1) <u>his</u> name (2) \_\_ Sam Boyd, but I found out later that his real name is Michael Rackham. He said he (3) \_\_\_\_\_ in Los Angeles and that he (4) \_\_\_\_\_ an actor but actually he had never had a job or a permanent address. The worst thing was that he said he (5) \_\_\_ anyone and that he (6) \_\_\_\_\_ married, but the police records showed that he already has three 'wives'; one in Texas, one in Turkey and one in Austria. And as for the woman in Florida he said that he (7) \_\_\_\_\_ engaged to, we found out later that he was talking about his sister who lives there! He told me he (8) \_\_\_\_\_ in the UK on business in March. He'll get an unwelcome surprise then. The police will be waiting for him!

b T10.4 Listen and check.

1	a Complete the sentences with a reported form of the statements.
	Fifty-six people have been killed in a train crash.
	6 I practised eight hours every day.
	6 The world is flat. 9
	6 I've just got married. 9
	6 Stephen's doing very well at maths. 9
	You can be anything you want to be!
6	I'm sure I heard somebody in the garden, Inspector.
6	People in Brazil use the Internet more than anyone.
	6 It'll rain overnight. 9
1	When I interviewed Mrs Taylor she said that <u>she</u> was sure she'd heard somebody in the garden
2	On the weather forecast last night they said
3	Stephen's teacher told us
4	When I was young my father told me
5	They said on the news this morning that
6	600 years ago people thought that
7	I've just been reading an article in Computer Monthly which said that
8	My ex-boyfriend sent me a letter saying that
9	Wayne Rider, the new tennis star, said that when he was young
b pro	T10.5 Listen to some statements and use the ompts to report them.
You	u hear: You say:
1	I'm tired. Jack said he was tired.

### Reported questions

- Alessandro has just arrived in London. He wants to improve his English and yesterday he had a interview at a language school. He's telling his friend about the questions he was asked.
- a Put the words in the reported questions in the correct order.
- 1 asked / what / She / my / me / was / name She asked me what my name was.
- job / me / wanted / She / was / what / know / to
- 3 I / She / me / I / in / had / asked / London / when / arrived
- lived / wanted / in / She / if / to / I / Rome / know
- in / was / I / asked / London / She / where / me / living
- 'd / long / T / been / me / She / English / learning / how / asked
- I / to / wanted / liked / She / if / know / England
- Write the interviewer's original questions.
- What's your name? 1 2
- 3
- 4

a Clare has just arrived at San Francisco airport where her friend Josh is meeting her. Clare took a long time to go through immigration. Report the questions that she was asked.



- 1 Where are you from? He asked me where I was from.
- 2 Are you here on holiday?
- . 3 Are you travelling alone?
  - Did you pack your suitcases yourself?
  - Have you been to the USA before?
  - How long will you be in the country?
- Do you know anyone in San Francisco?
- Where are you going to stay?
- How much money do you have with you?
- b T10.6 Listen to the questions and report them.

You hear: You say:

Where are you from?

He asked me where I was from.

## Wordspot say and tell

- I told to Fran that I'd be late. tell + object
- I said Fran I'd be late, say without object
- I said to Fran that I'd be late.
   say + to + object

### 13 a Five of these sentences have mistakes. Find the mistakes and correct them.

- 1 Sorry, what did you tell? say
- 2 The press report said the President had been in an accident.
- 3 Matthew hasn't told his boss that he's leaving yet.
- 4 Pat's father said her she should be more polite.
- 5 Danny told he was going to the USA.
- 6 Tell to your brother that you're sorry.
- 7 Mr Stuart said a lot about the new plans.
- 8 Could you say me your name again, please.

### b Circle the correct verb say or tell and complete the gaps with the words in the box.

			goodbye truth wha	-,	
1			a goodja	120	
2	Her late		/told Tanya _	1011 11 11	for being
3		woman asks tell her the _	s you 'Do I lo	ok fa <b>t</b> in th	is?' never
4	Jo le	eft the party	without sayin	g/telling	
5		k I've <i>said/to</i> et about it?	ld	Can't w	e just
6			note to her for her for her Christ		
7			ell me n the Presider		
8		ked her if she Itold	e would go or	ut with me	but she
9		7.1	me the		veen the
10	The	girl at the H	lelpdesk was	great. I exp	lained the
	prol	olem and she	e <i>soi</i> d/told me		_ to do.

## Vocabulary Adverbs for telling stories

1 4 Complete the sentences from an e-mail about moving to Russia with the adverbs in the box.

The state of the s	the contract of the contract o	gradually surprisingly	
Send Address	New )	Message - 1	Delite   Normal
		sburg, I (a) _imm	
	SIK TO SECTION	a similar for the	
		tting around at fi	
the second of the second of the second		people are very k	ind and
helped m	e when I got lo	st on the Metro.	
	ussian lessons a	and my speaking	is
III A PALAY TO COM		liant. (d)	
	October).	November this y	yea <b>r</b> (usually it
	radually beca		61 - 61
Last Tuesday	it (e)	started sno	owing in the
middle of the	afternoon at w	ork and it hasn't	stopped since
(f)	it's a lo	clean and not to	
	ast Metro bome		11.3 (0.1
Lung waiting	for a taxi when	n a man came up	to me and

A young man came and helped me. He waited with me until (h) \_\_\_\_\_\_ a taxi arrived.

I felt quite frightened.

started talking to me very loudly. I think he'd been

drinking and (g) \_

### Improve your writing Checking for mistakes

Here is a Japanese legend written by a student. The teacher has marked the mistakes using the following code. Look at the code and correct the mistakes.

for a missing word

sp for spelling

wo for word order

vf for verb form www for a wrong word

ww

wo

### Tsuru no On-gaeshi: The Crane

Once there was/poor hunter who lived in Japan. One day he was hunting and he find a crane caught in a tree. He felt sorry for the crane and he freed it. Than he went home and forgot about it.

A few days later, a lovely woman came to the hunter's house. They felt in ww love and they got married. His wife new was kind and beautiful but he didn't WO have enugh money for two people. She saw his problems and offered to sp weave some fabric so that he could sell it in the market - but she said him that he must never watch her.

She stayed in the weaving hut during three days. At last she came out with a ww beuatiful fabric called Tsuru-no-senba-ori (thousand feathers of a crane). The hunter sold the fabric for a lot gold. The hunter quickly spent all the gold and he asked her several times to make fabric more. The hunter became richer WO and richer but his wife gradually became thiner and thiner. sp (x2)

Eventually, she said that she can not work because she was too tired. But her husband was greedy and asked her to weave the fabric once longer. Three days passed, then four, then five, but she not did come out of the hut. In the end, on the WO sixth morning, hunter was so worried that he finally looked through the window of the hut. To his surprising, it was not a woman but a crane that was weaving. ww

Finally, his wife came out from the weaving hut with the fabric in arms. She said, 'You have seen my true appearance, so I not can stay with you any longer.' Then she changed into a crane and fly away.





# MODULE 11

Obligation and permission	7 Monday's a holiday so we to go to school until Tuesday.
Rewrite the sentences replacing the words in bold with the correct form of is/are allowed to	
a You can't smoke here.	9 Guests have breakfast any time between 7.00 and 9.00 a.m.
You aren't allowed to smoke here.	10 I know I really smoke so much, but
b You can walk on the grass.	it helps me to relax.  11 You sign your name in this book
c Is it okay for us to use a calculator?	when you enter or leave the building.
d Visitors <b>must not</b> touch the exhibits.	b T11.1 Listen and check. Then practise saying the sentences, paying attention to the weak forms.
e On Saturdays we <b>can</b> stay up until ten o'clock.	Here are the answers to some questions about rules. First decide if they are about a language
f Children under five cannot use the swimming po without an adult.	class (LC), a library (LIB) or a sports club (SC). Then use the prompts to make complete questions.  a You can borrow four books at a timeLIB
g Can I hang pictures on the walls?	How many books / allowed / borrow / at a time? How many books am I allowed to borrow at a time?
2 a Complete the sentences with the words in the box.	?
should shouldn't can can't must mustn't ought have don't have are allowed aren't allowed	c You're allowed to keep them for a week How long / allowed / keep books?
1 You <u>have</u> to leave your keys at reception when you go out of the hotel.	
2 I think people spend more time wi	Have to / take a test?
their families and less time at work.  3 Passengers to walk around the pla	e Yes, bring a passport-sized photo for your membership card.
when it is taking off.	Should / bring a photo?
Dictionary C	f Well, if you miss too many, you won't get a certificate at the end of the course?
4 1	How many classes / allowed / miss?
4 Candidates to take a dictionary in the exam, but they can't take in a grammar boo	
5 You buy alcohol in a pub unless you're over eighteen.	
6 You look really tired. I think you to take a day off.	

### Short answers

### 4 Complete the short answers.

- a Can I pay now?

  Yes, \_\_you can\_\_ . How would you like to pay?
- Does Alan have to wear a school uniform?
   No, \_\_\_\_\_\_. For the first year children wear their normal clothes.
- c Am I allowed to take photos?

  I think \_\_\_\_\_\_ . It doesn't say you can't.
- d Can I watch the football?
  - No, \_\_\_\_\_. It's your bedtime.
- e Should I bow when I meet the director?

  I think . It's the custom here.
- f Do I have to take the medicine?

  Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_ if you want to get better.

### Vocabulary

### Rules

### 5 Complete the rules about driving with the words in the box.



crossings driving test fine lorries motorways park seat belt

- You aren't allowed to drive until you've passed your driving test .
- b You have to wear a \_\_\_\_\_
- c You often have to pay to \_\_\_\_\_\_ your car in the city centre.
- d You always have to stop at pedestrian \_\_\_\_\_
- e It's an offence to drive faster than 110 kph on British \_\_\_\_\_.
- f You usually have to pay a \_\_\_\_\_ if you are caught driving too fast.
- g \_\_\_\_ can't drive into the city centre between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.

## Obligation and permission in the past

Paolo has just finished his military service abroad and is talking about the rules and regulations in the army. Change his sentences to the past.

- a I have to get up at 5.30 a.m.
  I had to get up at 5.30 a.m.
- b I must clean my boots every day.
- c I'm not allowed to have long hair.
- d I can't e-mail home.
- e We can watch a movie every Saturday evening.
- f We are allowed go into town once a month.
- g I don't have to pay for my meals.
- Reorder the words in these conversations. The first word is underlined.
- a KIM AND PIETER ARE TALKING ABOUT A MATHS EXAM.

Kim: exam / to / calculator / Were / a / allowed / the / take / into / you ?

(1) Were you allowed to take a calculator into the exam?

PIETER: weren't / No / we

(2) \_\_\_\_\_

Kim: did / answer / many / have / How / questions / to / you ?

(3)

PIETER: three / We / do / in / had / hours / twenty / to

(4)

	RIZIA AND ITALO ARE TALKING ABOUT A	8	they w	people are talking about their lives when ere ten. Change the sentences (if
PATRIZIA:	up / allowed / you / late / to / Were / stay?	ne	ecessary)	so that they are true for you.
	The see in the pictures?	а	MARIA:	I had to wear white gloves and a hat to school.
▼ Latter region is				I didn't have to wear gloves or a hat.
Italo:	campfire / we / by / midnight / Yeah / until / sit / the / could  (2)	b	Јони:	I couldn't stay up after 8.00 p.m. during the week.
				for old
Patrizia:	get / early / you / up / <u>Did</u> / to / have ?	С	LISBETH:	We were allowed to wear whatever we
	(3)			wanted at school,
Italo:	to / nine / we / No / up / didn't / until / get / have	d	Anna:	I could go out to play with my friends whenever I wanted to.
	(4)			Commence (Oslag off) in the comment
	The state of the s	е	JANE:	We weren't allowed to speak in the corridors at school.
	200	· f	JUDIT;	We could call our teachers by their first
9				names.
		m 9	men ar	nd have to
	IA IS TALKING TO VANESSA ABOUT VANESSA'S GHTER, FRANCOISE.	10000		stn't (x2) have to don't have to (x2) idn't have to
Mona:	America / a / Did / have / Francoise / time /			d and the
	in / good ?	a	You _ m	ustu't smoke in the library.
	(1)	b	It's free t	o get in: you pay.
	The state of the second	C	I missed	my train and I wait half an
Vanessa:	six / week / to / she / work / No / a / days / had	d	area made and	the next one. direct flight to New Zealand: you
	(2)			change planes at Bangkok.
		e		re only two people in front of me in the
Mona;	terrible / That's !	-		I wait long.
	(3)	f	Don't cry	, Jessica – you play with Jon i
			*	t want to.
VANESSA:	allowed / us / to / wasn't / she / phone / And	9	You	walk on the railway line.

VANESSA: allowed / us / to / wasn't / she / phone / And

h I \_\_\_\_\_ remember to post this letter.

## Vocabulary Expressing opinions

1 0 a Use the prompts to make full sentences.

- 1 It should / illegal / drop rubbish on the streets
  It should be illegal to drop rubbish on the streets.
- 2 Take / photographs / famous people on holiday / should / banned
- 3 Young people should / have / right / watch any film they want
- 4 People should / sent / prison / copy videos illegally
- 5 People should / fined / eat on public transport
- 6 It should / against / law / women over 60 / have babies
- b For each of the opinions above, what do people think? Complete the words. The words come from page 116 of the Students' Book.
- 1 It's s e n s i b l e.
- 2 It's f \_\_ i \_\_ .
- 3 It's too l \_ b \_ r \_ \_ .
- 4 It's too h \_ r \_ h.
- 5 It's r \_ d \_ c \_ l \_ \_ s.
- 6 It's u \_ f \_ \_ r.

## Vocabulary booster Accidents, injuries and illnesses

1 1 a Which of the words in bold below can you see in the pictures?



A	
1	You could get a <b>lump</b>
2	You could get a black eye
3	You could burn yourself
4	It could become swollen
5	You could start sneezing
6	You might break your ankle
7	You might fall over
8	You might get a blister
9	You might get a rash
10	You might get indigestion
11	You'll probably feel breathless
12	You'll probably get sunburn

B

- a if an insect bites your hand.
- b if you get wet on a cold day.
- c if you run fast up some stairs.
- d if you are allergic to food and you eat it.
- e if you get hit in the face.
- f if you spill a hot drink on your hand.
- g if you spend too long in the sun.
- h if you feel dizzy.
- i if you eat too fast.
- j if you trip over something.
- k if you go for a long walk in new shoes.
- l if you fall over and hit your head.
- b Match the beginnings of the sentences in A with the endings in B.

### Listen and read Children sue parents

12 a T11.2 Listen to and/or read the four newspaper stories about children who have sued their parents. Write a sentence for each story summarising the reason why they sued.

	Mario Silva's father threatened him with a gun after he refused to cut his hair.
	after he refused to cut his hair.
	Silv 1 tool My you to see to g
	- Contacts from 2016-00
	Red La press at our purity of
	No. 10's aprile Head of the State of the Sta
	Listen and/or read again. Which person or people
	wanted separation from their parents?
	Mario, Dominique
	did not like the way their child looked?
	Init may share who
	liked the way their child looked?
	Self-lated with the
]	had an accident?
1	was afraid of one of their parents?
	who we sell the sell we paid to
7	was not in control of their own money?
]	had a famous son or daughter?
	was successful in suing their parents?
	Match the numbers to the things they refer to.
	and stated along the state of t
	5
	1,000
	2
	15
	1996
	the number of years father had been telling child to
	do something the age child was when he sued

the number of jars of cookies

the year the child left home the amount paid for damages



When fifteen-year-old Mario Silva refused to cut his hair because he wanted to look like his favourite film star, his father pulled out a gun and threatened to shoot him. 'My husband had been telling Mario to get his hair cut for the last two years and they had an argument,' said his wife. Fernando Silva was arrested and will appear in court next week. Meanwhile Mario has decided to sue him and to ask to be formally separated from his parents. 'I don't feel safe in the house anymore,' he told our reporter.



A Jamaican woman sued her parents after falling down the stairs of their home during a visit. Beatrice, who was in her early twenties, said that her parents had been negligent because they 'failed to look after the carpet on the stairs.' As a result of the fall she suffered serious and permanent injuries when she tripped over the carpet in August 2002. She was awarded \$1,000 in damages at a court in Kingston.

### 8

In 1996, seventeen-year-old Olympic gold medallist Dominique Moceneau left home and asked to become a legal adult and to be in control of her own money. She said that her father, Dumitru Moceneau, had taken all her winnings and left her with no money and that her parents had robbed her of her childhood by pushing her so hard to become a gymnast. After hearing her complaints a Texan court granted her independence from her parents.

### 4

A Canadian actress is suing her parents for making her fat. Tina Stowe, a well-known TV star in Canada, says that her mother, Lisa, kept five jars of cookies in the house in places where a child could easily find them and used to make the situation worse by telling her she was prettier than the other girls in her school. Stowe has said that her mother should have married a more suitable partner, preferably someone of a slimmer build. Stowe will appear in court next month.

### Improve your writing Linking words

Read the text and circle the correct linking word.



Nowadays science has made it possible for a couple who can't have children to pay a woman to have their baby for them. These 'surrogate' mothers sign a contract promising to give the baby to the couple as soon as it is born, in return for a

large sum of money. (a) However / Also, this business arrangement does not always work well in practice and, (b) despite this / as a result, there have been a number of 'horror stories' in the newspapers recently.

People have strong feelings on both sides. Some say that it is every woman's right to have a child. (c) Although / What is more, a surrogate mother can often save an unhappy marriage and make some money for herself. (d) Therefore / Despite this, many people are against this practice. They say that (e) although / besides they understand the heartache of a childless woman, having a baby is not an automatic right. They feel the whole thing is completely unnatural and (f) for this reason / also should not be allowed. (g) Besides / However, they ask what will happen to the child when he or she is old enough to know the truth. This could have a terrible effect on their mental and emotional development. I feel that this last point is particularly important and, (h) therefore / what is more, I tend to agree that surrogacy is wrong, or at least that there should be stricter rules about it.

### Wordspot

do

badly

1 4 Complete the dialogues with the words in the box.

best homework ironing languages

C	ver	time well yoga
a	A:	You speak Spanish very well.
		Thanks. I did languages at university.
b	A:	How were your exam results?
	В:	Well, I passed seven, but I did in maths and science.
С	A:	Do you go to exercise classes?
	В:	Well, I do on Tuesdays and aerobics on Thursdays.
ď	A:	Does everybody earn the same amount?
	В:	No, workers are paid double if they do
e	Α:	Can I watch Robot Wars?
	в:	Only if you do your first.
f	A:	Did you see that documentary on TV last night?
	в:	Yes, I watched it while I did the
9	A:	Do the children like their new school?
	в:	Yes, I think so. And they're doing
h	A:	Can you get us tickets for the Liverpool match?
	в:	Well, I'll do my but I can't promise anything.

### Pronunciation Compound nouns

15 Mark the stress on these compound nouns from Module 11. Look back at page 83 of the Students' Book to remind you of the stress patterns.

1	capital punishment	7	military service
2	car park	8	pedestrian crossing
3	city centre	9	seat belt
4	driving <b>t</b> est	10	smoking area
5	fast food	11	swimming pool
6	heart disease	12	train station

b T11.3 Listen and check. Then practise saying them.

### could have

- Rewrite these sentences so that they mean the same, using could have.
- a Perhaps Kate's forgotten that we invited her. Kate could have forgotten that we invited her.
- b It was possible that Elena ate your sandwich. Elena
- c Maybe you left your wallet in the bank.
- d Jason may have caught an earlier train. Iason\_

### should have

- What would you 'say' in these situations? Complete the sentences using should(n't) have, and the verb in brackets.
- a You left your car in a car park without buying a ticket. You have to pay a €30 fine.
  - I should have bought a ticket \_\_\_\_\_. (buy)
- b You told your best friend Anna a secret. She told your boyfriend Tom.
- c You've been waiting one hour for a bus because you thought a taxi was too expensive.
  - We
- d Your colleague has made a decision without discussing something with you first.
  - \_\_\_\_. (discuss)
- e Your friend's laptop was stolen from his car.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ . (leave)

### would have

- Imagine you are alive 100 years ago. Make sentences about your life, using would(n't) have.
- I wouldn't have had a computer.

### could have / should have / would have

Look at the pictures and match them to the captions below.







- 'Oh well, they wouldn't have had room for my luggage, anyway.'
- 'What do you mean, you gave him your sweets? I'd have hit him."
- 'Darling, you could have hurt yourself.'
- 'Oh well, it's not too bad we could have lost d everything."
- 'I knew I shouldn't have gone to that hairdresser.'
- 'You should have told me your boss was a vegetarian.'

### Complete the sentences with a phrase from the box, and the best form of the verb in brackets.

should have (x2)

could have (x2) couldn't have

shouldn't have would have (x2) wouldn't have a Oh no, I've forgotten Marcel's address. I knew I should have written (write) it down. Why didn't you buy them that picture? I'm sure (like) it. We did our best to catch the train: we \_\_\_\_ (run) any faster. (listen) to Paul. You know he has some stupid ideas. e I like Kristin's new motorbike, but I (buy) a bigger one. Look where you're going - we were really close to that car. We accident. g You were right not to tell her the truth about Brian: (believe) you, anyway. h Rupert (be) a great planist, but he didn't practise enough. i The room was a terrible mess when the men had finished painting it. I \_\_\_\_\_ myself. 112.1 Listen to these sentences and repeat what you hear. Circle the correct phrase. a You shouldn't walk / You shouldn't have walked home so late at night. b We could invite / We could have invited our teacher to the picnic on Saturday. c Do you still have a headache? You should take / You should have taken an aspirin.

d I'm glad you bought a cake. I wouldn't have / I

e Has Jon really gone running in this rain? I'd stay /

f Mum and I waited for nearly an hour. We couldn't

wait / We couldn't have waited any longer.

wouldn't have had time to make one.

I'd have stayed at home.

### Vocabulary Collocations

a Cross out the collocation which isn't correct. The collocations come from Language focus 1 on pages 122 and 123 (see also the tapescript on page 000) of the Students' Book.

1	make support	a decision
2	win	
	make enter	a competition
3	1	anxiety
	suffer from	loneliness
		danger
		6 83
4	catch develop overcome	a fear of
5	to face	
	to give up	the danger
	to add to	
6	to go	
	to prepare for complete	a journey
	College Little Striff	THOSE SHOW OF THE

b	Complete the sentences with a verb from the
СО	llocations above.
1	Have you everwon a prize in a competition
2	How would you for a journey around the world?
3	In what situations could you from loneliness?
4	Should you a friend's decision even when you don't agree with him or her?
5	Have you ever a serious danger to your life?
6	Do you have a fear of something? If so, when did
	the fear ?

## past with if

0	Match the	sentence	beginnings	in	A	with	the
0	endings in	B.	Walteranger				

A	
а	3 If I hadn't forgotten my passport
b	If Sara and I had stayed longer in Paris
C	If we'd booked our theatre tickets in advance
d	If Greta hadn't bought a new coat
e	If Malcolm had stopped smoking
f	If my uncle lived near the airport
9	If it hadn't rained
h	If you hadn't taken so long to get ready
В	
1	she'd have enough money to pay her rent.
2	I'd have stayed at his house on my way to

- Germany.
- 3 I'd be on the plane to Tunisia.
- 4 we wouldn't have had to queue outside.
- 5 we could have taken the children to the zoo.
- 6 we wouldn't have missed our bus.
- 7 he wouldn't be in hospital now.
- 8 we'd gone up the Eiffel Tower.

### a Read the following newspaper article and answer the questions.

- 1 Why did Prasad run away from home?
- 2 What did his family think had happened to him?

The family of an Indian boy who disappeared from home two years ago were amazed to see him on TV receiving a national award,

Prasad Akkonan's relatives had started to think the boy must be dead when they saw him winning the award for being top scorer in his exam.

Prasad ran away from home 'to become something in life' after his family forced him to enrol in an electrician's course against his wishes.

He went to Bombay and then to Nangpur where he worked as a waiter at a tea stall during the day, and studied at night. His family had no idea what had happened to him until they saw him receiving his award for scoring 86.5%, the highest amongst millions of students in his Higher Secondary Exam.

- Imaginary situations in the b Use the prompts to make full sentences about the story.
  - 1 If / he / not / decide / 'become something in life' / he / not / run away

If he hadn't decided to 'become something in life', he wouldn't have run away.

- 2 If / he / not / run away / he / do / an electrician's course
- 3 If / he / stay / at home / he / be / an electrician now
- 4 He / not / have / enough money to study / if / he / not / work / as a waiter
- 5 If / he / write / to his parents / they / not / think / he was dead
- 6 If / they / not / see / the programme/ they / still / think / he was dead
- 7 He / not / have / score / 86.5% / if / he / not / work. hard
- 8 If / he / not / be / very clever / he / not / won / the award

### Vocabulary Improve your writing Problems and solutions

a Complete the conversations with the words and phrases in the box. The words are from Vocabulary on page 126 of the Students' Book.

come up expert advice helpdesk go away ignore talk it over sort it out make up our minds concerned

- A: Jen, can you help me?
- B: Sure, what's the problem?
- A: This CD player isn't working.
- B: (30 minutes later) I give up! You should contact the (a) helpdesk and get some (b) \_\_\_\_\_.

- A: Hello, David Holden.
- B: Hi, David, this is Bill. Look, a problem has (c) and I need to (d) \_\_\_\_\_\_, so I can't meet you for lunch.

- A: Hello, I'm Maria Gonzales. I'm Rosie's mother.
- B: Ah Mrs. Gonzales, thank you for coming. I'm feeling rather
  - (e) \_\_\_\_\_ about Rosie. She seems very depressed at the moment. I thought we could
  - (f) \_\_\_\_\_ the problem, and hope it would just
  - (g) \_\_\_\_\_ but yesterday she started fighting with another child and so I wanted to
  - (h) \_\_\_\_\_ with you to see if there's a problem at home. Then maybe we can
  - (i) \_\_\_\_\_ what to do.
- b T12.2 Listen and check.

### A letter to sort out a problem

a Lucy Humphries booked a flight to Mexico City and paid by credit card. She received her ticket a few days later, but the dates on the ticket were wrong. She sent the ticket back to the travel agent's, but nearly two weeks have passed and she has not heard from them.

Lucy has written a letter to sort out the problem. Reorder the sentences below.

> 44 Barn Road Nottingham NS4 29th May

The Manager Eurotrips Travel Agents

Dear Sir/Madam,

- A week later, I received my credit card receipt and the ticket, but unfortunately the dates were wrong.
- That was ten days ago, and I've heard nothing from you since.
- You booked me onto a flight costing €575, which I paid by credit card.
- d I look forward to hearing from you.
- As you can imagine, I am very concerned about this because I need to make other arrangements for my trip, which I cannot do until the dates are confirmed.
- Several weeks ago I telephoned your office to book a return flight to Mexico City, leaving on 8th July and returning 27th July.
- I would therefore be grateful if you would look into this matter urgently.
- h I immediately returned the ticket by registered post, with a note explaining the problem.

Yours faithfully,

L Humphries

b In your notebook write a letter to sort out the problem below. Use the letter above to help you. Show your letter to your teacher.

Three weeks ago, you booked a four-week course at the Success Language School, 354 Liffey Road, Dublin DN6. A week ago, you had not received a receipt or confirmation of your place on the course. You phoned the school and left a message on the answering machine, but you have still not heard anything.

Before you write the letter, decide:

- How many hours a day your course is: 3 / 4 / 5?
- How you paid for the course: credit card / bank transfer?
- The dates of your course.

### Vocabulary booster Love and relationships

1	2	112.3 Put the following events in order to tell the story of a relationship. Then listen and	1	4 a Match the wo		in A with their
ch	eck.					
a		so we decided to split up.	Α		₿	
	2		1	anxiety	a	/ppəˈtju:nɪti/
b	2	We started talking, liked each other, and we found we had a lot in common.	2	toughest	b	/fizikəl/
		we found we had a lot in common.	3	physical phobia	d	/rɪˈleɪʃənʃɪp/ /tʌfəst/
C		However, we missed each other a lot	5	rescued	~ e	/æŋˈzaɪəti/
d	1	Carole and I met on a training course	6	fulfil	f	/a:gjo'mentatrv/
		two years ago.	7	ambition	9	/fol'fil/
e		But then I had to go away for three months	8	expert	h	/eksp3:t/
C		and we drifted apart.	9	bruísed	i	/æmˈbɪʃən/
		1000000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000	10	opportunity	j	/səˈlɪsətə/
f		and I'm seeing someone else.	11	solicitor	k	/a:gju'ment/
9		but it didn't work out	12	relationship	1 -	/bru:zd/
h	3	As we got to know each other we became	13	argument	m	/reskju:d/ /ˈfəʊbiə/
11		very close	14	argumentative	n	/ 190019/
i		and in the end we broke up again.	.b (	T12.4 Listen and re	epea	t.
j		so we started going out with each other.				
k		It's taken me six months but now I think	VV	ordspot		
		I'm over her	th	ink		
1		and so we got back together,				(1 A)
m		When I came back we started having a lot	1	Bartie.	enter	nces with the words in
111	Land	of arguments	- 1	the box.	2 lbs	11 Box 10 190 Aud 11
		o. argamento	ba	ck just myself	of	of over should
1	2	Complete the sentences with the correct form	50	and the second s	world	l up
ı	J	of the phrases from exercise 12.		- cika		
OL.	I be	came very close to my mother after I had a	а	What do you think _	of	f of my new
	bab	y of my own. I find I can tell her anything now.		hairstyle?		
b.	Gin	a and Doug last week and he's				think! She
		ady someone else.		could be famous!		
C		e seems really nice; I'd like to			1111	a name for the new
		better.		range of cosmetics.		
đ.		classmate and I have a We				and we've decided to
		in the same street and we both love football!		offer the job to Thom		
e		ought I was Rodney but I still				lon't think
*		k about him all the time.		I think i		
-			9	You know I think		of my father!
L		met on holiday and everything was wonderful,		I'm so tired I can't th		
		when we went home we didn't write or phone	i	We're thinking		moving to Mexico.
		th and we just	j.	My mother always ta	ught	me to think for
9		can and Rachel got married a year ago, but it		·		
		't and they've just got	k.	often think		to my schooldays.
	divo	rced.				

Pronunciation

Difficult words

# The greatest romantic films of all time?

Boy meets girl. Boy falls in love with girl. Boy gets girl. The recipe for a romance? Maybe not, if we look at the three top romantic films of all time, according to a recent vote by filmgoers. It seems that the films we remember best are those ones where love doesn't always have a happy ending.

16 a T12.5 Listen to and/or read the text about three films and match each to its title.

- 1 Doctor Zhivago
- 2 Casablanca
- 3 Titanic

One of the most beloved of American films, this is a classic story of a love triangle between two men and one woman, It is the story of Rick Blaine (Humphrey Bogart) who runs a nightclub in a town in Morocco during World War II. Rick's café has become a place where people can get illegal papers to help them to escape from Europe to America. One day, to Rick's horror, Ilsa (Ingrid Bergman) walks through the door of his café ('Of all the gin joints in all the towns in all the world, she walks into mine'). Rick and Ilsa were lovers in Paris before the war but he thinks that she left him. Their romantic feelings soon return but Rick and Ilsa must face a painful choice, should Ilsa go to America with her husband, Victor (an important war hero who needs her support) or should she stay with Rick, the love of her life? In the end Bogart makes the decision for her and does the hardest thing for any man in love. He lets her go. In one of the most famous goodbye scenes ever recorded on film, he wipes away her tears and says: 'Here's looking at you kid.'

The romance in this film is tragic because it is so intense and lasts for such a short time. And because it is only a small part of a terrible and huge drama. A voyage on a ship going to New York brings together Rose, a high-class seventeen-year-old girl, and a third-class passenger. Everyone who has seen this movie remembers Kate Winslet and Leonardo Di Caprio together at the bow of the ship, the wind blowing in their hair and their hearts full of hope ('Jack, I'm flying!'). She thinks her biggest problem is to decide whether to marry her rich fiancé or to leave him for her new love. We know that in the next three hours they will both face terrible danger and that he will

have to die so that she can live.

The music is unforgettable, the photography is extraordinary and the romance is moving. Against the background of the Russian Revolution, this is the story of a doctor who is in love with two women, one of them his wife and the other his lover (Lara). Omar Sharif and Julie Christie play the lovers who are separated and then brought back together again by war and destiny. Everyone suffers in this powerful but tiny human story and also in the bigger story of the events of the Revolution. The film is about the choices people have to make between love and duty to their family and to their country. Eventually Lara and the doctor decide to part but the ending is not completely sad. Many years later we see that their daughter has survived and the future for her looks more hopeful.

b Listen and/or read again and answer the questions.

1	Where does each film take place?				
	Α				
	В				
	C				
2	Each film is about three people. Who are they?				
	Α				
	В				
	C				
3	Is the ending happy or sad or both?				
	Α				
	В				

### Real life

### Starting and finishing conversations

1 7 a Match the speech bubbles to make complete phrases for starting and finishing conversations.

1	f Hello, I've heard	a getting here?
2	It's getting	b the time?
3	I'm sorry to interrupt but I have to	c go now.
4	How are you? I haven't	d must rush.
5	Hi, glad you	e in Prague
6	Did you have any problems	f a lot about you.
7	Oh, dear, is that	g could come.
8	I really	h late.
9	I hear you're going to study	i seen you for ages.

b Now write the complete phrases in the correct column of the table.

Starting conversations	Finishing conversations
Hello, I've heard a lot about you.	
The same of the sa	ALCOHOLD WATER THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

- Look at the following situations which take place at a party.
   Choose the best phrase (1–9 from above) for each situation.
- You're having a party. The doorbell rings, you open the door and see two good friends. What do you say?
  Hi, glad you could come.
- 2 It's a cold night and there's ice on the roads. You know your friends came by car. As you take their coats, what do you ask?

- 3 As you go into the party, your friend Simon comes up and sees your guests. It's a long time since he has seen them. What does he say?
- You take your friends into the party and introduce them to your sister. What does your sister say?
- 5 Later at the party, one of your guests introduces his girlfriend to you. You don't know very much about her, except that she's going to study in Prague. What do you say?



- 6 It's 11.30. You're in the middle of a conversation and a friend who lives a long way away comes up to you. What does he say?
- 7 It's one o'clock. You've been having a very interesting conversation with one of your guests when she suddenly looks at her watch. What does she say? (Two phrases together)

d T12.6 Listen to the situations and say the correct phrase.

You're having a party. The doorbell rings, you open the door and see two good friends.

You hear:

Hi, glad you could come.

You say:

### Pearson Education Limited

Edinburgh Gate
Harlow
Essex CM20 2JE
England
and Associated Companies throughout the world.

#### www.longman.com

#### © Pearson Education Limited 2005

The right of Jane Comyns Carr and Frances Eales to be identified as authors of this Work has been asserted by them in accordance with the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988.

All rights reserved; no part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise without the prior written permission of the Publishers.

First published 2005 Third impression 2006

ISBN-10: 0-582-82519-9

ISBN-13: 978-0-582-82519-2

Set in 9pt Stone Informal

Printed in Malaysia

Designed by Jenny Coles

Project Managed by Lindsay White

#### **Author Acknowledgements**

The publishers and authors would like to thank the following people for their help and contribution:

Sarah Cunningham and Peter Moor for their ongoing encouragement and advice; Jonathan Tennant and all at International House Sydney for their encouragement and support; Bill Eales and our colleagues at International House London for their support; Jonathan Barnard, Jenny Coles, Jenny Colley, Yolanda Durham, Alma Gray, Tina Gulyas, Liz Moore, Sarah Munday, Ann Oakley, Shona Rodger, Lindsay White.

The publishers and authors are very grateful to the following people for reporting on the manuscript: Amanda Bailey, St. Giles School of English, London; Leslie Hendra, International House, London.

We are grateful to the following for permission to reproduce copyright material:

Excerpts of Customer Reviews Ananova Limited for an extract adapted from "Missing Indian boy spotted on TV winning exams award" published at www.ananova.com; Amazon.com, Inc. All rights reserved. Used with permission; British Sky Broadcasting Limited for an extract adapted from "Johnny Depp" published at www.skymovies.com; Matt Connolly for extracts from www.iusedtobelieve.com; Discover The World for an extract adapted from "Lapland Adventure Weekend" published at www.artic-experience.co.uk; and Pearson Education Limited for extracts from the Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English.

In some instances we have been unable to trace the owners of copyright material and we would appreciate any information that would enable us to do so.

#### Photo Acknowledgements

We are grateful to the following for permission to reproduce copyright photographs:
Alamy/Carol Dixon for page 27 (bottom): Ambient Imates Inc/Peter Bennett for page 28 (top); John Birdsall for page 40 (bottom), 41 top; Corbis/Aero Graphics Inc for page 26; Stephen Frink for page 27 (top); Education Photos/John Walmsley for page 40 (top); Getty Images/Stone/John Lawrence for page 28 (bottom); Leland Bobbe for page 72; Greg Evans International for page 88; Rex Features/Vinnie Zuffante for page 34; Time Newspapers for page 35; Zefa/Masterfile for page 31; Masterfile/Rick Gomez for page 41 (bottom).

Illustrated by Kathy Baxendale, Colin Brown, Joan Corlass, Nicky Dupays, Stephanie Hawken, Conny Jude, Tim Kahane, Aziz Khan, Ian Mitchell, Nicky Taylor and Teresa Tibberts.

Cover photo © Getty Images/Image Bank.

# CUTTINGEDGE

### ...just got sharper

**New Cutting Edge** combines the comprehensive syllabus and reliable teaching resources that have made the course so popular with brand-new features, making it even fresher and easier to use.

### New Cutting Edge Intermediate

New Cutting Edge Intermediate Workbook consolidates and extends the language taught in the Students' Book.

- Grammar exercises give students useful practice and build confidence
- ➤ Vocabulary boosters and Wordspots build on the lexical areas covered in the Students' Book
- Improve your writing and Listen and read sections develop skills
- Pronunciation sections focus on the sounds and the features of natural speech

The Workbook is accompanied by Students' Audio Cassettes / CDs.



New Cutting Edge Intermediate takes students from B1 to B2 level of the Common European Framework.

New Cutting Edge provides a complete teaching package:

Students' Book
Class Audio Cassettes / CDs
Workbook (with and without key editions)
Students' Audio Cassettes / CDs
Teacher's Resource Book
Tests
Videos
Companion Website
www.longman.com/cutting edge



